

// WEEK 1

CONTENTS

SB 728 // HB 261

Boating Safety / Liveries

SB 1602 // HB 571

Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels

SB 1502 // HB 1385

Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements

SB 1314 // HB 1103

Boating-restricted Areas

SB 1082 // HB 847

Floating Vessel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts

SB 1640

Installation of Waterway Markers

The 2023 Legislative Session is currently underway. The Legislature is moving quickly after Legislative Special Sessions appear to have created a bottleneck of legislative issues. Legislators wasted zero time picking up steam and moving quickly to get bills moving through the process as the 60 day clock begins to start ticking.

After the opening ceremonies, the Florida House of Representatives and Florida Senate did not waste any time taking up, passing, and amending many bills in committee and the Senate passed bills off the floor during the first week.

We are tracking numerous bills this Session for Marine Industries Association of Florida. We have had a busy interim and first week tagging, tracking and reviewing bills related to the industry. We will highlight several bills in this report and attach the bills for your convenience. Please note, this is a very long report, and I would recommend not printing the report in full as it becomes very lengthy.

Marine Industries Association of Florida will be in Tallahassee this year on April 11th and 12th. We hope you can join us as we advocate for the marine industry. The schedule of events includes presentations by speakers about marine and boating issues, a reception and dinner on the 11th and a breakfast on the 12th as well as a day of advocacy at the Florida Capitol. If you have not registered and would like more information you can find it on the Marine Industries Association of Florida webpage marine industries association florida.com.

As expected, several bills have been filed that we have serious concerns with, and we continue to have dialogue on these issues and are prepared to oppose them if necessary. We have been in discussions with other boating groups and with sponsors of some of the bills regarding our concerns. Below you will find a few of the bills we have highlighted and some of the actions on the bills this week.

Bills of Interest

HB 571 by Representative Hinson and SB 1602 by Senator Rouson relating to Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels - The House Bill has three committee references. The first committee reference is the House Criminal Justice Subcommittee. The House Bill was not heard during the first week. The Senate Bill also has three committee references. The first committee stop is the Senate Criminal Justice Committee. The bill was not heard during the first week of the Legislative Session. We will watch these bills

carefully as the bill requires a person to store their firearm loaded or unloaded from ordinary observation and in a locked trunk, utility or glove box or another locked container or secured device mechanism that is securely affixed to the private conveyance or vessel. This is a separate bill and is not currently part of the permitless carry bill anticipated to pass this Legislative Session.

HB 261 by Representative Botana relating to **Boating Safety** and **SB728** by Senator Garcia relating to **Liveries**. These bills are currently not identical and are comparable. We anticipate these bills to become companion bills as they move forward. These bills were originally supposed to be glitch bills to fix the livery insurance issue from last Legislative Session. MIAF was on board to fix the livery issues, but unfortunately the House Bill went further than just a glitch fix for liveries and was originally filed to make everyone boating in Florida have a boating safety card. (Currently Florida law is anyone born on or after January 1, 1988, may not operate a vessel with ten horsepower or more unless they have a state issued identification card or drivers license indication they are in possession of a boating safety card issued by the commission, an International Certificate of Competency, a boating safety card or certificate from another state or U.S. Territory, or a Canadian Pleasure Craft Operator card.) The House Bill was placed on the agenda this week in House Agriculture, Conservation and Resiliency Committee. The bill was amended to now state that anyone born on or after January 1, 1960, now must take the boating safety course.

Marine Industries Association of Florida has registered their opposition to the sponsor, Representative Botana, on this issue several times. Even with the latest amendment MIAF still opposes this change and will try to continue to work with the sponsor. We have asked to have this language removed so we could work on substantial boating safety legislation for next Session. The bill has two more committee stops before it is ready for the House floor.

The Senate bill is scheduled to be heard in the Senate Environmental and Natural Resources Committee meeting on March 14th at 8:30 a.m. The bill currently does not have boating safety in it, but the amendment deadline is 8:30 a.m. Monday morning.

House Bill 1385 by Representative Basabe and **Senate Bill 1502** by Rodriquez relating to **Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements**-MIAF has concerns with provisions of these bills as filed. We met this week with Representative Basabe and FWC to discuss our issues with the bill. We had a wonderful meeting with the Representative and his staff. We discussed our concerns with the four hour limitation and the national criminal search components of the bill. We anticipate an amendment will be filed to the bill and eliminate these issues. The bill will still add anchoring restrictions to specific waterbodies in Miami Dade. We also suggested proviso language for more on the water law enforcement in the Miami area. House Bill 1385 has three committees of reference and was not heard during the first week of the Legislative Session. The Senate companion, Senate Bill 1502 is identical to House Bill 1385. The Senate Bill also has three committees of reference and was not heard during the first week of Session and is not on the agenda for the second week of Session. The Senate Bill is sponsored by the Chair of the Senate Environment and Natural Resources Committee, Senator Rodriquez.

House Bill 1103 by Representative Tramont and **Senate Bill 1314** by Senator Wright relating to **Boating Restricted Areas**-Both the House Bill and Senate Bill have three committees of reference. Neither bill was heard in their first committee during the first week of Session. The Senate bill is not scheduled for the Senate Environment and Natural Resources Committee agenda during the second week. The bill would add to the Boating Restricted area statute an ordinance establishing a slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted area, if the area is within 500 feet of any private or public marina pumpout. This new language adds "private" to the statute and does not require fuel. We are trying to meet with the sponsors now to gain more information on this bill.

SB1640 by Senator Gruters relating to **Waterway Markers**-The Senate Bill does not have a linked companion bill currently. The bill has three committees of reference and was not heard the first week and is not scheduled on the Senate Environment and Natural Resources Committee during the second week. Simply, the bill requires all waterway markers including informational markers placed by local governments to be attached to a plastic breakaway structure or floating buoy. It bans state and local governments from affixing waterway markers to steel or wood pilings.

HB 847 by Representative Stark and **SB 1082** by Senator DiCeglie relating to **Floating Vessel Platforms**-MIAF sent both bills out for review. As of the writing of this report we have not received any commentary back from membership on these bills. We will continue to monitor these bills for any amendments and keep you informed as they move through the process. SB 1082 was not heard during the first week of Session and is not scheduled to the heard during the second week of Session. The bill has three committees of reference. The House Bill was scheduled to be heard in its first committee of reference, House Water Quality, Supply and Treatment Subcommittee. The bill was temporarily passed. We will report next week if the bill is on the next subcommittee agenda.

These are just a few of the bills we re tracking for you this Legislative Session. We have attached our entire tracking list as amendments get filed daily and we have numerous vehicles to watch for these amendments.

Sixty days will fly by quickly. Sine Die is May 5th this year.

Thank you for allowing us to be your voice in Tallahassee!

Margaret "Missy" Timmins President

Timmins Consulting, LLC

 $Below\ are\ some\ of\ the\ highlighted\ bills\ we\ are\ tracking\ this\ session.$

// BOATING SAFETY / LIVERIES

Senate Bill 728 // Sen. Garcia // Referred to: Senate Environment and Natural Resources (Current Reference); Senate Commerce and Tourism; Senate Rules

House Bill 261 // Rep. Botana // Referred to: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee; House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee (Current Reference); House Infrastructure Strategies Committee

HOUSE/SENATE BILL RELATIONSHIP: COMPARE

Senate Bill 728: Revising safety requirements for liveries and requiring hands-on instruction that meets specified requirements; revising insurance requirements for liveries and renters; authorizing the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to enter into agreements with qualified contractors to perform compliance inspections of liveries; requiring liveries to make facilities and records available for inspection by the qualified contractors within a specified timeframe, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

Most Recent Action: On Committee agenda - Environment and Natural Resources, 03/14/23, 8:30 am

House Bill 261: Boating Safety: Revises requirement for persons born before specified date to have certain identification & boating safety documentation in their possession while operating vessel; requires liveries to provide hands-on instruction that meets specified requirements; provides exemption from certain safety requirements if renters or lessees hire professional captain; removes requirement that livery obtain & carry insurance that also insures renters & lessees. Effective Date: July 1,2023

Most Recent Action: 03/10/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee

// STORAGE OF FIREARMS IN PRIVATE CONVEYANCES AND VESSELS

Senate Bill 1602 // Sen. Rouson // Referred to: Senate Criminal Justice (Current Reference); Senate Appropriations Committee on Criminal and Civil Justice; Senate Fiscal Policy

House Bill 571 // Rep. Hinson // Referred to: House Criminal Justice Subcommittee (Current Reference); House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee; House Judiciary Committee

RELATIONSHIP: SIMILAR

Senate Bill 1602: Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels; Prohibiting the storage of firearms in unoccupied private conveyances and vessels unless done in a specified manner; providing definitions; requiring local law enforcement agencies to engage in a certain promotional campaign, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

Most Recent Action: 03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Criminal Justice; Appropriations Committee on Criminal and Civil Justice; Fiscal Policy

House Bill 571: Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels: Prohibits storage of firearms in unoccupied private conveyances & vessels unless done in specified manner; requires law enforcement agencies to engage in promotional campaign; directs counties to adopt specified ordinances concerning parental responsibility for gun thefts from conveyances & vessels by their minor children. Effective Date: July 1,2023

Most Recent Action: 02/07/2023 HOUSE Now in Criminal Justice Subcommittee

// VESSEL OWNER AND OPERATION REQUIREMENTS

Senate Bill 1502 // Sen. Rodriguez // Referred to: Senate Environment and Natural Resources (Current Reference); Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Senate Fiscal Policy

House Bill 1385 // Rep. Basabe // Referred to: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee (Current Reference); House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee; House Infrastructure Strategies Committee

HOUSE/SENATE BILL RELATIONSHIP: IDENTICAL

Senate Bill 1502: Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements; Revising anchoring limitation areas in certain sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County; revising the timeframe during which a person may anchor a vessel in an anchoring limitation area within which such anchoring would otherwise be unlawful; requiring law enforcement officers to conduct national criminal background checks for vessel owners who are issued citations for specified violations, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

Most Recent Action: 03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy

House Bill 1385: Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements: Revises anchoring limitation areas in certain sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County; revises timeframe during which person may anchor vessel in anchoring limitation area within which such anchoring would otherwise be unlawful; requires law enforcement officers to conduct national criminal background checks for vessel owners who are issued citations for specified violations. Effective Date: July 1, 2023

Most Recent Action: 03/09/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee

// BOATING-RESTRICTED AREAS

Senate Bill 1314 // Sen. Wright // Referred to: Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules

House Bill 1103 // Rep. Tramont // Referred to: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee (Current Reference); House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee; House Infrastructure Strategies Committee

HOUSE/SENATE BILL RELATIONSHIP: IDENTICAL

Senate Bill 1314: Authorizes counties & municipalities to establish within certain portions of Florida Intracoastal Waterway slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted areas within specified distance from private or public marina pumpouts. Effective Date: July 1,2023

Most Recent Action: Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee

House Bill 1103: Boating-restricted Areas: Authorizes counties & municipalities to establish within certain portions of Florida Intracoastal Waterway slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted areas within specified distance from private or public marina pumpouts. Effective Date: July 1,2023

Most Recent Action: 02/28/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee

// FLOATING VESSEL PLATFORMS AND FLOATING BOAT LIFTS

Senate Bill 1082 // Sen. DiCeglie // Referred to: Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules

House Bill 847 // Rep. Stark // Referred to: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee (Current Reference); House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee; House Infrastructure Strategies Committee

Senate Bill 1082: Removing a provision authorizing local governments to require permitting for certain floating vessel platforms; revising conditions under which local governments may require one-time registrations of floating vessel platforms, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

Most Recent Action: Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules

House Bill 847: Floating Vessel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts: Provides that specified structures associated with docks on parcels of land create presumption of compliance with certain environmental impact requirements. Effective Date: July 1, 2023

Most Recent Action: 03/08/2023 HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee

// INSTALLATION OF WATERWAY MARKERS

Senate Bill 1640 // Sen. Gruters // Referred to: Senate Environment and Natural
Resources (Current Reference); Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture,
Environment, and General Government; Senate Fiscal Policy

Senate Bill 1640: Installation of Waterway Markers; Revising the application requirements for marking certain waters of this state; requiring all waterway markers to be affixed to certain structures or buoys beginning on a specified date; requiring state and local governmental entities to conform to such requirements by a specified date, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

Most Recent Action: 03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy

By Senator Garcia

36-00399B-23 2023728

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to liveries; amending s. 327.54, F.S.; revising safety requirements for liveries and requiring hands-on instruction that meets specified requirements; providing an exemption from certain safety requirements when a renter hires a professional captain; revising insurance requirements for liveries and renters; authorizing the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to enter into agreements with qualified contractors to perform compliance inspections of liveries; providing requirements for such contracted inspections; requiring liveries to make facilities and records available for inspection by the qualified contractors within a specified timeframe; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 327.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.54 Liveries; safety regulations; penalty.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Advertise" means to describe or draw attention to a vessel and its availability for lease or rental in any medium for the purpose of promoting the lease or rental of the vessel.
- (b) "Conviction" means any judicial disposition other than acquittal or dismissal.
- (c) "Livery" means a person who advertises and offers a livery vessel for use by another in exchange for any type of

36-00399B-23 2023728

consideration when such person does not also provide the lessee or renter with a captain, a crew, or any type of staff or personnel to operate, oversee, maintain, or manage the vessel. The owner of a vessel who does not advertise his or her vessel for use by another for consideration and who loans or offers his or her vessel for use to another known to him or her either for consideration or without consideration is not a livery. A public or private school or postsecondary institution located within this state is not a livery. A vessel rented or leased by a livery is a livery vessel as defined in s. 327.02.

