

### // FINAL REPORT

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The 2023 Legislative Session concluded May 5th with the passage of a \$117 billion budget. The budget is roughly \$5 billion more than the budget passed last Session.

The Legislative Session was unique with supermajorities in the Florida House of Representatives and Florida Senate. The Governor pushed an ambitious agenda and the Florida Legislature responded by passing his priorities. The House and Senate passed 320 general bills this Legislative Session.

Marine Industries Association of Florida had a very busy and productive Session. Marine Industries Association representatives from around the state came to Tallahassee to hear presentations on legislative issues of interest relating to boating, received an update from Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, met with the Chief Financial Officer and numerous Senators and Representatives to discuss boating priorities. The event was very successful and included discussing current boating issues for this Session and laying the groundwork for issues for next Session.

There were several issues on our radar this year. We were very busy with livery glitch issues from a bill that passed last year, proposed language on a septic pumpout issue, boating safety changes, and anchoring issues to name a few of the proposals we worked on this Session.

A quick recap of some of the issues we worked on this Session are below. A more detailed description of these issues can be found later in the report and as always, we attach copies of the bills for your review.

#### Livery

First, was the Livery Glitch Fix proposal from the Livery bill that passed last year. This was a difficult issue as other groups took an interest in this language and complicated the fix for the industry. The glitch fix was a priority for NMMA and Marine Industries. NMMA chose Rep. Botana and Senator Garcia to sponsor the glitch bill as they had sponsored the original bill. The sponsors filed different versions of the bill and it became obvious they had differing views on how to fix the current law.

Long story short, MIAF assisted NMMA in the last three weeks of Session to bring the glitch fix in for a landing. This bill was a challenge on so many fronts. We heard the original bills filed were in trouble of not passing and went to work immediately to find a vehicle.

We contacted Rep Berfield as she had the only vehicle to attach the livery glitch fix language. Rep Berfield graciously allowed us to amend her bill in committee. We attached the Botana latest livery language to her bill as we thought it had been vetted since it had previously passed committee. The House Insurance bill and Senate bill were now different, and the Senate bill was on the Senate floor. The bills must be identical to pass. NMMA worked very hard with the Senate leadership and the Senate sponsor to accept the language on the Senate floor. They accepted with a simple change. The Senate bill passed and then went to the House. The House accepted the simple change and the livery language passed in Senate Bill 418.

As we were dealing with all the technical issues passing the language in an insurance bill, we were alerted there was an issue with the language. We contacted the CFO's office and worked with his office and came to terms on negotiated language to clarify livery operators were not unlicensed sellers of insurance. We scrambled again and the CFO's office allowed us to amend their bill, HB 487 by Rep Salzman, in the Senate and bounced the bill back to the House where it ultimately passed. In short, there is livery language in two bills to clean everything up.

Status-HB 487 Re: Department of Financial Services has been signed by the Governor.

Status-SB 418 Re; Insurance has been signed by the Governor.

Botana's boating safety language and the anchoring restriction language in his bill did not pass this Session. MIAF had serious issues with mandatory boating safety programs for everyone.

#### **Septic Pumpout**

MIAF had concerns with language filed for a private yacht club. HB 1103 and SB 1314 relating to Boating Restricted areas did not pass, however, the language was filed to another bill. MIAF worked closely with Senator Mayfield and negotiated language to narrow the pumpout language. MIAF is grateful to Senator Mayfield for working with us to clarify the proposed language and alleviate our concerns. The negotiated language is in House Bill 847 relating to Floating Vessel Platforms.

Status-House Bill 847 passed with negotiated language and has been approved by the Governor.

HB571/SB1062 re Storage of Firearms of Vessels did not pass this Session.

HB1385/SB1502 re Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements. This was the bill with anchoring restrictions in Miami. MIAF spoke with the House sponsor to delete the language over a four-hour anchoring limitation and a national criminal search for vessels pulled over. Ultimately these bills did not pass. The language in this bill we had concerns with was not amended on the Botana Boating Safety bill. We thank Representative Basabe for listening to our concerns and working with us.

All in all, it was a very busy but successful Legislative Session for Marine Industries Association of Florida. As we are winding down from the 2023 Session, we have already started planning for 2024 and will be busy this summer tracking rulemaking and attending meetings on boating issues as required.

#### What to Expect Going Forward

We track 100s of bills every Session. As you can tell, it was a very busy Session, and we only expect it to get busier. We are already being contacted about issues for next year.

MIAF is hosting a call with the Legislative Committee to go over the 2023 Legislative Session and ask chapters to bring their state issues to this call for discussion.

We are anticipating more discussions on boating safety, marine fuel tax, anchoring, interactive statewide map, on water law enforcement, boating restricted areas, etc.

Below are some dates already in the books for the upcoming Session.

#### **Interim Committee Meetings**

September 18-22, 2023

October 9-13, 2023

October 16-20, 2023

November 6-9, 2023

November 13-17, 2023

December 4-7, 2023

December 11-15

#### 2024 Legislative Session

First Day

January 9, 2024

#### **Budget**

Below are a few of the final appropriations we were following this Session. The appropriations below were included in the Conference Report for Senate Bill 2500. The Governor has not acted on the Conference Report as of the writing of this report.

The total budget for the Fiscal Year 23-24 Appropriation Conference Report is \$117 billion. The breakdown is \$46.5 billion General Revenue and \$70.5 billion in Trust Funds.

# Budget & Tax Package Conference Report SB 2500 Marine Industries Association

1804 FIXED CAPITAL OUTLAY CORAL REEF RESTORATION

FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND . . . . 9,500,000

Funds in Specific Appropriation 1804 are provided to implement Florida's Coral Reef Restoration and Recovery (FCR3) Initiative to enter into agreements with academic and private partnerships to establish, expand, and maintain in-state propagation and grow-out facilities; develop and implement strategies and site-specific restoration plans including curriculum for a trained workforce; and reinforce and expand restoration efforts across Florida's Coral Reef.

1806 SPECIAL CATEGORIES CORAL REEF PROTECTION AND RESTORATION

FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND . . . . 8,000,000

Funds in Specific Appropriation 1806 are provided for coral reef restoration and protection efforts.