- (d) "Seaworthy" means the vessel and all of its parts and equipment, including, but not limited to, engines, bilge pumps, and kill switches, are functional and reasonably fit for their intended purpose.
- (2) A livery may not offer a vessel for lease or rent without first being issued a no-cost livery permit by the commission. The permit must be renewed annually. To qualify for issuance or renewal of a livery permit, an applicant must provide the commission with a list of all vessels offered by the livery for lease or rent by another, have valid insurance pursuant to subsection (8) (7), have an amount of United States Coast Guard-approved lawful personal floatation devices on site sufficient to accommodate the capacity of all vessels offered by the livery for rent or lease by another, have on site all safety equipment required by s. 327.50 and the Code of Federal Regulations sufficient to equip all vessels offered by the livery for rent or lease by another, and display the information required by paragraph (3)(f). If, before the annual renewal of the permit, the information required by this subsection changes,

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36-00399B-23 2023728

the livery must provide the commission with the updated information within 10 days after the change.

- (a) The commission may adopt rules to implement this subsection.
- (b) A person who violates this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) A livery may not knowingly lease or rent a vessel to any person:
- (a) When the number of persons intending to use the vessel exceeds the number considered to constitute a maximum safety load for the vessel as specified on the authorized persons capacity plate of the vessel.
- (b) When the horsepower of the motor exceeds the capacity of the vessel.
- (c) When the vessel does not contain the safety equipment required under s. 327.50.
- (d) When the vessel is not seaworthy, is a derelict vessel as defined in s. 823.11, or is at risk of becoming derelict as provided in s. 327.4107.
- (e) Unless the livery provides <u>hands-on</u> pre-rental or pre-ride instruction in compliance with rules established by the commission.
- 1. The instruction must include, but need not be limited to:
 - a. Operational characteristics of the vessel to be rented.
 - b. Safe vessel operation and vessel right-of-way.
- c. The responsibility of the vessel operator for the safe and proper operation of the vessel.

36-00399B-23 2023728

d. Local characteristics of the waterway where the vessel will be operated, such as navigational hazards, the presence of boating-restricted areas, and water depths, and education on any safety, regulatory, informational, or navigation markers in the geographic vicinity.

- e. Emergency procedures, such as appropriate responses to capsizing, falls overboard, taking on water, and vessel accidents.
- <u>f. A notice of the prohibition against boating under the influence pursuant to s. 327.35.</u>
- 2. Any person receiving instruction in the safe handling of livery vessels pursuant to this paragraph must provide the livery with a written statement attesting to each component of the instruction.
- a. The commission shall establish by rule the content of the statement form.
- b. The statement form must be signed by the individual providing the instruction.
- c. The livery shall maintain the statement form for no less than 90 days and, upon request, make the form available for inspection by law enforcement or an authorized agent of the commission pursuant to subsection (10).
- (f) Unless the livery displays boating safety information in a place visible to the renting public. The commission shall prescribe by rule, pursuant to chapter 120, the contents and size of the boating safety information to be displayed.
- (g) Unless the livery has a written agreement with the renter or lessee. The written agreement must include the name, address, and date of birth for the renter and the number of

36-00399B-23 2023728

people aboard the vessel, as well as the time the vessel is required to be returned to the livery or another specified location and an emergency contact name, address, and telephone number. The livery shall maintain each agreement for no less than 1 year and, upon request, make each agreement available for inspection by law enforcement or an authorized agent of the commission pursuant to subsection (10).

- (4) If a renter or lessee retains a professional captain who holds an active license issued by the United States Coast Guard to command the vessel as required by an agreement between the livery and the renter or lessee, and the livery confirms that a professional captain has been retained, the renter or lessee and the livery are not subject to paragraph (3)(e).
- (5) A livery may not knowingly lease or rent a vessel to a person who is required to comply with s. 327.395 unless such person presents to the livery the documentation required by s. 327.395(2) for the operation of a vessel or meets the exemption provided under s. 327.395(6)(f).
- (6)(5) If a vessel rented or leased by a livery is unnecessarily overdue more than 4 hours after the contracted vessel rental time has expired, the livery must notify law enforcement.
- (7)(6) A livery may not knowingly lease or rent a livery vessel, other than a human-powered vessel, to any person who is under 18 years of age.
- (8) (7) A livery may not lease or rent or offer to lease or rent any livery vessel unless the livery first obtains and carries in full force and effect a policy from a licensed insurance carrier in this state which insures the livery and the

36-00399B-23 2023728___

renter against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the operation of the livery vessel. The insurance policy must provide coverage of at least \$500,000 per person and \$1 million per event. The livery shall have proof of such insurance available for inspection at the location where livery vessels are being leased or rented, or offered for lease or rent, and shall provide to each renter the insurance carrier's name and address and the insurance policy number. A livery may choose to limit insurance covering the renter if the renter or lessee meets one of the following requirements:

- (a) Has a Florida boating safety identification card issued by the commission, a temporary certificate, or another form of boating certification authorized pursuant to s. 327.395.
- (b) Hires a professional captain who holds an active license issued by the United States Coast Guard.

This subsection does not apply to human-powered vessels.

- (9)(8) Notwithstanding the person's age or any exemptions provided in s. 327.395, any person delivering instruction regarding the safe operation of vessels or hands-on pre-rental or pre-ride instruction in accordance with subsection (3) must have successfully completed a boating safety education course approved by the National Association of State Boating Law Administrators and this state.
- (10) To enhance enforcement efforts, the commission may enter into agreements with qualified contractors to perform inspections of liveries to ensure compliance with this section. Inspections may be performed by an authorized agent working

36-00399B-23 2023728___

under the supervision of a qualified contractor. The qualified contractor shall provide a copy of a written, signed inspection report to the livery upon completion of the inspection and to the commission within 30 days after the inspection. The commission may develop the contents of the inspection report.

- (11) (9) If a vessel rented or leased by a livery is involved in an accident, the livery must report the accident to the division.
- (12)(10) A livery shall make its facilities and records available for inspection upon request by law enforcement or an authorized agent of the commission pursuant to subsection (10) no later than 24 hours after receiving notice from law enforcement or an authorized agent of the commission.
- (13)(a)(11)(a) Any person convicted of violating this section, other than subsection (2), who has not been convicted of a violation of this section within the past 3 years commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) Unless the stricter penalties in paragraph (c) apply, a person who violates this section, other than subsection (2), within 3 years after a previous conviction of a violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a minimum mandatory fine of \$500.
- (c) A person who violates this section, other than subsection (2), within 5 years after two previous convictions for a violation of this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, with a minimum mandatory fine of \$1,000.

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36-00399B-23 2023728___

(14)(12) A person who commits more than one violation of this section, other than subsection (2), within a 3-year period may not act as a livery during a 90-day period immediately after being charged with that violation. The commission may revoke or refuse to issue a permit under subsection (2) based on repeated violations of this section.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Pre	pared By: The Pr	rofession	al Staff of the Co	ommittee on Enviro	onment and Natural Resources				
BILL:	SB 728								
INTRODUCER:	Senator Garcia								
SUBJECT:	Liveries								
DATE:	March 13, 20	23	REVISED:						
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR		REFERENCE	ACTION				
l. Carroll		Rogers		EN	Pre-meeting				
2.				CM					
3.				RC					

I. Summary:

SB 728 specifies that a livery's pre-rental or pre-ride instruction must be hands-on. The instruction must include education on safety, regulatory, informational, or navigation markers in the geographic vicinity, and on the prohibition against boating under the influence.

The bill exempts a renter or lessee and livery from the pre-rental or pre-ride instruction requirement if the renter or lessee retains a professional captain with an active U.S. Coast Guard license, as required by the agreement between the livery and the renter or lessee.

The bill allows a livery to limit insurance covering the renter if the renter or lessee has a boating certification authorized by statute or if the renter or lessee hires a professional captain.

The bill allows the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) to enter into agreements with qualified contractors to inspect liveries for compliance with statutory requirements.

II. Present Situation:

Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) is responsible for regulating, managing, protecting, and conserving the state's fish and wildlife resources. FWC is governed by a board of seven members who are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Florida Senate. Under Article IV, Section 9 of the Florida Constitution, FWC has the authority to exercise the regulatory and executive powers of the state with respect to wild animal life, fresh water aquatic life, and marine life.

¹ FLA. CONST. art. IV, s. 9.

² *Id.*; see also s. 379.102(1), F.S.

Chapter 327, F.S., concerning vessel safety is enforced by FWC's Division of Law Enforcement and its officers, county sheriffs and deputies, municipal police officers, and any other law enforcement officer.³ The Division of Law Enforcement manages the state's waterways to ensure boating safety for Florida residents and visitors.⁴ This includes enforcing boating rules and regulations, coordinating boating safety campaigns and education, managing public waters and access to the waters, conducting boating accident investigations, identifying and removing derelict vessels, and investigating vessel theft and title fraud.⁵

Boating Safety Education

A person operating a vessel powered by a motor of 10 horsepower or greater must possess photographic identification and a Florida boating safety identification card; a state-issued identification card or driver license indicating possession of the boating safety identification card; or photographic identification and a temporary certificate issued or approved by FWC, an International Certificate of Competency, a boating safety card or certificate from another state or U.S. territory, or a Canadian Pleasure Craft Operator Card.⁶ A person is exempt from this requirement if he or she:

- Was born before January 1, 1988;⁷
- Is or has been licensed by the U.S. Coast Guard;
- Operates a vessel only on a private lake or pond;
- Is accompanied by an adult who meets boating safety requirements and who is attendant to the operation of the vessel and responsible for safe operation of the vessel;
- Is a nonresident who possesses photographic identification and proof of completion of a boating safety education course or examination that meets or exceeds the minimum requirements established by the National Association of State Boating Law Administrators;
- Is operating a vessel within 90 days after purchase and possesses the bill of sale; or
- Is exempted by FWC rule.8

A Florida boating safety identification card is issued after successful completion of a boating safety education course approved by FWC.⁹ The card is valid for a person's life.¹⁰ A temporary certificate requires passing an FWC-approved examination and is valid for 90 days after the date of issuance.¹¹ An FWC-approved boating safety education course or temporary certificate examination must contain information regarding:

³ Section 327.70(1), F.S.; *see* s. 943.10(1), F.S., which defines "law enforcement officer" as any person who is elected, appointed, or employed full time by any municipality or the state or any political subdivision thereof; who is vested with authority to bear arms and make arrests; and whose primary responsibility is the prevention and detection of crime or the enforcement of the penal, criminal, traffic, or highway laws of the state. The definition also includes all certified supervisory and command personnel whose duties include, in whole or in part, the supervision, training, guidance, and management responsibilities of full-time law enforcement officers, part-time law enforcement officers, or auxiliary law enforcement officers but does not include support personnel employed by the employing agency.

⁴ Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), Boating, https://myfwc.com/boating/ (last visited March 6, 2023).

⁵ FWC, Law Enforcement, https://myfwc.com/about/inside-fwc/le/ (last visited March 6, 2023). See s. 327.70(1) and (4), F.S.

⁶ Section 327.395(1), (2), F.S.

⁷ Section 327.395(1), F.S.

⁸ Section 327.395(6), F.S.

⁹ Section 327.395(3), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 327.395(5), F.S.

¹¹ Section 327.395(3), (5), F.S.

• Diving vessels, awareness of divers in the water, divers-down warning devices, and navigation around divers;

- The danger associated with:
 - o A passenger riding on a vessel area not designed and designated for seating,
 - o A passenger falling overboard,
 - o Operating a vessel near a person in the water,
 - o Starting a vessel with the engine in gear, and
 - o Leaving the vessel running when a passenger is boarding or disembarking; and
- The proper use and lifesaving benefits of an engine cutoff switch for motorboats and personal watercraft. 12

Regulation of Liveries

A livery is defined as a person who advertises and offers a livery vessel¹³ for use by another in exchange for any type of consideration, when the livery does not also provide the lessee or renter with a captain, crew, or any type of staff or personnel to operate, oversee, maintain, or manage the vessel.¹⁴ The statute specifies two exemptions from the definition:

- Vessel owners who do not advertise their vessel for use by another for consideration and who loan or offer the vessel to a person they know; and
- A public or private school or postsecondary institution located in the state. 15

A livery may not offer a vessel for lease or rent without obtaining an annual, no-cost livery permit from FWC. ¹⁶ To qualify for the issuance or renewal of the permit, a livery must:

- Provide FWC with a list of all vessels available for lease or rent;
- Have valid insurance:
- Have enough U.S. Coast Guard-approved lawful personal flotation devices on site to accommodate the capacity of all available vessels;
- Have enough safety equipment required by statute and the Code of Federal Regulations on site to equip all available vessels; and
- Display boating safety information in a place visible to the renting public.