1821 GRANTS AND AIDS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND NONSTATE ENTITIES - FIXED CAPITAL OUTLAY

FROM FEDERAL GRANTS TRUST FUND . . . 500,000

1868 FIXED CAPITAL OUTLAY BOATING INFRASTRUCTURE

FROM FEDERAL GRANTS TRUST FUND . . . 4,000,000

1877 SPECIAL CATEGORIES BOAT RAMP MAINTENANCE CATEGORY

FROM FEDERAL GRANTS TRUST FUND . . . 1,279,730

FROM MARINE RESOURCES CONSERVATION TRUST FUND . . . . . . . . . . . . . 67,048

FROM STATE GAME TRUST FUND . . . . 143,750

1881 SPECIAL CATEGORIES BOATING AND WATERWAYS ACTIVITIES

1887 SPECIAL CATEGORIES BOATING SAFETY EDUCATION PROGRAM

FROM MARINE RESOURCES CONSERVATION TRUST FUND . . . . . . . . . . . . . 625,650

1889 GRANTS AND AIDS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND NONSTATE ENTITIES - FIXED CAPITAL OUTLAY FLORIDA BOATING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

FROM MARINE RESOURCES CONSERVATION TRUST FUND
FROM STATE GAME TRUST FUND 1,250,000
1961 GRANTS AND AIDS TO LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND NONSTATE ENTITIES - FIXED CAPITAL OUTLAY ARTIFICIAL FISHING REEF CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM
FROM GENERAL REVENUE FUND 10,000,000
FROM FEDERAL GRANTS TRUST FUND 300,000
FROM MARINE RESOURCES CONSERVATION TRUST FUND

From the funds in Specific Appropriation 1961, \$10,000,000 in nonrecurring funds from the General Revenue Fund is provided to the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission for the purpose of establishing and implementing a framework for the placement, monitoring, and maintenance of artificial habitat in Monroe County.

## Tax Package House Bill 7063 Signed by the Governor

The Florida Legislature passed an extensive tax package this year. The bill has been signed by the Governor and is law. There are several tax holidays in the new law. Below are the dates for the tax holiday for this fiscal year.

#### **Back to School Tax Holidays**

July 24-August 26, 2023

January 1-January 14, 2024

#### Disaster Preparedness Tax Holidays

May 27-June 9, 2023

August 26-September 8,2023

#### "Freedom Summer" Tax Holiday

May 29-September 4,2023

#### "Tool Time" Tax Holiday

September 2-September 8,2023

Below you will find a few of the bills we have highlighted and their final actions.

#### **Bills of Interest**

HB 571 by Representative Hinson and SB 1602 by Senator Rouson relating to Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels- The House Bill has three committee references. The first committee reference is the House Criminal Justice Subcommittee. The Senate Bill also has three committee references. The first committee stop is the Senate Criminal Justice Committee. The bill requires a person to store their firearm loaded or unloaded from ordinary observation and in a locked trunk, utility or glove box or another locked container or secured device mechanism that is securely affixed to the private conveyance or vessel. This is a separate bill and is not currently part of the permitless carry bill anticipated to pass this Legislative Session.

The House Bill and Senate Bill were not heard in their first committees of reference. The bills did not pass this Session.

HB 261 by Representative Botana relating to Boating Safety and SB 728 by Senator Garcia relating to Liveries-These bills are still not identical and are comparable. These bills were originally supposed to be glitch bills to fix the livery insurance issue from last Legislative Session. MIAF was on board to fix the livery issues, but unfortunately the House Bill went further than just a glitch fix for liveries and was originally filed to make everyone boating in Florida have a boating safety card. (Currently Florida law is anyone born on or after January 1, 1988, may not operate a vessel with ten horsepower or more unless they have a state issued identification card or drivers license indication they are in possession of a boating safety card issued by the commission, an International Certificate of Competency, a boating safety card or certificate from another state or U.S. Territory, or a Canadian Pleasure Craft Operator card.) The House Bill was placed on the agenda the first week in the House Agriculture, Conservation and Resiliency Committee. The bill was amended to now state that anyone born on or after January 1,1960, now must take the boating safety course.

As we expected, Representative Botana offered an amendment to change the date to January 1, 1978, in the House Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee the second committee of reference. The amended bill passed the House Agriculture and Natural Resources Committee as a Committee Substitute for Committee Substitute for House Bill 261 unanimously. MIAF was not ok with this amendment and preferred language requiring a moving violation in a vessel be required to take boating safety course as it addresses concerns raised about boaters on state waters.

Marine Industries Association of Florida again worked with other Marine Industries Associations to offer the sponsor alternative language respectfully requesting language requiring individuals who receive a moving violation must take the boating safety course and require FWC to post a brochure on their website.

Several MIAs and NMMA participated in a conference call with Representative Botana to discuss current boating issues including a potential amendment to his bill and future boating issues to be included in an OPPAGA study. Everyone agreed to work on language for an OPPAGA study.

As reported earlier, Representative Botana filed a comprehensive amendment encompassing many of the requests made by several MIAs on the boating safety issue. The delete all contains other provisions including an additional anchoring limitation in Biscayne Bay. The bill also contains changes to the livery language originally filed by Representative Botana

CS/CS/HB 261 passed in its last committee of reference House Infrastructure Strategies Committee on April 10th. CS/CS/CS/HB 261 passed 21-0. CS/CS/CSHB 261 passed on the House Special Order Calendar April 25th. The Senate bill is very different from the House version.

The Senate Bill passed the Senate Environmental and Natural Resources Committee meeting on March 14th without any amendments. The bill currently does not contain the boating safety language. The Senate Bill was heard in the second committee of reference, Senate Commerce Committee on March 27th and passed

unanimously with an amendment. The bill is now Committee Substitute for Senate Bill 728 and has one more committee stop before it is ready for the floor. CS/SB 728 was not heard in the Senate Rules Committee during the eighth week. The Senate bill does not contain boating safety language or anchoring language.

CS/CS/HB 261 and CS/SB 728 did not pass this Session.

MIAF, MIAPB and NMMA worked with Representative Berfield to add the livery glitch fix to her insurance bill in the House Commerce Committee last week. The language was successfully added to **House Bill 505** in the Commerce Committee. NMMA then went to work in the Senate and was successful in getting livery glitch language added to the Senate companion on the Senate floor. The livery glitch fix language is now in **Senate Bill 418** that was just signed by the Governor.

Ultimately, after lots of negotiating and scrambling, livery glitch language passed in two separate bills. The language from the Botana bill that was amended to the Insurance bills passed after bouncing. Senate Bill 418 passed the House of Representatives twice and the Senate once. The House votes were 119-0 and 110-0 and the Senate voted 39-0. The bill has been sent to the Governor for approval. As of the writing of this report, he has not acted on the bill.

The other glitch language added in the last days of the Legislative Session is House Bill 487 by Representative Salzman. The bill passed the House twice and the Senate once. The House floor votes were 75-40 and 112-0 and the Senate floor vote was 37-0. House Bill 487 has been approved by the Governor and is now Chapter Law 2023-144.

House Bill 1385 by Representative Basabe and Senate Bill 1502 by Rodriquez relating to Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements-MIAF is concerned with provisions of these bills as filed. We met with Representative Basabe and FWC to discuss our issues with the bill. We had a wonderful meeting with the Representative and his staff. We discussed our concerns with the four-hour limitation and the national criminal search components of the bill. We anticipate an amendment will be filed to the bill and eliminate these issues. The bill will still add anchoring restrictions to specific waterbodies in Miami Dade. We also suggested proviso language for more on the water law enforcement in the Miami area. House Bill 1385 has three committees of reference and has not been heard in the first committee of reference. The House Bill was not heard during the eighth week. A portion of HB 1385 adding an additional limited anchoring area to the statute in Biscayne Bay was passed in a "delete all" amendment to House Bill 261 by Representative Botana. CS/CS/CS/HB 261 passed on the House floor. The Senate companion, Senate Bill 1502 is identical to House Bill 1385. The Senate Bill also has three committees of reference. The Senate Bill is sponsored by the Chair of the Senate Environment and Natural Resources Committee, Senator Rodriguez. Senate Environment and Natural Resources is the first committee stop in the Senate. The Senate Bill passed the first committee of reference 9-0 without any amendments. The Senate Bill has two more committee stops and was temporarily passed in its second committee of reference.

The bills did not pass this Session. The anchoring language did not pass both Chambers this Session in CS/CS/CS HB 261.

House Bill 1103 by Representative Tramont and Senate Bill 1314 by Senator Wright relating to Boating Restricted Areas- The bills would add to the Boating Restricted area statute an ordinance establishing a slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted area, if the area is within 500 feet of any private or public marina pumpout. This new language adds "private" to the statute and does not require fuel.

Both the House Bill and Senate Bill have three committees of reference. The Senate bill passed the Senate Environment and Natural Resources Committee agenda during the third week unanimously. We have offered the Senate sponsor amendment language to the bill. The Senate Bill was not scheduled to be heard in the

second committee of reference. The House passed its first committee of reference, the House Agriculture, Conservation and Resiliency Subcommittee on March 27th. We continue to work with other boating groups to offer the House and Senate sponsors amendment language to the bills. The House bill has two more committee stops.

As expected, this language was placed in a comprehensive proposed committee substitute amendment on **House Bill 847 relating to Floating Vessel Platforms**. We immediately started to work to secure amendment language to narrow the original language. We are happy to report we were able to successfully negotiate language that was acceptable to all parties. The agreed upon language passed House Bill 847 and Senate Bill 1082. We will continue to monitor this language in the Floating Vessel Platforms bill. We anticipate the Floating Vessel Platform bills to pass this Legislative Session.

CS/CS/HB 847 relating to Vessels passed on the House and Senate floor. The negotiated septic pumpout language was included in this proposed legislation. The House floor vote was 113-2 and the Senate floor vote was 39-0.

The Governor has approved this bill and the Chapter Law number is 2023-15.

**SB 1640 by Senator Gruters relating to Waterway Markers**-The Senate Bill does not have a linked companion bill currently. The bill has three committees of reference and was not heard the seventh week and is not scheduled on the Senate Environment and Natural Resources Committee during the eighth week. The Senate Environment and Natural Resources Committee is not scheduled to have any other committees. Simply, the bill requires all waterway markers including informational markers placed by local governments to be attached to a plastic breakaway structure or floating buoy. It bans state and local governments from affixing waterway markers to steel or wood pilings.

This proposed legislation did not pass this Session.

These are just a few of the bills we were tracking for you this Legislative Session. We have attached our entire tracking list for your convenience.

Thank you for allowing us to be your voice in Tallahassee!

Margaret "Missy" Timmins

President

Timmins Consulting, LLC

#### // BOATING SAFETY / LIVERIES

Senate Bill 728 // Sen. Garcia // Referred to: Senate Environment and Natural Resources; Senate Commerce and Tourism; Senate Rules (Current Reference)

House Bill 261 // Rep. Botana // Referred to: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee; House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee; House Infrastructure Strategies Committee (Current Reference)

HOUSE/SENATE BILL RELATIONSHIP: COMPARE

**Senate Bill 728**: Liveries; Revising safety requirements for liveries and requiring hands-on instruction that meets specified requirements; revising insurance requirements for liveries and renters; authorizing the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission to enter into agreements with qualified contractors to perform compliance inspections of liveries; requiring liveries to make facilities and records available for inspection by the qualified contractors within a specified timeframe, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

Most Recent Action: 05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Rules

**House Bill 261:** Boating Safety: Revises requirement for persons born before specified date to have certain identification & boating safety documentation in their possession while operating vessel; requires liveries to provide hands-on instruction that meets specified requirements; provides exemption from certain safety requirements if renters or lessees hire professional captain; removes requirement that livery obtain & carry insurance that also insures renters & lessees. Effective Date: July 1, 2023

Most Recent Action: 05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Rules

#### // STORAGE OF FIREARMS IN PRIVATE CONVEYANCES AND VESSELS

Senate Bill 1602 // Sen. Rouson // Referred to: Senate Criminal Justice (Current Reference); Senate Appropriations Committee on Criminal and Civil Justice; Senate Fiscal Policy

House Bill 571 // Rep. Hinson // Referred to: House Criminal Justice Subcommittee (Current Reference); House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee; House Judiciary Committee

RELATIONSHIP: SIMILAR

Senate Bill 1602: Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels; Prohibiting the

storage of firearms in unoccupied private conveyances and vessels unless done in a specified manner; providing definitions; requiring local law enforcement agencies to engage in a certain promotional campaign, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

Most Recent Action: 05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Criminal Justice

**House Bill 571:** Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels: Prohibits storage of firearms in unoccupied private conveyances & vessels unless done in specified manner; requires law enforcement agencies to engage in promotional campaign; directs counties to adopt specified ordinances concerning parental responsibility for gun thefts from conveyances & vessels by their minor children. Effective Date: July 1, 2023

Most Recent Action: 05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Criminal Justice Subcommittee

#### // VESSEL OWNER AND OPERATION REQUIREMENTS

Senate Bill 1502 // Sen. Rodriguez // Referred to: Senate Environment and Natural Resources; Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government (Current Reference); Senate Fiscal Policy

House Bill 1385 // Rep. Basabe // Referred to: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee (Current Reference); House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee; House Infrastructure Strategies Committee

HOUSE/SENATE BILL RELATIONSHIP: IDENTICAL

**Senate Bill 1502**: Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements; Revising anchoring limitation areas in certain sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County; revising the timeframe during which a person may anchor a vessel in an anchoring limitation area within which such anchoring would otherwise be unlawful; requiring law enforcement officers to conduct national criminal background checks for vessel owners who are issued citations for specified violations, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

**Most Recent Action:** 05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government

**House Bill 1385**: Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements: Revises anchoring limitation areas in certain sections of Biscayne Bay in Miami-Dade County; revises timeframe during which person may anchor vessel in anchoring limitation area within which such anchoring

would otherwise be unlawful; requires law enforcement officers to conduct national criminal background checks for vessel owners who are issued citations for specified violations. Effective Date: July 1,2023