If the information required to qualify for the permit changes before the annual renewal of the permit, a livery must provide the updated information to FWC within 10 days of the change. 17

Regarding boating safety, the law prohibits a livery from knowingly leasing or renting a vessel to any person:

- When the number of persons intending to use the vessel exceeds the maximum safety load for the vessel;
- When the horsepower of the motor exceeds the capacity of the vessel;

¹² Section 327.395(4), F.S.

¹³ A livery vessel is defined as a vessel that is leased, rented, or chartered to another for consideration. Section 327.02(24), F.S.

¹⁴ Section 327.54(1), F.S.

¹⁵ *Id*.

¹⁶ Section 327.54(2), F.S.

¹⁷ *Id*.

- When the vessel does not contain required safety equipment;
- When the vessel is not seaworthy, is derelict, or is at risk of becoming derelict;
- Unless the livery provides pre-rental or pre-ride instruction that reviews, at a minimum:
 - o The operational characteristics of the livery vessel,
 - o Safe vessel operation and right-of-way,
 - o The responsibility of the vessel operator for the safe and proper operation of the vessel,
 - o Local characteristics of the waterway, and
 - o Emergency procedures;
- Unless the livery displays boating safety information in a place visible to the renting public; and
- Unless the livery has a written agreement with the renter or lessee. 18

A livery also may not knowingly lease or rent a vessel to a person who is required to have a boating safety identification card or other boating safety certificate unless the person presents the card or certificate and photographic identification to the livery. ¹⁹A person must be 18 years or more to rent a livery vessel other than a human-powered vessel. ²⁰ Liveries must notify law enforcement if a vessel is unnecessarily overdue by more than four hours or if an accident occurs. ²¹

Liveries must also obtain and carry in full force and effect a policy from a licensed insurance carrier in the state, which insures the livery and the renter against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the operation of the livery vessel. The policy must cover at least \$500,000 per person and \$1 million per event. Proof of insurance must be available for inspection where vessels are rented or leased. The insurance requirement only applies to human-powered vessels.²²

A livery is required to make its facilities and records available for inspection upon request of law enforcement within 24 hours of receiving notice.²³

The Boating Safety Act of 2022

The Legislature passed the Boating Safety Act of 2022 in part to increase protections for individuals who rent or lease livery vessels.²⁴ The Act provided the current statutory definition of a livery as a person who advertises and offers a livery vessel for use by another in exchange for any type of consideration, when the livery does not also provide a captain, crew, or any type of staff or personnel to operate, oversee, maintain, or manage the vessel. It also required liveries to obtain a no-cost, annual livery permit, as well as an insurance policy that insures both the livery and the renter. The Act added additional components to FWC-approved boating safety education courses and temporary certificate examinations.²⁵

¹⁸ Section 327.54(3), F.S.

¹⁹ Section 327.54(4), F.S.; See generally s. 327.395, F.S.

²⁰ Section 327.54(6), F.S.

²¹ Section 327.54(5) and (9), F.S.

²² Section 327.54(7), F.S.

²³ Section 327.54(10), F.S.

²⁴ Chapter 2022-197, Laws of Fla.

²⁵ *Id*.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 327.54, F.S., to specify that a livery's pre-rental or pre-ride instruction must be hands-on. The bill requires that the instruction include education on any safety, regulatory, informational, or navigation markers in the geographic vicinity, as well as notice of the prohibition against boating under the influence.

The bill provides that if a renter or lessee retains a professional captain who holds an active U.S. Coast Guard license to command the livery vessel as required by the agreement between the livery and the renter or lessee, and the livery confirms that the captain has been retained, the renter or lessee and the livery will be exempt from the pre-rental or pre-ride instruction requirement.

The bill allows a livery to limit insurance covering the renter if the renter or lessee:

- Has a Florida boating safety identification card issued by the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), a temporary certificate, or another authorized form of boating certification; or
- Hires a professional captain who holds an active U.S. Coast Guard license.

To enhance enforcement efforts, the bill allows FWC to enter into agreements with qualified contractors to perform inspections of liveries to ensure compliance with statutory requirements. The inspections may be performed by an authorized agent working under the supervision of a qualified contractor. The bill requires the qualified contractor to provide a copy of a written, signed inspection report to the livery upon completion of the inspection and to FWC within 30 days of the inspection. FWC may develop the contents of the inspection report.

The bill requires that a livery must make the statement form attesting to pre-rental or pre-ride instruction and the written agreement between the livery and the renter or lessee available for inspection by an authorized agent of FWC. The bill further requires that a livery make its facilities and records available for inspection by an authorized agent of FWC no later than 24 hours after receiving notice from the authorized agent.

The bill makes technical changes.

Section 2 provides an effective date of July 1, 2023.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

	C.	Trust Funds Restrictions:							
		None.							
	D.	State Tax or Fee Increases:							
		None.							
	E.	Other Constitutional Issues:							
		None.							
٧.	Fisca	Impact Statement:							
	A.	Tax/Fee Issues:							
		None.							
	B.	Private Sector Impact:							
		None.							
	C.	Government Sector Impact:							
		None.							
VI.	Techr	hnical Deficiencies:							
	None.								
VII.	Related Issues:								
	None.								
VIII.	Statutes Affected:								
	This bill substantially amends section 327.54 of the Florida Statutes.								
IX.	Additional Information:								
	A.	Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)							
		None.							
	B.	Amendments:							
		None.							

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to boating safety; amending s. 3 327.395, F.S.; revising the requirement for persons 4 born before a specified date to have certain 5 identification and boating safety documentation in 6 their possession while operating a vessel; amending s. 7 327.54, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; requiring 8 liveries to provide hands-on instruction that meets 9 specified requirements; providing an exemption from certain safety requirements if renters or lessees hire 10 11 a professional captain; deleting the requirement that a livery obtain and carry insurance that also insures 12 13 renters and lessees; conforming a provision to changes 14 made by the act; providing an effective date. 15 16 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 17 18 Section 1. Subsection (1) of section 327.395, Florida 19 Statutes, is amended to read: 327.395 Boating safety education.-20 A person born on or after January 1, 1960 1988, may 21 22 not operate a vessel powered by a motor of 10 horsepower or 23 greater unless such person has in his or her possession aboard

Page 1 of 5

Section 2. Subsections (4) through (12) of section 327.54,

the vessel the documents required by subsection (2).

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Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (13), respectively, subsection (2), paragraph (e) of subsection (3), present subsections (7) and (8) are amended, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

327.54 Liveries; safety regulations; penalty.-

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- A livery may not offer a vessel for lease or rent without first being issued a no-cost livery permit by the commission. The permit must be renewed annually. To qualify for issuance or renewal of a livery permit, an applicant must provide the commission with a list of all vessels offered by the livery for lease or rent by another, have valid insurance pursuant to subsection (8) $\frac{(7)}{}$, have an amount of United States Coast Guard-approved lawful personal floatation devices on site sufficient to accommodate the capacity of all vessels offered by the livery for rent or lease by another, have on site all safety equipment required by s. 327.50 and the Code of Federal Regulations sufficient to equip all vessels offered by the livery for rent or lease by another, and display the information required by paragraph (3)(f). If, before the annual renewal of the permit, the information required by this subsection changes, the livery must provide the commission with the updated information within 10 days after the change.
- (a) The commission may adopt rules to implement this subsection.
 - (b) A person who violates this subsection commits a

Page 2 of 5

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misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

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- (3) A livery may not knowingly lease or rent a vessel to any person:
- (e) Unless the livery provides <u>hands-on</u> pre-rental or pre-ride instruction in compliance with rules established by the commission.
- 1. The instruction must include, but need not be limited to:
 - a. Operational characteristics of the vessel to be rented.
 - b. Safe vessel operation and vessel right-of-way.
- c. The responsibility of the vessel operator for the safe and proper operation of the vessel.
- d. Local characteristics of the waterway where the vessel will be operated, such as navigational hazards, the presence of boating-restricted areas, and water depths, and education on any safety, regulatory, information, or navigation markers in the geographic vicinity.
- e. Emergency procedures, such as appropriate responses to capsizing, falls overboard, taking on water, and vessel accidents.
 - f. Proper use of personal floatation devices.
- g. A notice of the prohibition against boating under the influence pursuant to s. 327.35.
 - 2. Any person receiving instruction in the safe handling

Page 3 of 5

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of livery vessels pursuant to this paragraph must provide the livery with a written statement attesting to each component of the instruction.

- a. The commission shall establish by rule the content of the statement form.
- b. The statement form must be signed by the individual providing the instruction.
- c. The livery shall maintain the statement form for no less than 90 days and, upon request, make the form available for inspection by law enforcement.
- (4) If a renter or lessee retains a professional captain who holds an active license issued by the United States Coast Guard to command the vessel as required by an agreement between the livery and the renter or lessee, and the livery confirms that a professional captain has been retained, the renter or lessee and the livery are not subject to paragraph (3)(e).
- (8)(7) A livery may not lease or rent or offer to lease or rent any livery vessel unless the livery first obtains and carries in full force and effect a policy from a licensed insurance carrier in this state which insures the livery and the renter against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the operation of the livery vessel. The insurance policy must provide coverage of at least \$500,000 per person and \$1 million per event. The livery shall have proof of such insurance available for inspection at

the location where livery vessels are being leased or rented, or offered for lease or rent, and shall provide to each renter the insurance carrier's name and address and the insurance policy number. This subsection does not apply to human-powered vessels.

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(9)(8) Notwithstanding the person's age or any exemptions provided in s. 327.395, any person delivering instruction regarding the safe operation of vessels or hands-on pre-rental or pre-ride instruction in accordance with subsection (3) must have successfully completed a boating safety education course approved by the National Association of State Boating Law Administrators and this state.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

Page 5 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #: CS/HB 261 Boating Safety

SPONSOR(S): Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee, Botana

TIED BILLS: IDEN./SIM. BILLS:

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR or BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF
Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee	16 Y, 1 N, As CS	Mamontoff	Moore
Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee			
3) Infrastructure Strategies Committee			

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC) is responsible for regulating, managing, protecting, and conserving the state's fish and wildlife resources. FWC is also the agency responsible for regulating boating safety in the state. This responsibility includes enforcing boating rules and regulations, coordinating boating safety campaigns and education, managing public water and access to the waters, conducting boating accident investigations, identifying and removing derelict vessels, and investigating vessel theft and title fraud.

In Florida, any person born on or after January 1, 1988, must complete a boating safety education course approved by the National Association of State Boating Law Administrators in order to operate a vessel powered by a motor of 10 horsepower or greater. Any operator required by statute to complete the boating safety education course must carry a boating education ID card and a photo ID while operating any qualifying vessel.

According to an FWC report, in 2021, 751 boating accidents, 469 injuries, and 60 fatalities were reported. Most of these boating accidents (77 percent) occurred on owner-operated vessels rather than livery vessels. In 39 percent of reportable boating accidents, the operator's age was 51 years old or older. In 27 percent of reportable accidents, the operator was between the ages of 36 and 50 years old. According to the report, 83 percent of vessel operators involved in boating accidents had no formal boater education.

During the 2022 Regular Session, the Legislature passed CS/SB 606, which created new regulations relating to boating safety and liveries. The new regulations require liveries to provide pre-rental or pre-ride instructions and to carry a policy from a licensed insurance carrier that insures both the livery and the renter.

The bill expands requirements related to operating a vessel by requiring any person born on or after January 1, 1960, operating a vessel powered by a motor of 10 horsepower or greater to have in their possession a photo ID and a boating safety ID card or temporary certificate issued by FWC, rather than only a person born on or after January 1, 1988.

The bill requires a livery to provide hands-on pre-rental and pre-ride instruction that must include education on any safety, regulatory, information, or navigation markers in the geographic vicinity; the proper use of personal floatation devices; and a notice of the prohibition against boating under the influence. The bill exempts a renter, lessee, and livery from providing hands-on pre-rental or pre-ride instruction if the renter or lessee retains a professional captain who holds an active license issued by the United States Coast Guard.

The bill removes the requirement for a livery to carry a policy that insures a renter against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the operation of the livery vessel.

The bill may have an indeterminate positive fiscal impact on state government.

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Background

Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), created by Article IV, section 9, of the Florida Constitution, is responsible for regulating, managing, protecting, and conserving the state's fish and wildlife resources. FWC is governed by a board of seven members who are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.¹ Pursuant to its constitutional authority, FWC exercises the regulatory and executive powers of the state with respect to wild animal life, fresh water aquatic life, and marine life.

FWC is also the agency responsible for regulating boating safety in the state. Through its Division of Law Enforcement, FWC manages the state's waterways to ensure boating safety for residents and visitors to the state.² This responsibility includes enforcing boating rules and regulations, coordinating boating safety campaigns and education, managing public water and access to the waters, conducting boating accident investigations, identifying and removing derelict vessels, and investigating vessel theft and title fraud.³

Boating Accidents

In the event of a boating collision, accident, or other casualty, current law imposes a duty on a vessel operator involved in the incident to give notice of the accident, by the quickest means available, to one of the following agencies: FWC's Division of Law Enforcement; the sheriff of the county within which the accident occurred; or the police chief of the municipality within which the accident occurred.⁴ According to an FWC report, in 2021, 751 boating accidents, 469 injuries, and 60 fatalities were reported.⁵ Most of these boating accidents (77 percent) occurred on owner-operated vessels rather than livery vessels. In 39 percent of reportable boating accidents, the operator's age was 51 years old or older. In 27 percent of reportable accidents, the operator was between the ages of 36 and 50 years old. According to the report, 83 percent of vessel operators involved in boating accidents had no formal boater education.⁶

Boating Education

Current law requires any person born on or after January 1, 1988, to complete a boating safety education course approved by the National Association of State Boating Law Administrators (NASBLA) in order to operate a vessel powered by a motor of 10 horsepower or greater. Any operator required by statute to complete the boating safety education course must carry a boating safety ID card and a photo ID while operating any qualifying vessel.

NASBLA provides the minimum standards that apply to all basic boating courses in the United States and its territories. The minimum standards are reviewed every five years with the purpose of establishing a national standard for all courses across the country. Under current NASBLA standards, courses must describe state-required equipment. Courses offered in Florida that meet NASBLA's eight-hour instruction requirement range in price from free to \$50.9 A boating safety education course card is

¹ Article IV, s. 9, FLA. CONST.

² Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), Boating, https://myfwc.com/boating/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2023).

³ FWC, Law Enforcement, https://myfwc.com/about/inside-fwc/le/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2023). See s. 327.70(1) and (4), F.S.

⁴ Section 327.30(2), F.S.

⁵ FWC, *Boating Accident Statistical Report*, https://myfwc.com/boating/safety-education/accidents/ (last visited March 7, 2023).

⁶ *Id*.

⁷ Section 327.395(1), F.S.

⁸ Section 327.395(2), F.S.

⁹ FWC, Boating Safety Courses, https://myfwc.com/boating/safety-education/courses/ (last visited March 7, 2023).
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valid for life unless it was obtained through a temporary examination, in which case it is valid for only 90 days.¹⁰

Regulation of Liveries

A livery vessel is a vessel that is leased, rented, or chartered to another for consideration. ¹¹ A facility that rents and leases such vessels is called a livery. ¹² During the 2022 Regular Session, the Legislature passed CS/SB 606 (ch. 2022-197, L.O.F.), which created new regulations relating to boating safety and liveries.

A livery is now required to carry a policy from a licensed insurance carrier that insures the livery and the renter of a livery vessel against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the operation of the vessel. Coverage for at least \$500,000 per person and \$1 million per event must be provided. Proof of insurance must be available for inspection at the location where livery vessels are being leased or rented. Previously, a livery was not required to carry a policy for the renter. Since the passage of these new regulations, there has been growing concern that most insurance companies do not offer the type of insurance policy for renters that is now legally required for liveries.¹³

Additionally, liveries are now required to provide pre-rental or pre-ride instructions to renters, which must include:14

- Operational characteristics of the vessel to be rented;
- Safe vessel operation and vessel right-of-way;
- The responsibility of the vessel operator for the safe and proper operation of the vessel;
- Local characteristics of the waterway where the vessel will be operated, such as navigational hazards, boating restricted areas, and water depths; and
- Emergency procedures, such as appropriate responses to capsizing, falling overboard, taking on water, and vessel accidents.

Any person providing the instruction must have successfully completed a boating safety education course approved by NASBLA and the state. A person who receives the instruction regarding the safe operation of vessels or pre-rental or pre-ride instruction must provide the livery with a signed form attesting to each component of the instruction.

Effect of the Bill

The bill expands requirements related to operating a vessel by requiring any person born on or after January 1, 1960, operating a vessel powered by a motor of 10 horsepower or greater to have in their possession a photo ID and a boating safety ID card or temporary certificate issued by FWC, rather than any person born on or after January 1, 1988.

The bill requires a livery to provide hands-on pre-rental and pre-ride instruction. The livery's pre-rental or pre-ride instruction must include education on any safety, regulatory, information, or navigation markers in the geographic vicinity; the proper use of personal floatation devices; and a notice of the prohibition against boating under the influence.

¹⁰ Section 327.395 (5), F.S.

¹¹ Section 327.02(24), F.S.

¹² "Livery" means a person who advertises and offers a livery vessel for use by another person in exchange for any type of consideration when such person does not also provide the lessee or renter with a captain, a crew, or any type of staff or personnel to operate, oversee, maintain, or manage the vessel. The owner of a vessel who does not advertise his or her vessel for use by another for consideration and who loans or offers his or her vessel for use to another known to him or her either for consideration or without consideration is not a livery. A public or private school or postsecondary institution located within this state is not a livery. Section 327.54(1)(c).

¹³ WUSF Public Media, *Three words in a new law threaten Florida's rental boat industry*, https://wusfnews.wusf.usf.edu/economy-business/2022-12-20/three-words-new-law-threaten-florida-rental-boat-industry (Dec. 20, 2022).

The bill exempts a renter, lessee, and livery from providing hands-on pre-rental or pre-ride instruction if the renter or lessee retains a professional captain who holds an active license issued by the United States Coast Guard to command the vessel.

The bill removes the requirement for a livery to carry an insurance policy that insures a renter against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the operation of the livery vessel.

B. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1. Amends s. 327.395, F.S., relating to boating safety.

Section 2. Amends s. 327.54, F.S., relating to liveries.

Section 3. Provides an effective date of July 1, 2023.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

The bill may have an indeterminate positive fiscal impact on FWC related to the increase in the number of boating safety identification cards being issued.

2. Expenditures:

None.

B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

The bill may have an indeterminate positive fiscal impact on companies that teach boating safety education courses due to the increased number of individuals who will need a boating safety ID.

D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

None. The bill does not appear to affect county or municipal governments.

2. Other:

None.

B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None.

C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

On March 9, 2023, the Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee adopted an amendment and reported the bill favorably as a committee substitute. The amendment:

- Expanded requirements related to operating a vessel by requiring any person born after January 1, 1960, operating a vessel powered by a motor of 10 horsepower or greater to have in their possession a photo ID and a boating safety ID card or temporary certificate issued by FWC;
- Required a livery to provide hands-on pre-rental and pre-ride instruction;
- Required a livery's pre-rental or pre-ride instruction to include education on any safety, regulatory, information, or navigation markers in the geographic vicinity; proper use of personal floatation devices; and a notice of the prohibition against boating under the influence; and
- Exempted the renter, lessee, and livery from providing hands-on pre-rental or pre-ride instruction if the renter or lessee retains a professional captain who holds an active license issued by the United States Coast Guard to command the vessel.

This analysis is drafted to the committee substitute as approved by the Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee.

By Senator Rouson

16-00479B-23 20231602

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to storage of firearms in private conveyances and vessels; amending s. 790.25, F.S.; prohibiting the storage of firearms in unoccupied private conveyances and vessels unless done in a specified manner; providing definitions; requiring local law enforcement agencies to engage in a certain promotional campaign; providing a finding of important state interest; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (5) of section 790.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

790.25 Lawful ownership, possession, and use of firearms and other weapons.—

- (5) POSSESSION IN PRIVATE CONVEYANCE.
- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), notwithstanding subsection (2), it is lawful and is not a violation of s. 790.01 for a person 18 years of age or older to possess a concealed firearm or other weapon for self-defense or other lawful purpose within the interior of a private conveyance, without a license, if the firearm or other weapon is securely encased or is otherwise not readily accessible for immediate use. Nothing in this paragraph herein contained prohibits the carrying of a legal firearm other than a handgun anywhere in a private conveyance when such firearm is being carried for a lawful use. Nothing in this paragraph herein contained shall be construed to authorize the carrying of a concealed firearm or other weapon on

16-00479B-23 20231602

the person. This <u>paragraph</u> subsection shall be liberally construed in favor of the lawful use, ownership, and possession of firearms and other weapons, including lawful self-defense as provided in s. 776.012.

- (b)1. A person may not store a firearm, loaded or unloaded, in an unoccupied, unsecured private conveyance or vessel unless the firearm is kept from ordinary observation and view and locked within a trunk, utility or glove box, or another locked container or secured with a device or mechanism that is securely affixed to the private conveyance or vessel.
 - 2. As used in subparagraph 1., the term:
- <u>a. "Private conveyance" includes any motor vehicle as</u> defined in s. 790.251(2)(b) other than a public conveyance.
- b. "Unsecured" means a private conveyance interior or vessel interior that is unlocked or otherwise left open to entry.
 - c. "Vessel" has the same meaning as provided in s. 327.02.
- 3. Each law enforcement agency shall engage in a promotional campaign to educate the public and gun owners of the requirements of subparagraph 1. and that with gun ownership comes responsibility.

Section 2. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for the most efficient and effective deterrent to juvenile theft of firearms from vessels and conveyances, tailored to local conditions and resources. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that the provisions of this act fulfill an important state interest.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

HB 571 2023

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to storage of firearms in private 3 conveyances and vessels; amending s. 790.25, F.S.; 4 prohibiting the storage of a firearms in unoccupied 5 private conveyances and vessels unless done so in a 6 specified manner; providing definitions; requiring 7 local law enforcement agencies to engage in a 8 promotional campaign; providing legislative findings; 9 directing counties to adopt specified ordinances concerning parental responsibility for gun thefts from 10 conveyances and vessels by their minor children; 11 12 providing a finding of important state interest; 13 providing an effective date. 15

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Subsection (5) of section 790.25, Florida Section 1. Statutes, is amended to read:

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790.25 Lawful ownership, possession, and use of firearms and other weapons. -

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POSSESSION IN PRIVATE CONVEYANCE. -

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Except as provided in paragraph (b), notwithstanding subsection (2), it is lawful and is not a violation of s. 790.01 for a person 18 years of age or older to possess a concealed firearm or other weapon for self-defense or other lawful purpose

Page 1 of 3

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HB 571 2023

within the interior of a private conveyance, without a license, if the firearm or other weapon is securely encased or is otherwise not readily accessible for immediate use. Nothing in this paragraph herein contained prohibits the carrying of a legal firearm other than a handgun anywhere in a private conveyance when such firearm is being carried for a lawful use. Nothing in this paragraph herein contained shall be construed to authorize the carrying of a concealed firearm or other weapon on the person. This paragraph subsection shall be liberally construed in favor of the lawful use, ownership, and possession of firearms and other weapons, including lawful self-defense as provided in s. 776.012.

- (b)1. A person may not store a firearm, loaded or unloaded, in an unoccupied, unsecured private conveyance or vessel unless the firearm is kept from ordinary observation and view and locked within a trunk, utility or glove box, or another locked container or secured with a device or mechanism that is securely affixed to the private conveyance or vessel.
 - 2. As used in subparagraph 1., the term:
- <u>a.</u> "Private conveyance" includes any "motor vehicle" as defined in s. 790.251(2)(b) other than a public conveyance.
- b. "Unsecured" means a private conveyance interior or vessel interior that is unlocked or otherwise left open to entry.
 - c. "Vessel" has the same meaning as provided in s. 327.02.

Page 2 of 3

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HB 571 2023

3. Each law enforcement agency shall engage in a	
promotional campaign to educate the public and gun owners of	the
requirements of subparagraph 1. and that with gun ownership	
comes responsibility as prescribed in the local ordinance	
adopted under subparagraph 4.	

- 4. The Legislature finds that it is the responsibility of parents to supervise their children under 18 years of age.

 Therefore, a parent of a child under 18 years of age who has been found to have stolen a firearm from a conveyance or vessel is subject to sanctions. Each county shall, no later than January 1, 2024, adopt a local ordinance containing such sanctions for parents of such minor offenders and direct local law enforcement agencies to engage in a promotional campaign to educate the public and gun owners in the county of their responsibilities under the ordinance.
- Section 2. It is the intent of the Legislature to provide for the most efficient and effective deterrent to juvenile theft of firearms from vessels and conveyances, tailored to local conditions and resources. Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that the provisions of this act fulfill an important state interest.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

By Senator Rodriguez

40-01732D-23 20231502___

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to vessel owner and operation requirements; amending s. 327.4108, F.S.; revising anchoring limitation areas in certain sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County; revising the timeframe during which a person may anchor a vessel in an anchoring limitation area within which such anchoring would otherwise be unlawful; amending s. 327.70, F.S.; requiring law enforcement officers to conduct national criminal background checks for vessel owners who are issued citations for specified violations; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 327.4108, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 327.4108 Anchoring of vessels in anchoring limitation areas.—

(1) The following densely populated urban areas, which have narrow state waterways, residential docking facilities, and significant recreational boating traffic, are designated as and shall be considered to be grandfathered-in anchoring limitation areas, within which, except as provided in subsections (4) and (5), a person may not anchor a vessel at any time during the period between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour before sunrise and, at any other time, for more than 4 hours in a single day except as provided in subsections (4) and (5):

(a) The section of Middle River lying between Northeast

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40-01732D-23 20231502

21st Court and the Intracoastal Waterway in Broward County.