**Most Recent Action:** 05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee

#### // BOATING-RESTRICTED AREAS

Senate Bill 1314 // Sen. Wright // Referred to: Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs (Current Reference); Rules

House Bill 1103 // Rep. Tramont // Referred to: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee; House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee (Current Reference); House Infrastructure Strategies Committee

HOUSE/SENATE BILL RELATIONSHIP: IDENTICAL

**Senate Bill 1314**: Authorizes counties & municipalities to establish within certain portions of Florida Intracoastal Waterway slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted areas within specified distance from private or public marina pumpouts. Effective Date: July 1,2023

Most Recent Action: 05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Community Affairs

**House Bill 1103:** Boating-restricted Areas: Authorizes counties & municipalities to establish within certain portions of Florida Intracoastal Waterway slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted areas within specified distance from private or public marina pumpouts. Effective Date: July 1,2023

**Most Recent Action:** 05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee

#### // FLOATING VESSEL PLATFORMS AND FLOATING BOAT LIFTS

Senate Bill 1082 // Sen. DiCeglie // Referred to: Environment and Natural Resources; Community Affairs; Rules (Current Reference)



### House Bill 847 // Rep. Stark // Referred to: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee; House Infrastructure Strategies Committee (Current Reference)

HOUSE/SENATE BILL RELATIONSHIP: IDENTICAL

**Senate Bill 1082**: Removing a provision authorizing local governments to require permitting for certain floating vessel platforms; revising conditions under which local governments may require one-time registrations of floating vessel platforms, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

**Most Recent Action:** 05/02/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0847; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 0847

**House Bill 847:** Floating Vessel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts: Removes provision authorizing local governments to require permitting for certain floating vessel platforms; revises conditions under which local governments may require one-time registrations of floating vessel platforms. Effective Date: July 1, 2023

**Most Recent Action:** 05/16/2023 Signed by Officers and presented to Governor (Governor must act on this bill by 05/31/23); 05/25/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-151

#### // INSTALLATION OF WATERWAY MARKERS

Senate Bill 1640 // Sen. Gruters // Referred to: Senate Environment and Natural Resources (Current Reference); Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government; Senate Fiscal Policy

**Senate Bill 1640**: Installation of Waterway Markers; Revising the application requirements for marking certain waters of this state; requiring all waterway markers to be affixed to certain structures or buoys beginning on a specified date; requiring state and local governmental entities to conform to such requirements by a specified date, etc. Effective Date: 7/1/2023

Most Recent Action: 05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Environment and Natural Resources

CS/CS/HB487, Engrossed 2

2023 Legislature

1 2 An act relating to the Department of Financial 3 Services; amending s. 20.121, F.S.; revising powers 4 and duties of the Division of Investigative and 5 Forensic Services of the Department of Financial 6 Services; deleting provisions relating to 7 establishment of the department's Strategic Markets 8 Research and Assessment Unit; amending s. 112.215, 9 F.S.; redefining the term "employee" as "government employee" and revising the definition of the term; 10 11 revising eligibility for plans of deferred compensation established by the Chief Financial 12 13 Officer; revising the membership of the Deferred Compensation Advisory Council; making technical 14 changes; amending s. 215.55952, F.S.; revising the 15 16 intervals in which the Chief Financial Officer must provide the Governor and the Legislature with a report 17 18 on the economic impact of certain hurricanes; amending 19 s. 274.01, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "governmental unit" for purposes of ch. 274, F.S.; 20 amending s. 440.13, F.S.; authorizing, rather than 21 22 requiring, a judge of compensation claims to order an 23 injured employee's evaluation by an expert medical 24 advisor under certain circumstances; revising the schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances 25

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CS/CS/HB487, Engrossed 2

2023 Legislature

determined by the three-member panel under the Workers' Compensation Law; revising reimbursement requirements for certain providers; requiring the department to annually notify carriers and selfinsurers of certain schedules; requiring the publication of such schedules in a certain manner; providing construction; revising factors the panel must consider in establishing the uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances; deleting certain standards for practice parameters; amending s. 440.385, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for the board of directors of the Florida Self-Insurers Guaranty Association, Incorporated; authorizing the Chief Financial Officer to remove a director under certain circumstances; specifying requirements for, and restrictions on, directors; prohibiting directors and employees of the association from knowingly accepting certain gifts or expenditures; providing penalties; amending s. 497.005, F.S.; adding and revising definitions for purposes of the Florida Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services Act; amending s. 624.1265, F.S.; revising conditions for a nonprofit religious organization to be exempt from requirements of the Florida Insurance Code; amending s. 624.501, F.S.; deleting an application filing and license fee

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CS/CS/HB487, Engrossed 2

2023 Legislature

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for reinsurance intermediaries; amending s. 626.015,
F.S.; revising the definition of the term
"association" for purposes of part I of ch. 626, F.S.;
amending s. 626.171, F.S.; deleting the authority of
designated examination centers to take fingerprints of
applicants for a license as an agent, customer
representative, adjuster, service representative, or
reinsurance intermediary; amending s. 626.173, F.S.;
providing that a certain notice requirement for
certain licensed insurance agencies ceasing the
transacting of insurance does not apply to certain
kinds of insurance; amending s. 626.207, F.S.;
revising violations for which the department must
adopt rules establishing specific penalties; amending
s. 626.221, F.S.; adding a certification that exempts
an applicant for license as an all-lines adjuster from
an examination requirement; amending s. 626.2815,
F.S.; revising continuing education requirements for
certain insurance representatives; amending s.
626.321, F.S.; deleting certain requirements for, and
restrictions on, licensees of specified limited
licenses; adding a limited license for transacting
preneed funeral agreement insurance; specifying
conditions for issuing such license without an
examination; amending s. 626.611, F.S.; revising
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CS/CS/HB487, Engrossed 2

2023 Legislature

specified grounds for compulsory disciplinary actions taken by the department against insurance representatives; amending s. 626.621, F.S.; adding grounds for discretionary disciplinary actions taken by the department against insurance representatives; amending s. 626.7315, F.S.; authorizing a livery operator, without a license or an appointment but subject to certain conditions, to offer certain coverage to renters; amending s. 626.7492, F.S.; revising definitions of the terms "producer" and "reinsurance intermediary manager"; revising licensure requirements for reinsurance intermediary brokers and reinsurance intermediary managers; deleting the authority of the department to refuse to issue a reinsurance intermediary license under certain circumstances; amending s. 626.752, F.S.; requiring the department to suspend the authority of an insurer or employer to appoint licensees under certain circumstances relating to the exchange of insurance business; amending s. 626.785, F.S.; authorizing certain persons to obtain a limited license to sell only policies of life insurance covering the expense of a prearrangement for funeral services or merchandise; amending ss. 626.793 and 626.837, F.S.; requiring the department to suspend the authority of