- (b) Sunset Lake in Miami-Dade County.
- (c) The sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County lying between:
 - 1. Rivo Alto Island and Di Lido Island.
 - 2. Di Lido Island and San Marino Island.
 - 3.2. San Marino Island and San Marco Island.
 - 4.3. San Marco Island and Biscayne Island.
 - 5. Star Island and MacArthur Causeway.
 - 6. Palm Island and MacArthur Causeway.
 - 7. Hibiscus Island and Palm Island.
 - 8. Julia Tuttle Causeway and Kennedy Causeway.
 - 9. The Sunset Islands.
 - 10. Belle Isle and Rivo Alto Island.

For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "lying between"

includes, without limitation, all of the area 200 yards to the

west from the western shore of the Sunset Islands and Di Lido

Island, all of the area 200 yards to the north from the northern shore of the Sunset Islands, and all of the area 200 yards to the east from the eastern shore of Di Lido Island.

- (4) Notwithstanding subsections (1), (2), and (3), a person may anchor a vessel in an anchoring limitation area during a time that would otherwise be unlawful:
- (c) For the duration of During events described in s.

 327.48 or other special events, including, but not limited to,
 public music performances, local government waterfront
 activities, or fireworks displays. A vessel may anchor for the
 lesser of the duration of the special event or 3 days, whichever

40-01732D-23 20231502___

is less.

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Section 2. Present subsection (5) of section 327.70, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (6), and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

327.70 Enforcement of this chapter and chapter 328.-

(5) When a law enforcement officer issues a citation to a vessel owner for a violation of this chapter, the law enforcement officer must conduct a national criminal background check on the vessel owner.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

HB 1385 2023

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to vessel owner and operation 3 requirements; amending s. 327.4108, F.S.; revising 4 anchoring limitation areas in certain sections of 5 Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County; revising the 6 timeframe during which a person may anchor a vessel in 7 an anchoring limitation area within which such 8 anchoring would otherwise be unlawful; amending s. 9 327.70, F.S.; requiring law enforcement officers to conduct national criminal background checks for vessel 10 11 owners who are issued citations for specified 12 violations; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 327.4108, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 327.4108 Anchoring of vessels in anchoring limitation areas.—

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(1) The following densely populated urban areas, which have narrow state waterways, residential docking facilities, and significant recreational boating traffic, are designated as and shall be considered to be grandfathered-in anchoring limitation areas, within which, except as provided in subsections (4) and (5), a person may not anchor a vessel at any time during the

Page 1 of 3

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HB 1385 2023

26	period between one-half hour after sunset and one-half hour
27	before sunrise and, at any other time, for more than 4 hours in
28	a single day except as provided in subsections (4) and (5):
29	(a) The section of Middle River lying between Northeast
30	21st Court and the Intracoastal Waterway in Broward County.
31	(b) Sunset Lake in Miami-Dade County.
32	(c) The sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County
33	lying between:
34	1. Rivo Alto Island and Di Lido Island.
35	2. Di Lido Island and San Marino Island.
36	3.2. San Marino Island and San Marco Island.
37	4.3. San Marco Island and Biscayne Island.
38	5. Star Island and MacArthur Causeway.
39	6. Palm Island and MacArthur Causeway.
40	7. Hibiscus Island and Palm Island.
41	8. Julia Tuttle Causeway and Kennedy Causeway.
42	9. The Sunset Islands.
43	10. Belle Isle and Rivo Alto Island.
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45	For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "lying between"
46	includes, without limitation, all of the area 200 yards to the
47	west from the western shore of the Sunset Islands and Di Lido
48	Island, all of the area 200 yards to the north from the northern
49	shore of the Sunset Islands, and all of the area 200 yards to

Page 2 of 3

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the east from the eastern shore of Di Lido Island.

HB 1385 2023

(4)	Notw	iths	tar	nding	s s	ubs	ect	ions	(1),	(2),	and	(3),	а
person	ma	y and	chor	a v	resse	1	in	an	anch	oring	limi	tatio	n	are	ea.
during	a ·	time	that	WC	ould	ot	her	wis	e be	unlav	ful:				

- (c) For the duration of During events described in s. 327.48 or other special events, including, but not limited to, public music performances, local government waterfront activities, or fireworks displays. A vessel may anchor for the lesser of the duration of the special event or 3 days, whichever is less.
- Section 2. Present subsection (5) of section 327.70, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (6), and a new subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:
 - 327.70 Enforcement of this chapter and chapter 328.-
- (5) When a law enforcement officer issues a citation to a vessel owner for a violation of this chapter, the law enforcement officer must conduct a national criminal background check on the vessel owner.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

Page 3 of 3

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By Senator Wright

8-01353-23 20231314

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to boating-restricted areas; amending s. 327.46, F.S.; authorizing counties and municipalities to establish within certain portions of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted areas within a specified distance from private or public marina pumpouts; reenacting s. 327.41(2), F.S., relating to uniform waterway regulatory markers, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 327.46, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 327.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.46 Boating-restricted areas.

- (1) Boating-restricted areas, including, but not limited to, restrictions of vessel speeds and vessel traffic, may be established on the waters of this state for any purpose necessary to protect the safety of the public if such restrictions are necessary based on boating accidents, visibility, hazardous currents or water levels, vessel traffic congestion, or other navigational hazards or to protect seagrasses on privately owned submerged lands.
- (b) Municipalities and counties may establish the following boating-restricted areas by ordinance, including, notwithstanding the prohibition in s. 327.60(2)(c), within the portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway within their

8-01353-23 20231314

jurisdiction:

1. An ordinance establishing an idle speed, no wake boating-restricted area, if the area is:

- a. Within 500 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or other launching or landing facility available for use by the general boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width or within 300 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or other launching or landing facility available for use by the general boating public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in width.
- b. Within 500 feet of fuel pumps or dispensers at any marine fueling facility that sells motor fuel to the general boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width or within 300 feet of the fuel pumps or dispensers at any licensed terminal facility that sells motor fuel to the general boating public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in width.
 - c. Inside or within 300 feet of any lock structure.
- 2. An ordinance establishing a slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted area if the area is:
 - a. Within 300 feet of any bridge fender system.
- b. Within 300 feet of any bridge span presenting a vertical clearance of less than 25 feet or a horizontal clearance of less than 100 feet.
- c. On a creek, stream, canal, or similar linear waterway if the waterway is less than 75 feet in width from shoreline to shoreline.
- d. On a lake or pond of less than 10 acres in total surface area.
 - e. Within the boundaries of a permitted public mooring

8-01353-23 20231314

field and a buffer around the mooring field of up to 100 feet.

- f. Within 500 feet of any private or public marina pumpout.
- 3. An ordinance establishing a vessel-exclusion zone if the area is:
- a. Designated as a public bathing beach or swim area, except that such areas may not be created on waters that include any portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway or that are within 100 feet of the marked channel of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway.
- b. Within 300 feet of a dam, spillway, or flood control structure.

Vessel exclusion zones created pursuant to this subparagraph must be marked with uniform waterway markers permitted by the commission in accordance with this chapter. Such zones may not be marked by ropes.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 327.46, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 327.41, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

327.41 Uniform waterway regulatory markers.

(2) Any county or municipality which has been granted a boating-restricted area designation, by rule of the commission pursuant to s. 327.46(1)(a), for a portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway within its jurisdiction or which has adopted a boating-restricted area by ordinance pursuant to s. 327.46(1)(b) or (c) or s. 379.2431(2)(p), or any other governmental entity which has legally established a boating-restricted area, may apply to the commission for permission to

8-01353-23 20231314___ 88 place regulatory markers within the boating-restricted area. Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023. 89

1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to boating-restricted areas; amending 3 s. 327.46, F.S.; authorizing counties and 4 municipalities to establish within certain portions of 5 the Florida Intracoastal Waterway slow speed, minimum 6 wake boating-restricted areas within a specified 7 distance from private or public marina pumpouts; 8 reenacting s. 327.41(2), F.S., relating to uniform 9 waterway regulatory markers, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 327.46, F.S., in a reference 10 11 thereto; providing an effective date. 12 13 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 14 15 Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 16 327.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 17 327.46 Boating-restricted areas. 18 Boating-restricted areas, including, but not limited 19 to, restrictions of vessel speeds and vessel traffic, may be 20 established on the waters of this state for any purpose 21 necessary to protect the safety of the public if such 22 restrictions are necessary based on boating accidents, 23 visibility, hazardous currents or water levels, vessel traffic 24 congestion, or other navigational hazards or to protect

Page 1 of 4

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seagrasses on privately owned submerged lands.

(b) Municipalities and counties may establish the following boating-restricted areas by ordinance, including, notwithstanding the prohibition in s. 327.60(2)(c), within the portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway within their jurisdiction:

1. An ordinance establishing an idle speed, no wake boating-restricted area, if the area is:

- a. Within 500 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or other launching or landing facility available for use by the general boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width or within 300 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or other launching or landing facility available for use by the general boating public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in width.
- b. Within 500 feet of fuel pumps or dispensers at any marine fueling facility that sells motor fuel to the general boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width or within 300 feet of the fuel pumps or dispensers at any licensed terminal facility that sells motor fuel to the general boating public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in width.
 - c. Inside or within 300 feet of any lock structure.
- 2. An ordinance establishing a slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted area if the area is:
 - a. Within 300 feet of any bridge fender system.
 - b. Within 300 feet of any bridge span presenting a

Page 2 of 4

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vertical clearance of less than 25 feet or a horizontal clearance of less than 100 feet.

- c. On a creek, stream, canal, or similar linear waterway if the waterway is less than 75 feet in width from shoreline to shoreline.
- d. On a lake or pond of less than 10 acres in total surface area.
- e. Within the boundaries of a permitted public mooring field and a buffer around the mooring field of up to 100 feet.
- f. Within 500 feet of any private or public marina pumpout.
- 3. An ordinance establishing a vessel-exclusion zone if the area is:
- a. Designated as a public bathing beach or swim area, except that such areas may not be created on waters that include any portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway or that are within 100 feet of the marked channel of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway.
- b. Within 300 feet of a dam, spillway, or flood control structure.

Vessel exclusion zones created pursuant to this subparagraph must be marked with uniform waterway markers permitted by the commission in accordance with this chapter. Such zones may not be marked by ropes.

Page 3 of 4

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 327.46, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 327.41, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

327.41 Uniform waterway regulatory markers.-

- (2) Any county or municipality which has been granted a boating-restricted area designation, by rule of the commission pursuant to s. 327.46(1)(a), for a portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway within its jurisdiction or which has adopted a boating-restricted area by ordinance pursuant to s. 327.46(1)(b) or (c) or s. 379.2431(2)(p), or any other governmental entity which has legally established a boating-restricted area, may apply to the commission for permission to place regulatory markers within the boating-restricted area.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

By Senator DiCeglie

18-00374-23 20231082

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to floating vessel platforms; amending s. 403.813, F.S.; removing a provision authorizing local governments to require permitting for certain floating vessel platforms; revising conditions under which local governments may require one-time registrations of floating vessel platforms; making technical changes; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (s) of subsection (1) of section 403.813, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

14 15 403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions.—
(1) A permit is not required under this chapter, chapter

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373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 or chapter 25270, 1949, Laws of Florida, and a local government may not require a person claiming this exception to provide further department verification, for activities associated with the

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provided in this subsection, this subsection does not relieve an

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occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal

applicant from any requirement to obtain permission to use or

following types of projects; however, except as otherwise

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Improvement Trust Fund or a water management district in its governmental or proprietary capacity or from complying with

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applicable local pollution control programs authorized under this chapter or other requirements of county and municipal

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governments:

(s) The construction, installation, operation, or

18-00374-23 20231082

maintenance of floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts., provided that such structures:

- 1. To qualify for an exemption under this paragraph, the structure must:
- \underline{a} . Float at all times in the water for the sole purpose of supporting a vessel so that the vessel is out of the water when not in use;
- <u>b.2.</u> <u>Be</u> <u>Are</u> wholly contained within a boat slip previously permitted under ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or do not exceed a combined total of 500 square feet, or 200 square feet in an Outstanding Florida Water, when associated with a dock that is exempt under this subsection or associated with a permitted dock with no defined boat slip or attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure;
- c.3. Not be Are not used for any commercial purpose or for mooring vessels that remain in the water when not in use, and do not substantially impede the flow of water, create a navigational hazard, or unreasonably infringe upon the riparian rights of adjacent property owners, as defined in s. 253.141;
- <u>d.4.</u> <u>Be</u> Are constructed and used so as to minimize adverse impacts to submerged lands, wetlands, shellfish areas, aquatic plant and animal species, and other biological communities, including locating such structures in areas where seagrasses are least dense adjacent to the dock or bulkhead; and
- $\underline{\text{e.5.}}$ Are Not $\underline{\text{be}}$ constructed in areas specifically prohibited for boat mooring under conditions of a permit issued in accordance with ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the

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Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or other form of authorization issued by a local government.

2. The owner of a structure Structures that qualifies qualify for an this exemption under this paragraph is not required are relieved from any requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, and, with the exception of those structures attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no docking structure, the structure may not be subject to any more stringent permitting requirements, registration requirements, or other regulation by any local government. For a floating vessel platform to be attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no docking structure, a local government governments may require the platform owner to obtain a permit either permitting or one-time registration of the floating vessel platform platforms to be attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure as necessary to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, or regulations. A local government governments may require only a either permitting or one-time registration of all other floating vessel platforms where the platform owner self-certifies as necessary to ensure compliance with the exemption criteria in this section; to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, state-delegated or state-mandated plans or programs, or regulations relating to building or zoning, which may not be applied more stringently are no more stringent than, or inconsistent with, the exemption criteria in this section and or address subjects other than subjects addressed by the exemption criteria in this section;

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and to ensure proper installation, maintenance, and precautionary or evacuation action following a tropical storm or hurricane watch of a floating vessel platform or floating boat lift that is proposed to be attached to a bulkhead or parcel of land where there is no other docking structure.

3. The exemption provided in this paragraph is shall be in addition to the exemption provided in paragraph (b). The department shall adopt a general permit by rule for the construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of those floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts that do not qualify for the exemption provided in this paragraph but do not cause significant adverse impacts to occur individually or cumulatively. The issuance of such general permit constitutes shall also constitute permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. A local government governments may not impose a more stringent regulation, permitting requirement, registration requirement, or other regulation covered by such general permit. A local government governments may require a structure owner to obtain either a permit permitting or one-time registration of floating vessel platforms as necessary to ensure compliance with the general permit in this section; to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, or regulations relating to building or zoning that are no more stringent than the general permit in this section; and to ensure proper installation and maintenance of a floating vessel platform or floating boat lift that is proposed to be attached to a bulkhead or parcel of land where there is no other docking structure.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to floating vessel plate

An act relating to floating vessel platforms and floating boat lifts; amending s. 403.813, F.S.; providing that specified structures associated with a dock on a parcel of land create a presumption of compliance with certain environmental impact requirements; providing a definition; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (s) of subsection (1) of section 403.813, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions.-

(1) A permit is not required under this chapter, chapter 373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 or chapter 25270, 1949, Laws of Florida, and a local government may not require a person claiming this exception to provide further department verification, for activities associated with the following types of projects; however, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, this subsection does not relieve an applicant from any requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or a water management district in its governmental or proprietary capacity or from complying with

Page 1 of 5

applicable local pollution control programs authorized under this chapter or other requirements of county and municipal governments:

- (s) The construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts, provided that such structures:
- 1. Float at all times in the water for the sole purpose of supporting a vessel so that the vessel is out of the water when not in use;
- 2. Are wholly contained within a boat slip previously permitted under ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or do not exceed a combined total of 500 square feet, or 200 square feet in an Outstanding Florida Water, when associated with a dock that is exempt under this subsection or associated with a permitted dock with no defined boat slip or attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure;
- 3. Are not used for any commercial purpose or for mooring vessels that remain in the water when not in use, and do not substantially impede the flow of water, create a navigational hazard, or unreasonably infringe upon the riparian rights of adjacent property owners, as defined in s. 253.141;
- 4. Are constructed and used so as to minimize adverse impacts to submerged lands, wetlands, shellfish areas, aquatic

Page 2 of 5

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plant and animal species, and other biological communities, including locating such structures in areas where seagrasses are least dense adjacent to the dock or bulkhead; and

5. Are not constructed in areas specifically prohibited for boat mooring under conditions of a permit issued in accordance with ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or other form of authorization issued by a local government.

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Structures that qualify for this exemption are relieved from any requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund and, with the exception of those structures attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no docking structure, are may not be subject to any more stringent permitting requirements, registration requirements, or other regulation by any local government. Structures associated with a dock on a parcel of land as specified in subparagraph 2. that comply with this subsection create a presumption of compliance with any requirement to minimize adverse environmental impacts. A local government governments may require a permit either permitting or one-time registration of floating vessel platforms to be attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure as necessary to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, or regulations. A local government

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governments may require a permit either permitting or one-time registration of all other floating vessel platforms as necessary to ensure compliance with the exemption criteria in this section; to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, or regulations relating to building or zoning, which are not no more stringent than the exemption criteria in this section or address subjects other than subjects addressed by the exemption criteria in this section; and to ensure proper installation, maintenance, and precautionary or evacuation action following a tropical storm or hurricane watch of a floating vessel platform or floating boat lift that is proposed to be attached to a bulkhead or parcel of land where there is no other docking structure. The exemption provided in this paragraph is shall be in addition to the exemption provided in paragraph (b). The department shall adopt a general permit by rule for the construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of those floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts that do not qualify for the exemption provided in this paragraph but do not cause significant adverse impacts to occur individually or cumulatively. The issuance of such general permit shall also constitutes constitute permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. A local government governments may not impose a more stringent regulation, permitting requirement, registration requirement, or other regulation covered by such general permit. A local

Page 4 of 5

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HB 847 2023

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Section 2.

government governments may require a permit either permitting or one-time registration of floating vessel platforms as necessary to ensure compliance with the general permit requirements in this section; to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, or regulations relating to building or zoning, which that are not no more stringent than the general permit requirements in this section; and to ensure proper installation and maintenance of a floating vessel platform or floating boat lift that is proposed to be attached to a bulkhead or parcel of land where there is no other docking structure. As used in this paragraph, the term "local government" includes a charter county, a county that is required to implement a manatee protection plan pursuant to s. 379.2431(2)(t), or a county or municipality that establishes and administers a local pollution control program pursuant to s. 403.182. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

Page 5 of 5

Amendment No. 1

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	COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTE	E ACTION
ADOI	PTED	(Y/N)
ADOI	PTED AS AMENDED	(Y/N)
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FAII	LED TO ADOPT	(Y/N)
WITH	IDRAWN	(Y/N)
OTHE	ER	

Committee/Subcommittee hearing bill: Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee

Representative Stark offered the following:

5 Amendment (with title amendment)

Remove everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (s) of subsection (1) of section 403.813, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions.-

(1) A permit is not required under this chapter, chapter 373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 or chapter 25270, 1949, Laws of Florida, and a local government may not require a person claiming this exception to provide further department verification, for activities associated with the following types of projects; however, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, this subsection does not relieve an

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applicant from any requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or a water management district in its governmental or proprietary capacity or from complying with applicable local pollution control programs authorized under this chapter or other requirements of county and municipal governments:

- (s) The construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts., provided that such structures:
- 1. To qualify for an exemption under this paragraph, the structure must:
- \underline{a} . Float at all times in the water for the sole purpose of supporting a vessel so that the vessel is out of the water when not in use;
- <u>b.2.</u> <u>Be</u> Are wholly contained within a boat slip previously permitted under ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or do not exceed a combined total of 500 square feet, or 200 square feet in an Outstanding Florida Water, when associated with a dock that is exempt under this subsection or associated with a permitted dock with no defined boat slip or attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure;

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- c.3. Not be Are not used for any commercial purpose or for mooring vessels that remain in the water when not in use, and do not substantially impede the flow of water, create a navigational hazard, or unreasonably infringe upon the riparian rights of adjacent property owners, as defined in s. 253.141;
- <u>d.4.</u> Be Are constructed and used so as to minimize adverse impacts to submerged lands, wetlands, shellfish areas, aquatic plant and animal species, and other biological communities, including locating such structures in areas where seagrasses are least dense adjacent to the dock or bulkhead; and
- <u>e.5.</u> Are Not <u>be</u> constructed in areas specifically prohibited for boat mooring under conditions of a permit issued in accordance with ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or other form of authorization issued by a local government.
- 2. The owner of a structure Structures that qualifies qualify for an this exemption under this paragraph is not required are relieved from any requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, and, with the exception of those structures attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no docking structure, the structure may not be subject to any more stringent permitting requirements, registration requirements, or other regulation by any local government. For a floating vessel platform to be attached to a

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bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no docking
structure, a local government governments may require the
platform owner to obtain a permit either permitting or one-time
registration of the floating vessel platform platforms to be
attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no
other docking structure as necessary to ensure compliance with
local ordinances, codes, or regulations. A local government
governments may require only a either permitting or one-time
registration of all other floating vessel platforms where the
platform owner self-certifies as necessary to ensure compliance
with the exemption criteria in this section + to ensure
compliance with <del>local</del> ordinances, codes, state-delegated or
state-mandated plans or programs, or regulations relating to
building or zoning, which may not be applied more stringently
are no more stringent than, or inconsistent with, the exemption
criteria in this section and or address subjects other than
subjects addressed by the exemption criteria in this section;
and to ensure proper installation, maintenance, and
precautionary or evacuation action following a tropical storm or
hurricane watch of a floating vessel platform or floating boat
lift that is proposed to be attached to a bulkhead or parcel of
land where there is no other docking structure.
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3. The exemption provided in this paragraph <u>is</u> shall be in addition to the exemption provided in paragraph (b). The department shall adopt a general permit by rule for the

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Amendment No. 1

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construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of those floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts that do not qualify for the exemption provided in this paragraph but do not cause significant adverse impacts to occur individually or cumulatively. The issuance of such general permit constitutes shall also constitute permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. A local government governments may not impose a more stringent regulation, permitting requirement, registration requirement, or other regulation covered by such general permit. A local government governments may require a structure owner to obtain either a permit permitting or one-time registration of floating vessel platforms as necessary to ensure compliance with the general permit in this section; to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, or regulations relating to building or zoning that are no more stringent than the general permit in this section; and to ensure proper installation and maintenance of a floating vessel platform or floating boat lift that is proposed to be attached to a bulkhead or parcel of land where there is no other docking structure.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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114 TITLE AMENDMENT

Remove everything before the enacting clause and insert:

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COMMITTEE/SUBCOMMITTEE AMENDMENT Bill No. HB 847 (2023)

Amendment No. 1

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An act relating to floating vessel platforms; amending s.
403.813, F.S.; removing a provision authorizing local
governments to require permitting for certain floating vessel
platforms; revising conditions under which local governments may
require one-time registrations of floating vessel platforms;
making technical changes; providing an effective date.

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 847 Floating Vessel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts

SPONSOR(S): Stark

TIED BILLS: IDEN./SIM. BILLS: SB 1082

REFERENCE	ACTION	ANALYST	STAFF DIRECTOR or BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF
Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee		Gawin	Curtin
2) Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee			
3) Infrastructure Strategies Committee			

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

The Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) regulates activities in, on, or over surface waters, as well as any activity that alters surface water flows, through environmental resource permits (ERPs). ERPs are required for development or construction activities typically involving the dredging or filling of surface waters, construction of flood protection facilities, building dams or reservoirs, or any other activities that affect state waters. Current law provides exceptions from ERP permitting for certain types of projects. Generally, these permit exceptions restrict how the project is undertaken, provide size and location requirements, or provide for maintenance, repair, or replacement of existing structures. An exemption currently exists for the construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts that meet certain requirements.

The bill revises the ERP permitting exemption for certain floating structures by creating a presumption of compliance with any requirement to minimize adverse environmental impacts for structures that are associated with a dock on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure.

For purposes of the ERP permitting exemption for floating structures, the bill specifies that the term "local government" includes a charter county, a county that is required to implement a manatee protection plan, or a county or municipality that establishes and administers a local pollution control program.

The bill does not appear to have a fiscal impact on state or local government.

FULL ANALYSIS

I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

Background

Environmental Resource Permits

The Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) regulates activities in, on, or over surface waters, as well as any activity that alters surface water flows, through environmental resource permits (ERPs). ERPs are required for development or construction activities typically involving the dredging or filling of surface waters, construction of flood protection facilities, building dams or reservoirs, or any other activities that affect state waters.¹ ERP applications are processed by either DEP or one of the state's water management districts (WMDs) in accordance with the division of responsibilities specified in operating agreements between DEP and the WMDs.²

ERP Exceptions

Current law provides exceptions from ERP³ permitting for certain types of projects.⁴ Generally, these permit exceptions restrict how the project is undertaken, provide size and location requirements, or provide for maintenance, repair, or replacement of existing structures.⁵ For example, state law provides exceptions from ERP permitting for the installation of overhead transmission lines with support structures that are not constructed in waters of the state and that do not create a navigational hazard, the installation and maintenance of certain boat ramps on artificial bodies of water where navigational access is provided, and the construction of private docks of 1,000 square feet or less of over-water surface area and seawalls in artificially created waterways when such construction will not violate existing water quality standards, impede navigation, or affect flood control.⁶ These exceptions do not relieve an applicant from obtaining permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund (Board) or a WMD or from complying with local pollution control programs or other requirements of local governments.⁵

ERP Exceptions for Docks

Included among the projects that are exempt from ERP permitting requirements is the installation and repair of mooring pilings and dolphins associated with private docking facilities or piers; the installation of private docks, piers, and recreational docking facilities; or the installation of piers and recreational docking facilities of local governmental entities when the entity's activities will not take place in any manatee habitat.8 This exemption applies when the dock:

- Has 500 square feet or less of over-water surface area and is located in an area designated as an Outstanding Florida Water or has 1,000 square feet or less of over-water surface area and is located in an area that is not designated as an Outstanding Florida Water;
- Is constructed on or held in place by pilings or is a floating dock constructed so as not to involve filling or dredging other than that necessary to install the pilings;
- Does not substantially impede the flow of water or create a navigational hazard;
- Is used for recreational, noncommercial activities associated with the mooring or storage of boats and boat paraphernalia; and

¹ South Florida Water Management District, *Environmental Resource Permits*, https://www.sfwmd.gov/doing-business-with-us/permits/environmental-resource-permits (last visited Mar. 1, 2023).