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CS/CS/HB487, Engrossed 2

2023 Legislature

an insurer or employer to appoint licensees under certain circumstances relating to the acceptance of excess or rejected insurance business; amending s. 626.8411, F.S.; providing that certain notice requirements do not apply to title insurance agents or title insurance agencies; amending s. 626.8437, F.S.; adding grounds for compulsory disciplinary actions taken by the department against a title insurance agent or agency; amending s. 626.844, F.S.; adding grounds for discretionary disciplinary actions taken by the department against a title insurance agent or agency; amending s. 626.8473, F.S.; revising requirements for engaging in the business as an escrow agent in connection with real estate closing transactions; amending s. 626.854, F.S.; revising applicability of a prohibited act relating to public insurance adjusters; amending s. 626.874, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for the department's issuance of licenses to catastrophe or emergency adjusters; revising grounds on which the department may deny such license; amending s. 626.9892, F.S.; revising a condition and adding violations for which the department may pay rewards under the Anti-Fraud Reward Program; amending s. 626.9957, F.S.; providing for the expiration of a health coverage navigator's

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registration under certain circumstances; specifying a restriction on expired registrations; amending s. 627.351, F.S.; revising requirements for membership of the Florida Medical Malpractice Joint Underwriting Association; specifying a requirement for filling vacancies; authorizing the Chief Financial Officer to remove board members under certain circumstances; providing requirements for, and restrictions on, board members; providing penalties; amending s. 627.4215, F.S.; specifying the health insurers that are required to make certain disclosure relating to behavioral health insurance care services available on their websites and in notices to their insureds; amending s. 627.7015, F.S.; providing that a disputed property insurance claim is not eligible for mediation until certain conditions are met; providing construction; providing that fees for a rescheduled mediation conference be assessed by the department rather than the administrator; authorizing the department to suspend an insurer's authority to appoint licensees under certain circumstances; amending s. 627.7074, F.S.; authorizing the department to designate, by written contract or agreement, an entity or a person to administer the alternative dispute resolution process for sinkhole insurance claims; amending s.

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627.745, F.S.; revising requirements and procedures for the mediation of personal injury claims under a motor vehicle insurance policy; requiring the department to adopt specified rules relating to a motor vehicle claims insurance mediation program; authorizing the department to designate a person or entity to serve as administrator; amending s. 631.141, F.S.; authorizing the department in receivership proceedings to take certain actions as a domiciliary receiver; amending s. 631.252, F.S.; revising conditions under which policies and contracts of insolvent insurers are canceled; amending ss. 631.56, 631.716, 631.816, and 631.912, F.S.; revising membership eligibility requirements for the Florida Insurance Guaranty Association, the Florida Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association, the Florida Health Maintenance Organization Consumer Assistance Plan, and the Florida Workers' Compensation Insurance Guaranty Association, Incorporated, respectively; authorizing the Chief Financial Officer to remove a board member under certain circumstances; specifying requirements for, on restrictions on, board members; providing penalties; creating s. 633.1423, F.S.; defining the term "organization"; authorizing the Division of State Fire Marshal to establish a direct-

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support organization; specifying the purpose of and
requirements for the organization; specifying
requirements for the organization's written contract
and board of directors; providing requirements for the
use of property, annual budgets and reports, an annual
audit, and the division's receipt of proceeds;
authorizing moneys received to be held in a depository
account; providing for future repeal; amending s.
634.181, F.S.; adding grounds for compulsory
disciplinary actions by the department against motor
vehicle service agreement salespersons; requiring the
department to immediately temporarily suspend a
license or appointment under certain circumstances;
prohibiting a person from transacting insurance
business after such suspension; authorizing the
department to adopt rules; amending s. 634.191, F.S.;
revising grounds for discretionary disciplinary
actions by the department against motor vehicle
service agreement salespersons; requiring salespersons
to submit certain documents to the department;
authorizing the department to adopt rules; amending s.
634.320, F.S.; revising grounds for compulsory
disciplinary actions by the department against home
warranty association sales representatives; requiring
the department to immediately temporarily suspend a

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license or appointment under certain circumstances;
prohibiting a person from transacting insurance
business after such suspension; authorizing the
department to adopt rules; amending s. 634.321, F.S.;
revising grounds for discretionary disciplinary
actions by the department against home warranty
association sales representatives; authorizing the
department to adopt rules; amending s. 634.419, F.S.;
providing that specified home solicitation sale
requirements do not apply to certain persons relating
to the solicitation of service warranty or related
service or product sales; amending s. 634.422, F.S.;
revising grounds for compulsory disciplinary actions
by the department against service warranty association
sales representatives; requiring the department to
immediately temporarily suspend a license or
appointment under certain circumstances; prohibiting a
person from transacting insurance business after such
suspension; authorizing the department to adopt rules;
amending s. 634.423, F.S.; revising grounds for
discretionary disciplinary actions by the department
against service warranty association sales
representatives; authorizing the department to adopt
rules; reordering and amending s. 648.25, F.S.;
defining and redefining terms; amending s. 648.26,

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F.S.; authorizing certain actions by the department or the Office of Insurance Regulation relating to certain confidential records relating to bail bond agents; amending s. 648.27, F.S.; deleting a provision relating to the continuance of a temporary bail bond agent license; amending s. 648.285, F.S.; revising requirements, conditions, and procedures for a bail bond agency license; providing applicability; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 648.30, F.S.; revising requirements and conditions for the licensure and appointment as a bail bond agent or bail bond agency; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 648.31, F.S.; specifying that there is no fee for the issuance of any appointment to a bail bond agency; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 648.34, F.S.; revising qualifications for a bail bond agent license; conforming a provision to changes made by the act; amending s. 648.355, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to temporary licenses as a limited surety agent or professional bail bond agent; specifying requirements for an individual licensed as a temporary bail bond agent to qualify for bail bond agent license; prohibiting the department from issuing a temporary bail bond agent license beginning on a

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specified date; providing construction relating to
existing temporary licenses; amending s. 648.382,
F.S.; revising requirements for the appointment of
bail bond agents or bail bond agencies; conforming a
provision to changes made by the act; amending s.
648.386, F.S.; defining the term "classroom
instruction"; revising requirements for approval and
certification as an approved limited surety agent and
professional bail bond agent continuing education
school; amending s. 648.387, F.S.; renaming primary
bail bond agents as bail bond agents in charge;
revising the department's disciplinary authority;
revising prohibited actions and the applicability of
such prohibitions; providing for the automatic
expiration of a bail bond agency license under certain
circumstances; creating s. 648.3875, F.S.; providing
requirements for applying for designation as a bail
bond agent in charge; amending s. 648.39, F.S.;
revising applicability of provisions relating to
termination of appointments of certain agents and
agencies; repealing s. 648.41, F.S., relating to
termination of appointment of temporary bail bond
agents; amending s. 648.42, F.S.; conforming a
provision to changes made by the act; making a
technical change; amending s. 648.44, F.S.; revising