² DEP, Submerged Lands and Environmental Resources Coordination Program, https://floridadep.gov/water/submerged-lands-environmental-resources-coordination (last visited Mar. 1, 2023).

³ See chs. 373 and 403, F.S.

⁴ S. 403.813(1), F.S.

⁵ See s. 403.813(1)(a)-(v), F.S., see also r. 62-330.051, F.A.C.

⁶ *Id*.

⁷ S. 403.813(1), F.S.

⁸ S. 403.813(1)(b), F.S. **STORAGE NAME**: h0847.WST

Is the sole dock constructed pursuant to this exemption as measured along the shoreline for a
distance of 65 feet, unless the parcel of land or individual lot as platted is less than 65 feet in
length along the shoreline, in which case one exempt dock may be allowed per parcel or lot.9

ERP Exceptions for Floating Structures

Additionally, there is an ERP permit exemption for the construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts, provided that such structures:

- Float at all times in the water for the sole purpose of supporting a vessel so that the vessel is out of the water when not in use;
- Are wholly contained within a previously permitted boat slip or do not exceed a combined total
 of 500 square feet, or 200 square feet in an Outstanding Florida Water, when associated with a
 dock that is exempt from ERP permitting or associated with a permitted dock with no defined
 boat slip or attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure;
- Are not used for any commercial purpose or for mooring vessels that remain in the water when
 not in use, and do not substantially impede the flow of water, create a navigational hazard, or
 unreasonably infringe upon the riparian rights of adjacent property owners;
- Are constructed and used so as to minimize the adverse impacts to submerged lands, wetlands, shellfish areas, aquatic plant and animal species, and other biological communities, including locating such structures in areas where seagrasses are least dense adjacent to the dock or bulkhead; and
- Are not constructed in areas specifically prohibited for boat mooring under conditions of an ERP permit or other form of authorization issued by a local government.¹⁰

Structures that qualify for this exemption are not required to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board, and, with certain exceptions, may not be subject to any more stringent permitting requirements, registration requirements, or other regulation by any local government.¹¹ Local governments may require either permitting or one-time registration of floating vessel platforms.¹²

Effect of the Bill

The bill revises the ERP permitting exemption for certain floating structures by creating a presumption of compliance with any requirement to minimize adverse environmental impacts for structures that are associated with a dock on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure.

For purposes of the ERP permitting exemption for floating structures, the bill specifies that the term "local government" includes a charter county, a county that is required to implement a manatee protection plan, ¹³ or a county or municipality that establishes and administers a local pollution control program.

B. SECTION DIRECTORY:

- Section 1. Amends s. 403.813, F.S., to create a presumption of compliance for certain structures.
- Section 2. Provides an effective date of July 1, 2023.

II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

⁹ *Id*.

¹⁰ S. 403.813(1)(s), F.S.; Rule 62-330.428, F.A.C.

¹¹ Id.

¹² S. 403.813(1)(s), F.S.

¹³ Thirteen counties were required to implement manatee protection plans; these counties are Brevard, Broward, Citrus, Collier, Duval, Indian River, Lee, Martin, Miami-Dade, Palm Beach, Sarasota, St. Lucie, and Volusia. *See* Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, *Manatee Protection Plans – MPPs* https://myfwc.com/wildlifehabitats/wildlife/manatee/protection-plans/ (last visited Mar. 1, 2023).

1.	Revenues: None.
2.	Expenditures: None.
FIS	SCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:
1.	Revenues: None.
2.	Expenditures: None.
	RECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR: one.
	SCAL COMMENTS: one.
	III. COMMENTS
CC	ONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:
1	Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:
	Not applicable. This bill does not appear to require counties or municipalities to spend funds or take action requiring the expenditure of funds; reduce the authority that counties or municipalities have to raise revenues in the aggregate; or reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties or municipalities.
2.	Other:
	None.
	JLE-MAKING AUTHORITY: one.
	RAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS: one.
	IV. AMENDMENTS/COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

Not applicable.

B.

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By Senator Gruters

20231640 22-00188-23 A bill to be entitled

effective date.

An act relating to the installation of waterway markers; amending s. 327.40, F.S.; revising the application requirements for marking certain waters of this state; requiring all waterway markers to be affixed to certain structures or buoys beginning on a specified date; requiring state and local governmental entities to conform to such requirements by a specified date; making technical changes; reenacting ss. 327.4108(2)(a) and 403.813(1)(k), F.S., relating to the anchoring of vessels in anchoring limitation areas and to permits issued at district centers, respectively, to incorporate the amendments made to s.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

327.40, F.S., in references thereto; providing an

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Section 1. Section 327.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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327.40 Uniform waterway markers; installation requirements.-

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(1) Waters of this state shall be marked only in conformity with the United States Aids to Navigation System, 33 C.F.R. part 62.

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(2)(a) Application for marking inland lakes and state waters and any navigable waters under concurrent jurisdiction of the Coast Guard and the division must shall be made to the division, accompanied by a map locating the approximate

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placement of markers, a list of the markers to be placed, a statement of the specification of the markers <u>and the structure</u> or buoy to which the markers will be attached, a statement of the purpose of marking, and the names of persons responsible for the placement and upkeep of such markers <u>and structures</u>. The division shall do all of the following:

- $\underline{1.}$ will Assist the applicant to secure the proper permission from the Coast Guard where required, make such investigations as needed, and issue a permit.
- 2. The division shall Furnish the applicant with the information concerning the system adopted and the rules existing for placing and maintaining the markers.
- 3. The division shall Keep records of all approvals given and counsel with individuals, counties, municipalities, motorboat clubs, or other groups desiring to mark waterways for safety and navigation purposes in Florida.
- (b)1. \underline{A} No person or municipality, county, or other governmental entity \underline{may} not \underline{shall} place any uniform waterway marker in, on, or over the waters or shores of \underline{this} the state without a permit from the division.
- 2. The placement of information markers by counties, municipalities, or other governmental entities on inland lakes and their associated canals are exempt from permitting under this section.
- (3) All waterway markers, including waterway markers
 permitted on or after July 1, 2023, pursuant to this section and
 information markers placed by counties, municipalities, or other
 governmental entities, must be affixed to a plastic breakaway
 structure or a floating buoy. A state or local governmental

22-00188-23 20231640___

entity may not affix a waterway marker to a steel beam or wood piling. Any state or local governmental entity waterway marker affixed to a steel beam or wood piling before July 1, 2023, must be replaced with a waterway marker affixed to a plastic breakaway structure or floating buoy by January 1, 2024.

 $\underline{(4)}$ (c) The commission is authorized to adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120 to implement this section.

(5) (3) The placement under this section or s. 327.41 of any uniform waterway marker on state submerged lands does not subject such lands to the lease requirements of chapter 253.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 327.40, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 327.4108, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

327.4108 Anchoring of vessels in anchoring limitation areas.—

(2)(a) Notwithstanding s. 327.60(2)(f), a county, except for Monroe County, may establish, in accordance with this subsection, an anchoring limitation area adjacent to urban areas that have residential docking facilities and significant recreational boating traffic. The aggregate total of anchoring limitation areas in a county may not exceed 10 percent of the county's delineated navigable-in-fact waterways. As used in this subsection, the term "navigable-in-fact waterways" means waterways that are navigable in their natural or unimproved condition over which useful commerce or public recreation of a substantial and permanent character is or may be conducted in the customary mode of trade and travel on water. The term does not include lakes or streams that are theoretically navigable;

22-00188-23 20231640

have a potential for navigability; or are temporary, precarious, and unprofitable, but the term does include lakes or streams that have practical usefulness to the public as highways for transportation. Each anchoring limitation area must meet all of the following requirements:

- 1. Be less than 100 acres in size. For purposes of this subsection, the calculated size of the anchoring limitation area does not include any portion of the marked channel of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway contiguous to the anchoring limitation area;
 - 2. Not include any mooring field or marina; and
 - 3. Be clearly marked with all of the following:
- a. Signs that provide reasonable notice to boaters identifying the duration of time beyond which anchoring is limited and identifying the county ordinance by which the anchoring limitation area was created.
- b. Buoys. The county that has created an anchoring limitation area shall install and maintain buoys marking the boundary of the anchoring limitation area.

The signs and buoys must be permitted and installed in accordance with ss. 327.40 and 327.41 and commission rule.

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 327.40, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (k) of subsection (1) of section 403.813, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions.-
- (1) A permit is not required under this chapter, chapter 373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 or

22-00188-23 20231640

chapter 25270, 1949, Laws of Florida, and a local government may not require a person claiming this exception to provide further department verification, for activities associated with the following types of projects; however, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, this subsection does not relieve an applicant from any requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or a water management district in its governmental or proprietary capacity or from complying with applicable local pollution control programs authorized under this chapter or other requirements of county and municipal governments:

(k) The installation of aids to navigation and buoys associated with such aids, provided the devices are marked pursuant to s. 327.40.

Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.



MIAF - 2023 Regular Session

Ordered by Bill Number

Ordered by Bill Number		
HB 0027	Judgment Liens by Benjamin	
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcomm	mittee
	Actions	
	03/11/2023 HOUSE Committee Substitute Text (C1) Filed	
HB 0041	Land Development Initiative and Referendum Processes by Garcia (A)	
	Current Committee of Reference: House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee	;
	Actions	
	03/13/2023 HOUSE Committee Substitute Text (C1) Filed	
SB 0054	Land Acquisition Trust Fund by Rodriguez	
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment General Government	t, and
	Actions	
	SENATE Now in Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government	al
SB 0076	State Park Campsite Reservations by Hooper	
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment General Government	t, and
	Actions	
	SENATE On Committee agenda - Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environ and General Government, 03/14/23, 1:30 pm, 110 S	ment,
HB 0083	Yacht and Ship Brokers by LaMarca	
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcomm	mittee
	Actions	
	01/10/2023 HOUSE Now in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee	
SB 0100	Mangrove Replanting and Restoration by Garcia (I)	
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment General Government	t, and
	Actions	
	O3/06/2023 SENATE Now in Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government	al
HB 0109	State Park Campsite Reservations by Canady	
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee	
	Actions	
	00/00/0000 HOUGE Discord on Onlandon on Ondardian	

03/08/2023 HOUSE Placed on Calendar, on 2nd reading

HB 0111	Public Financing of Potentially At-risk Structures and Infrastructure by Hunschofsky
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	01/10/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
HB 0129	Requiring Broader Public Support for Constitutional Amendments or Revisions by Roth
	Current Committee of Reference: House Judiciary Committee
	Actions
	03/10/2023 HOUSE On Committee agenda - Judiciary Committee, 03/14/23, 3:00 pm, 404 H
HB 0135	Land Acquisition Trust Fund by Mooney, Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
	Actions
	01/17/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
SB 0150	Public Safety by Collins
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	03/10/2023 SENATE Placed on Calendar, on 2nd reading
SB 0172	Safe Waterways Act by Berman
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Health Policy
	Actions
	01/19/2023 SENATE Referred to Health Policy; Appropriations Committee on Health and Human Services; Fiscal Policy
HB 0175	Everglades Protection Area by Busatta Cabrera
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	01/17/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
HB 0177	Safe Waterways Act by Gossett-Seidman
	Current Committee of Reference: House Healthcare Regulation Subcommittee
	Actions
	01/17/2023 HOUSE Now in Healthcare Regulation Subcommittee
SB 0192	Everglades Protection Area by Avila
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Now in Environment and Natural Resources
HB 0215	Possession or Use of a Firearm in a Sensitive Location by Rayner-Goolsby
	Current Committee of Reference: House Criminal Justice Subcommittee
	Actions