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applicability of prohibited acts; revising and specifying prohibited acts of bail bond agents and bail bond agencies; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 648.441, F.S.; revising applicability of a prohibition against furnishing supplies to an unlicensed bail bond agent; amending s. 648.46, F.S.; authorizing certain actions by the department or the office relating to certain confidential records relating to bail bond agents; amending s. 648.50, F.S.; revising applicability of provisions relating to disciplinary actions taken by the department; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 717.135, F.S.; revising a requirement for, and a prohibition on, claimants' representatives relating to unclaimed property recovery agreements and purchase agreements; providing construction; amending s. 843.021, F.S.; revising a defense to an unlawful possession of a concealed handcuff key; amending ss. 631.152, 631.398, and 903.09, F.S.; conforming cross-references; ratifying specified rules of the Florida Administrative Code relating to "Florida Workers' Compensation Health Care Provider Reimbursement Manual," "Health Care Provider Medical Billing and Reporting Responsibilities," and "Insurer Authorization and Medical Bill Review

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Responsibilities"; providing construction; providing effective dates.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and subsection (6) of section 20.121, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

20.121 Department of Financial Services.—There is created

309 a Department of Financial Services.

- (2) DIVISIONS.—The Department of Financial Services shall consist of the following divisions and office:
- (e) The Division of Investigative and Forensic Services, which shall function as a criminal justice agency for purposes of ss. 943.045-943.08. The division may initiate and conduct investigations into any matter under the jurisdiction of the Chief Financial Officer and Fire Marshal within or outside of this state as it deems necessary. If, during an investigation, the division has reason to believe that any criminal law of this state or the United States has or may have been violated, it shall refer any records tending to show such violation to state or federal law enforcement and, if applicable, federal or prosecutorial agencies and shall provide investigative assistance to those agencies as appropriate required. The division shall include the following bureaus and office:
  - 1. The Bureau of Forensic Services;

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- 3262. The Bureau of Fire, Arson, and Explosives327 Investigations;
  - 3. The Office of Fiscal Integrity, which shall have a separate budget;
    - 4. The Bureau of Insurance Fraud; and
    - 5. The Bureau of Workers' Compensation Fraud.
  - (6) STRATEGIC MARKETS RESEARCH AND ASSESSMENT UNIT.-The Strategic Markets Research and Assessment Unit is established within the Department of Financial Services. The Chief Financial Officer or his or her designee shall report on September 1, 2008, and quarterly thereafter, to the Cabinet, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the status of the state's financial services markets. At a minimum, the report must include a summary of issues, trends, and threats that broadly impact the condition of the financial services industries, along with the effect of such conditions on financial institutions, the securities industries, other financial entities, and the credit market. The Chief Financial Officer shall also provide findings and recommendations regarding regulatory and policy changes to the Cabinet, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. Section 2. Subsections (2) and (4), paragraph (a) of subsection (8), and subsection (12) of section 112.215, Florida

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Statutes, are amended to read:

112.215 Government employees; deferred compensation

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352 program.-353 For the purposes of this section, the term "government 354 employee" means any person employed, whether appointed, elected, 355 or under contract, by providing services for the state or any 356 governmental unit of the state, including, but not limited to, + any state agency; any or county, municipality, or other 357 358 political subdivision of the state; any special district or 359 water management district, as the terms are defined in s. 360 189.012 municipality; any state university or Florida College System institution, as the terms are defined in s. 1000.21(6) 361 362 and (3), respectively board of trustees; or any constitutional 363 county officer under s. 1(d), Art. VIII of the State 364 Constitution for which compensation or statutory fees are paid. 365 The Chief Financial Officer, with the approval of 366 the State Board of Administration, shall establish a state such 367 plan or plans of deferred compensation for government state 368 employees and may include persons employed by a state university 369 defined in s. 1000.21, a special district 370 189.012, or a water management district as defined in s. 371 189.012, including all such investment vehicles or products 372 incident thereto, as may be available through, or offered by, 373 qualified companies or persons, and may approve one or more such 374 plans for implementation by and on behalf of the state and its 375 agencies and employees.

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- (b) If the Chief Financial Officer deems it advisable, he or she shall have the power, with the approval of the State Board of Administration, to create a trust or other special funds for the segregation of funds or assets resulting from compensation deferred at the request of government employees participating in of the state plan or its agencies and for the administration of such program.
- The Chief Financial Officer, with the approval of the State Board of Administration, may delegate responsibility for administration of the state plan to a person the Chief Financial Officer determines to be qualified, compensate such person, and, directly or through such person or pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement, contract with a private corporation or institution to provide such services as may be part of any such plan or as may be deemed necessary or proper by the Chief Financial Officer or such person, including, but not limited to, providing consolidated billing, individual and collective recordkeeping and accountings, asset purchase, control, and safekeeping, and direct disbursement of funds to employees or other beneficiaries. The Chief Financial Officer may authorize a person, private corporation, or institution to make direct disbursement of funds under the state plan to an employee or other beneficiary.
- (d) In accordance with such approved <u>state</u> plan, and upon contract or agreement with an eligible government employee,

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deferrals of compensation may be accomplished by payroll deductions made by the appropriate officer or officers of the state, with such funds being thereafter held and administered in accordance with the plan.

- (e) The administrative costs of the deferred compensation plan must be wholly or partially self-funded. Fees for such self-funding of the <u>state</u> plan shall be paid by investment providers and may be recouped from their respective plan participants. Such fees shall be deposited in the Deferred Compensation Trust Fund.
- (8)(a) There is created a Deferred Compensation Advisory Council composed of eight seven members.
- 1. One member shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President of the Senate jointly and shall be an employee of the legislative branch.
- 2. One member shall be appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court and shall be an employee of the judicial branch.
- 3. One member shall be appointed by the chair of the Public Employees Relations Commission and shall be a nonexempt public employee.
- 4. The remaining  $\underline{\text{five}}$  four members shall be employed by the executive branch and shall be appointed as follows:
- a. One member shall be appointed by the Chancellor of the State University System and shall be an employee of the

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426 university system.

- b. One member shall be appointed by the Chief Financial Officer and shall be an employee of the Chief Financial Officer.
- c. One member shall be appointed by the Governor and shall be an employee of the executive branch.
- d. One member shall be appointed by the Executive Director of the State Board of Administration and shall be an employee of the State Board of Administration.
- e. One member shall be appointed by the Chancellor of the Florida College System and shall be an employee of the Florida College System.
- (12) The Chief Financial Officer may adopt any rule necessary to administer and implement this act with respect to the state deferred compensation plan or plans for state employees and persons employed by a state university as defined in s. 1000.21, a special district as defined in s. 189.012, or a water management district as defined in s. 189.012.
- Section 3. Section 215.55952, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 215.55952 <u>Triennial</u> Annual report on economic impact of a 1-in-100-year hurricane.—The Chief Financial Officer shall provide a report on the economic impact on the state of a 1-in-100-year hurricane to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by March 1, 2025, and of each triennial year thereafter. The report shall

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include an estimate of the short-term and long-term fiscal impacts of such a storm on Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, the private insurance and reinsurance markets, the state economy, and the state debt. The report shall also include an analysis of the average premium increase to fund a 1-in-100-year hurricane event and list the average cost, in both a percentage and dollar amount, impact to consumers on a county-level basis. The report may also include recommendations by the Chief Financial Officer for preparing for such a hurricane and reducing the economic impact of such a hurricane on the state. In preparing the analysis, the Chief Financial Officer shall coordinate with and obtain data from the Office of Insurance Regulation, Citizens Property Insurance Corporation, the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund, the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology, the State Board of Administration, the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, and other state agencies. Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 274.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 274.01 Definitions.—The following words as used in this act have the meanings set forth in the below subsections, unless a different meaning is required by the context: "Governmental unit" means the governing board,

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commission, or authority of a county, a county agency, a

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municipality, a special district as defined in s. 189.012 or taxing district of the state, or the sheriff of the county.

Section 5. Present subsections (15) and (16) of section 440.13, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (14) and (15), respectively, and paragraph (c) of subsection (9), subsection (12), and present subsection (14) of that section are amended, to read:

- 440.13 Medical services and supplies; penalty for violations; limitations.—
  - (9) EXPERT MEDICAL ADVISORS.-
- (c) If there is disagreement in the opinions of the health care providers, if two health care providers disagree on medical evidence supporting the employee's complaints or the need for additional medical treatment, or if two health care providers disagree that the employee is able to return to work, the department may, and the judge of compensation claims may shall, upon his or her own motion or within 15 days after receipt of a written request by either the injured employee, the employer, or the carrier, order the injured employee to be evaluated by an expert medical advisor. The injured employee and the employer or carrier may agree on the health care provider to serve as an expert medical advisor. If the parties do not agree, the judge of compensation claims shall select an expert medical advisor from the department's list of certified expert medical advisors. If a certified medical advisor within the relevant medical

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specialty is unavailable, the judge of compensation claims shall appoint any otherwise qualified health care provider to serve as an expert medical advisor without obtaining the department's certification. The opinion of the expert medical advisor is presumed to be correct unless there is clear and convincing evidence to the contrary as determined by the judge of compensation claims. The expert medical advisor appointed to conduct the evaluation shall have free and complete access to the medical records of the employee. An employee who fails to report to and cooperate with such evaluation forfeits entitlement to compensation during the period of failure to report or cooperate.

- (12) CREATION OF THREE-MEMBER PANEL; GUIDES OF MAXIMUM REIMBURSEMENT ALLOWANCES.—
- (a) A three-member panel is created, consisting of the Chief Financial Officer, or the Chief Financial Officer's designee, and two members to be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate, one member who, on account of present or previous vocation, employment, or affiliation, shall be classified as a representative of employers, the other member who, on account of previous vocation, employment, or affiliation, shall be classified as a representative of employees. The panel shall determine statewide schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances for medically necessary treatment, care, and attendance provided by

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physicians, hospitals and, ambulatory surgical centers, workhardening programs, pain programs, and durable medical equipment. The maximum reimbursement allowances for inpatient hospital care shall be based on a schedule of per diem rates, to be approved by the three-member panel no later than March 1, 1994, to be used in conjunction with a precertification manual as determined by the department, including maximum hours in which an outpatient may remain in observation status, which shall not exceed 23 hours. All compensable charges for hospital outpatient care shall be reimbursed at 75 percent of usual and customary charges, except as otherwise provided by this subsection. Annually, the three-member panel shall adopt schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances for physicians, hospital inpatient care, hospital outpatient care, and ambulatory surgical centers, work-hardening programs, and pain programs. A An individual physician, hospital or an, ambulatory surgical center, pain program, or work-hardening program shall be reimbursed either the agreed-upon contract price or the maximum reimbursement allowance in the appropriate schedule.

(b) It is the intent of the Legislature to increase the schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances for selected physicians effective January 1, 2004, and to pay for the increases through reductions in payments to hospitals. Revisions developed pursuant to this subsection are limited to the following:

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- 1. Payments for outpatient physical, occupational, and speech therapy provided by hospitals shall be reduced to the schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances for these services which applies to nonhospital providers.
- (c) 2. Payments for scheduled outpatient nonemergency radiological and clinical laboratory services that are not provided in conjunction with a surgical procedure shall be reduced to the schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances for these services which applies to nonhospital providers.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}_{3}}$ . Outpatient reimbursement for scheduled surgeries shall be reduced from 75 percent of charges to 60 percent of charges.
- (e)1. By July 1 of each year, the department shall notify carriers and self-insurers of the physician and nonhospital services schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances. The notice must include publication of this schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances on the division's website. This schedule is not subject to approval by the three-member panel and does not include reimbursement for prescription medication.
- 2. Subparagraph 1. shall take effect January 1, following the July 1, 2024, notice of the physician and nonhospital services schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances that the department provides to carriers and self-insurers.
- (f) 4. Maximum reimbursement for a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 shall be increased to 110 percent of

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the reimbursement allowed by Medicare, using appropriate codes and modifiers or the medical reimbursement level adopted by the three-member panel as of January 1, 2003, whichever is greater.

(g)5. Maximum reimbursement for surgical procedures shall be increased to 140 percent of the reimbursement allowed by Medicare or the medical reimbursement level adopted by the three-member panel as of January 1, 2003, whichever is greater.

(h) <del>(c)</del> As to reimbursement for a prescription medication, the reimbursement amount for a prescription shall be the average wholesale price plus \$4.18 for the dispensing fee. For repackaged or relabeled prescription medications dispensed by a dispensing practitioner as provided in s. 465.0276, the fee schedule for reimbursement shall be 112.5 percent of the average wholesale price, plus \$8.00 for the dispensing fee. For purposes of this subsection, the average wholesale price shall be calculated by multiplying the number of units dispensed times the per-unit average wholesale price set by the original manufacturer of the underlying drug dispensed by the practitioner, based upon the published manufacturer's average wholesale price published in the Medi-Span Master Drug Database as of the date of dispensing. All pharmaceutical claims submitted for repackaged or relabeled prescription medications must include the National Drug Code of the original manufacturer. Fees for pharmaceuticals and pharmaceutical services shall be reimbursable at the applicable fee schedule

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amount except where the employer or carrier, or a service company, third party administrator, or any entity acting on behalf of the employer or carrier directly contracts with the provider seeking reimbursement for a lower amount.