	0 1/20/2020 TIO 0 02 TIO WIN OTHER MICE OUD COMMITTEES
HB 0261	Boating Safety by Botana
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/10/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
HB 0277	Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels by Hinson
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	01/20/2023 HOUSE Withdrawn prior to introduction
SB 0288	Florida Main Street Program and Historic Preservation Tax Credits by DiCeglie
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Finance and Tax
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE On Committee agenda - Finance and Tax, 03/14/23, 11:00 am, 37 S
SB 0320	Land Acquisition Trust Fund by Harrell
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
	Actions
	02/21/2023 SENATE Now in Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
SB 0346	Public Construction by DiCeglie
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Community Affairs
	Actions
	03/10/2023 SENATE On Committee agenda - Community Affairs, 03/15/23, 1:00 pm, 401 S
HB 0371	Management and Storage of Surface Waters by Killebrew
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/01/2023 HOUSE Now in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 0383	Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: House State Affairs Committee
	Actions
	02/28/2023 HOUSE Now in State Affairs Committee
SB 0406	Yacht and Ship Brokers by Hooper
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Regulated Industries
	Actions
	02/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Regulated Industries; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy
HB 0407	Apalachicola Bay Area of Critical State Concern by Shoaf

	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/01/2023 HOUSE Now in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 0423	Implementation of the Recommendations of the Blue-Green Algae Task Force by Cross
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/01/2023 HOUSE Now in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 0439	Land Use and Development Regulations by McClain
	Current Committee of Reference: House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/13/2023 HOUSE Committee Substitute Text (C1) Filed
SB 0456	Possession or use of a Firearm in a Sensitive Location by Berman
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Criminal Justice
	Actions
	02/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Criminal Justice; Judiciary; Rules
HB 0489	Professional Licensing Requirements for Barbers and Cosmetologists by Chambliss
	Current Committee of Reference: House Commerce Committee
	Actions
	02/23/2023 HOUSE Now in Commerce Committee
HB 0527	Office of the Blue Economy by Skidmore
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/07/2023 HOUSE Now in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
HB 0543	Public Safety by Brannan III
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	02/28/2023 HOUSE Placed on Calendar, on 2nd reading
SB 0546	Restoration of Osborne Reef by Avila
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
	Actions
	03/06/2023 SENATE Now in Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
HB 0547	Land Acquisition Trust Fund by Sirois
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
	Actions

	02/07/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
HB 0549	Operating Vehicles and Vessels Under the Influence by Casello
	Current Committee of Reference: House Criminal Justice Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/07/2023 HOUSE Now in Criminal Justice Subcommittee
HB 0559	Land Acquisition Funding by Roth
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/07/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
HB 0561	Mangrove Replanting and Restoration by Mooney, Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/07/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
HB 0571	Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels by Hinson
	Current Committee of Reference: House Criminal Justice Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/07/2023 HOUSE Now in Criminal Justice Subcommittee
HB 0641	Restoration of Osborne Reef by LaMarca
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/14/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
HB 0701	Wrecker and Towing-Storage Operators by Bell
	Current Committee of Reference: House Transportation & Modals Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/21/2023 HOUSE Now in Transportation & Modals Subcommittee
SB 0702	Apalachicola Bay Area of Critical State Concern by Simon
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	02/23/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy
SB 0712	Motor Vehicle Sales by Avila
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Transportation
	Actions
	02/23/2023 SENATE Referred to Transportation; Commerce and Tourism; Rules
HB 0713	Administrative Procedures and Permitting Process Review by McFarland
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee

	Actions	
	03/13/2023	HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 0724	Seagrass Re	estoration Technology Development Initiative by Boyd
	Current Con	nmittee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	SENATE On Committee agenda - Environment and Natural Resources, 03/14/23, 8:30 am, 301 S
SB 0728	Liveries by (Garcia (I)
	Current Con	nmittee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	SENATE On Committee agenda - Environment and Natural Resources, 03/14/23, 8:30 am, 301 S
HB 0739	Disposal of	Food Waste Material by Cassel
	Current Con	nmittee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions	
	02/21/2023	HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 0822	Specialty Li	cense Plates/Paddling in Florida by Berman
	Current Con	nmittee of Reference: Senate Transportation
	Actions	
	02/23/2023	SENATE Referred to Transportation; Appropriations Committee on Transportation,
	02/20/2020	Tourism, and Economic Development; Fiscal Policy
HB 0847		Tourism, and Economic Development; Fiscal Policy ssel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark
HB 0847	Floating Ves	
HB 0847	Floating Ves	ssel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark
HB 0847	Floating Ves	ssel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark
HB 0847 SB 0876	Floating Ves Current Con Actions 03/08/2023	ssel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark nmittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Floating Vest Current Contactions 03/08/2023 Review of E	ssel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark nmittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Floating Vest Current Contactions 03/08/2023 Review of E	ssel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark nmittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee mployment Contracts by Stewart
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SB 0876	Floating Vest Current Contactions 03/08/2023 Review of E Current Contactions 02/23/2023 Employer Contactions	Assel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark Inmittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee Imployment Contracts by Stewart Inmittee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Judiciary; Rules
SB 0876	Floating Vest Current Contactions 03/08/2023 Review of E Current Contactions 02/23/2023 Employer Contactions	Assel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark Inmittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee Imployment Contracts by Stewart Inmittee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Judiciary; Rules Overage of Gender Dysphoria Treatment by Ingoglia
SB 0876	Floating Vest Current Contactions 03/08/2023 Review of E Current Contactions 02/23/2023 Employer Contactions Current Contactions	Assel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark Inmittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee Imployment Contracts by Stewart Inmittee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Judiciary; Rules Overage of Gender Dysphoria Treatment by Ingoglia
SB 0876	Floating Vest Current Contactions 03/08/2023 Review of E Current Contactions 02/23/2023 Employer Contactions 02/28/2023	Annittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee In Indian Contracts by Stewart In Indian Contracts Senate Commerce and Tourism SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Judiciary; Rules In Indian Contracts Senate Health Policy SENATE Referred to Health Policy SENATE Referred to Health Policy; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture,
SB 0876	Floating Vest Current Contactions 03/08/2023 Review of E Current Contactions 02/23/2023 Employer Contactions 02/28/2023 Fill Material	Annittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee Indicates by Stewart Indicates of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Judiciary; Rules Indicates of Reference: Senate Health Policy SENATE Referred to Health Policy SENATE Referred to Health Policy; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy
SB 0876	Floating Vest Current Contactions 03/08/2023 Review of E Current Contactions 02/23/2023 Employer Contactions 02/28/2023 Fill Material	Annittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee mployment Contracts by Stewart mmittee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Judiciary; Rules overage of Gender Dysphoria Treatment by Ingoglia mmittee of Reference: Senate Health Policy SENATE Referred to Health Policy; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy for Reclamation Activities by Truenow
SB 0876	Floating Vest Current Contactions 03/08/2023 Review of E Current Contactions 02/23/2023 Employer Contactions 02/28/2023 Fill Material Current Contactions	Annittee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee HOUSE Temporarily Postponed by Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee mployment Contracts by Stewart mmittee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Judiciary; Rules overage of Gender Dysphoria Treatment by Ingoglia mmittee of Reference: Senate Health Policy SENATE Referred to Health Policy; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy for Reclamation Activities by Truenow

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HB 1013	COVID-19 Mandates and Treatment Options by Griffitts Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: House Health & Human Services Committee
	Actions
	02/28/2023 HOUSE Now in Health & Human Services Committee
HB 1015	Pub. Rec./COVID-19 Vaccination Mandates by Griffitts Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: House Health & Human Services Committee
	Actions
	02/28/2023 HOUSE Now in Health & Human Services Committee
SB 1028	Professional Licensing Requirements for Barbers and Cosmetologists by Stewart
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Regulated Industries
	Actions
	02/28/2023 SENATE Referred to Regulated Industries; Criminal Justice; Rules
SB 1044	Photographic Evidence of Illegally Taken Wildlife, Freshwater Fish, and Saltwater Fish by Martin
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	02/28/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Judiciary; Rules
SB 1082	Floating Vessel Platforms by DiCeglie
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	02/28/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules
HB 1103	Boating-restricted Areas by Tramont
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	02/28/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 1124	Employment of Ex-offenders by Calatayud
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Governmental Oversight and Accountability
	Actions
	03/02/2023 SENATE Referred to Governmental Oversight and Accountability; Criminal Justice; Rules
SB 1134	Outstanding Florida Springs by Gruters
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/02/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules
HB 1147	Resilience Districts by Buchanan
	Current Committee of Reference: House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/06/2023 HOUSE Now in Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee

HB 1157	Hunting and Fishing by Melo
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/06/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
HB 1161	Venomous Reptiles by Abbott
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/06/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 1170	Flooding and Sea Level Rise Vulnerability Studies by Calatayud
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE On Committee agenda - Environment and Natural Resources, 03/14/23, 8:30 am, 301 S
HB 1181	Seagrass Restoration by Robinson (W) Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/06/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
HB 1197	Land and Water Management by Maggard
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/06/2023 HOUSE Now in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
SB 1200	Resilience Districts by Grall
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Community Affairs
	Actions
	03/02/2023 SENATE Referred to Community Affairs; Finance and Tax; Fiscal Policy
HB 1229	Endangered and Threatened Species by Campbell
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/06/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 1230	Fill Material for Reclamation Activities by Brodeur
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/06/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules
HB 1265	Employer Coverage of Gender Dysphoria Treatment by Yarkosky
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/06/2023 HOUSE Now in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.22.

HB 1287	Universal Regulatory Sandbox by Giallombardo
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/06/2023 HOUSE Now in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
HB 1289	Pub. Rec. and Meetings/Regulatory Sandbox by Giallombardo
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/06/2023 HOUSE Now in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
SB 1298	Endangered and Threatened Species by Jones
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/06/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Agriculture; Rules
SB 1314	Boating-restricted Areas by Wright
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/06/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules
SB 1336	Disposal of Food Waste Materials Study by Polsky
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/06/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy
HB 1367	Unlawful Dumping by Altman
	Current Committee of Reference: House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/09/2023 HOUSE Now in Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee
SB 1368	Unlawful Dumping by Wright
3D 1300	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions 03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules
HB 1379	Pollutant Load Reduction by Steele
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/09/2023 HOUSE Now in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 1385	Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements by Basabe
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/09/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee

SB 1390	Universal R	egulatory Sandbox by Martin
	Current Cor	mmittee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development; Fiscal Policy
SB 1392	Public Reco	ords and Meetings/Universal Regulatory Sandbox by Martin
	Current Cor	nmittee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development; Fiscal Policy
HB 1403	Protections	of Medical Conscience by Rudman
	Current Cor	mmittee of Reference: House Healthcare Regulation Subcommittee
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	HOUSE Now in Healthcare Regulation Subcommittee
SB 1410	Requiring B	roader Public Support for Constitutional Amendments or Revisions by Gruters
	Current Cor	mmittee of Reference: Senate Ethics and Elections
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	SENATE Referred to Ethics and Elections; Judiciary; Rules
SB 1484	Office of the	e Blue Economy by Pizzo
	Current Cor	mmittee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development; Fiscal Policy
HB 1489	Designation	of Brevard Barrier Island Area as Area of Critical State Concern by Altman
	Current Cor	mmittee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
HB 1491	Marine Encr	roachment on Spaceflight and Military Operations by Altman
		mmittee of Reference: House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	HOUSE Now in Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee
SB 1502	Vessel Own	er and Operation Requirements by Rodriguez
		nmittee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions	
	03/09/2023	SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy
HB 1505	Outstanding	g Florida Springs by Grant

	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/09/2023 HOUSE Now in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 1521	Facility Requirements Based on Sex by Plakon
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/09/2023 HOUSE Now in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
SB 1538	Implementation of the Recommendations of the Blue-Green Algae Task Force by Stewart
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy
HB 1559	Review of Employment Contracts by Campbell
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/09/2023 HOUSE Now in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
SB 1574	Judgment Liens by Rouson
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Judiciary
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Judiciary; Banking and Insurance; Rules
SB 1580	Protections of Medical Conscience by Trumbull
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Health Policy
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Health Policy; Rules
HB 1587	Taking of Bears by Shoaf
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/09/2023 HOUSE Now in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 1602	Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels by Rouson
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Criminal Justice
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Criminal Justice; Appropriations Committee on Criminal and Civil Justice; Fiscal Policy
SB 1604	Land Use and Development Regulations by Ingoglia
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Community Affairs
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Community Affairs; Judiciary; Rules

SB 1640	Installation of Waterway Markers by Gruters
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Fiscal Policy
SB 1664	Economic Development by Hooper
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Commerce and Tourism; Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development; Fiscal Policy
SB 1666	Marine Encroachment on Spaceflight and Military Operations by Wright
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Community Affairs
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Community Affairs; Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security; Rules
SB 1674	Facility Requirements Based on Sex by Grall
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Rules
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Rules; Fiscal Policy
SB 1686	Designation of Brevard Barrier Island Area as an Area of Critical State Concern by Wright
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules
SB 1702	Mitigation Credits by DiCeglie
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	03/09/2023 SENATE Referred to Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules
HB 7003	OGSR/Water Management District Surplus Lands by Ethics, Elections & Open Government Subcommittee
	Comment Committee of Reference House State Affaire Committee
	Current Committee of Reference: House State Affairs Committee
	Actions