(i) (d) Reimbursement for all fees and other charges for such treatment, care, and attendance, including treatment, care, and attendance provided by any hospital or other health care provider, ambulatory surgical center, work-hardening program, or pain program, must not exceed the amounts provided by the uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances as determined by the panel or as otherwise provided in this section. This subsection also applies to independent medical examinations performed by health care providers under this chapter. In determining the uniform schedule, the panel shall first approve the data which it finds representative of prevailing charges in the state for similar treatment, care, and attendance of injured persons. Each health care provider, health care facility, ambulatory surgical center, work-hardening program, or pain program receiving workers' compensation payments shall maintain records verifying their usual charges. In establishing the uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances, the panel must consider:

1. The levels of reimbursement for similar treatment, care, and attendance made by other health care programs or third-party providers;

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- 2. The impact upon cost to employers for providing a level of reimbursement for treatment, care, and attendance which will ensure the availability of treatment, care, and attendance required by injured workers; and
- 3. The financial impact of the reimbursement allowances upon health care providers and health care facilities, including trauma centers as defined in s. 395.4001, and its effect upon their ability to make available to injured workers such medically necessary remedial treatment, care, and attendance. The uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances must be reasonable, must promote health care cost containment and efficiency with respect to the workers' compensation health care delivery system, and must be sufficient to ensure availability of such medically necessary remedial treatment, care, and attendance to injured workers; and
- 4. The most recent average maximum allowable rate of increase for hospitals determined by the Health Care Board under chapter 408.
- $\underline{(j)}$  (e) In addition to establishing the uniform schedule of maximum reimbursement allowances, the panel shall:
- 1. Take testimony, receive records, and collect data to evaluate the adequacy of the workers' compensation fee schedule, nationally recognized fee schedules and alternative methods of reimbursement to health care providers and health care facilities for inpatient and outpatient treatment and care.

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- 2. Survey health care providers and health care facilities to determine the availability and accessibility of workers' compensation health care delivery systems for injured workers.
- 3. Survey carriers to determine the estimated impact on carrier costs and workers' compensation premium rates by implementing changes to the carrier reimbursement schedule or implementing alternative reimbursement methods.
- 4. Submit recommendations on or before January 15, 2017, and biennially thereafter, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on methods to improve the workers' compensation health care delivery system.

The department, as requested, shall provide data to the panel, including, but not limited to, utilization trends in the workers' compensation health care delivery system. The department shall provide the panel with an annual report regarding the resolution of medical reimbursement disputes and any actions pursuant to subsection (8). The department shall provide administrative support and service to the panel to the extent requested by the panel. For prescription medication purchased under the requirements of this subsection, a dispensing practitioner shall not possess such medication unless payment has been made by the practitioner, the practitioner's professional practice, or the practitioner's practice management company or employer to the supplying manufacturer, wholesaler,

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distributor, or drug repackager within 60 days of the dispensing practitioner taking possession of that medication.

- (14) PRACTICE PARAMETERS.—The practice parameters and protocols mandated under this chapter shall be the practice parameters and protocols adopted by the United States Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality in effect on January 1, 2003.
- Section 6. Effective January 1, 2024, subsection (2) of section 440.385, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 440.385 Florida Self-Insurers Guaranty Association, Incorporated.—
- BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The board of directors of the (2) association shall consist of nine persons and shall be organized as established in the plan of operation. Each director must All board members shall be experienced in self-insurance in this state. Each director shall serve for a 4-year term and may be reappointed. Appointments After July January 1, 2023 2002, shall be made by the department shall approve and appoint directors upon recommendation of members of the association or shall approve and appoint other persons with experience in selfinsurance as determined by the Chief Financial Officer. These appointments are deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b). Any vacancy on the board shall be filled for the remaining period of the term in the same manner as appointments other than initial appointments are made. Each director shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred in carrying

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701 out the duties of the board on behalf of the association.

- (a) The Chief Financial Officer may remove a director from office for misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, or neglect of duty. Any vacancy so created shall be filled as provided in this subsection.
- (b) Directors are subject to the code of ethics under part III of chapter 112, including, but not limited to, the code of ethics and public disclosure and reporting of financial interests, pursuant to s. 112.3145. For purposes of applying part III of chapter 112 to activities of members of the board of directors, those persons are considered public officers and the association is considered their agency. Notwithstanding s. 112.3143(2), a director may not vote on any measure that he or she knows would inure to his or her special private gain or loss; that he or she knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of any principal by which he or she is retained, other than an agency as defined in s. 112.312; or that he or she knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of a relative or business associate of the public officer. Before the vote is taken, such director shall publicly state to the board the nature of his or her interest in the matter from which he or she is abstaining from voting and, within 15 days after the vote occurs, disclose the nature of his or her interest as a public record in a memorandum filed with the person responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting, who shall incorporate the

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726	memorandum	in the	e minutes.

- (c) Notwithstanding s. 112.3148, s. 112.3149, or any other law, an employee of the association or a director may not knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, any gift or expenditure from a person or an entity, or an employee or a representative of such person or entity, which has a contractual relationship with the association or which is under consideration for a contract.
- (d) A director who fails to comply with paragraph (b) or paragraph (c) is subject to the penalties provided under ss. 112.317 and 112.3173.

Section 7. Present subsections (62) through (78) of section 497.005, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (63) through (79), respectively, and a new subsection (62) is added to that section, to read:

497.005 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

- (9) "Burial service" or "service" means any service offered or provided in connection with the final disposition, memorialization, interment, entombment, or inurnment of human remains or cremated remains. Such service is required to be offered or provided by an individual or entity licensed under this chapter.
- (61) "Preneed contract" means any arrangement or method, of which the provider of funeral merchandise or services has actual knowledge, whereby any person agrees to furnish funeral

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751 merchandise or service in the future.

- for which the provider of funeral merchandise or services

  receives any payment in advance for funeral or burial

  merchandise and services after the death of the contract

  beneficiary. The term excludes a transportation protection

  agreement and any payments received on a transportation

  protection agreement. As used in this subsection, the term

  "transportation protection agreement" means an agreement that

  exclusively provides or arranges for services related to the

  preparation for the purpose of transportation and subsequent

  transportation of human remains or cremated remains. The Florida

  Insurance Code, as defined in s. 624.01, does not apply to any

  transportation protection agreement sold by any licensee under

  this chapter.
- Section 8. Subsection (1) of section 624.1265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 624.1265 Nonprofit religious organization exemption; authority; notice.—
- (1) A nonprofit religious organization is not subject to the requirements of the Florida Insurance Code if the nonprofit religious organization:
- (a) Qualifies under Title 26, s. 501 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended;
  - (b) Limits its participants to those members who share a

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776 common set of ethical or religious beliefs;

- (c) Acts as a facilitator among participants who have financial, physical, or medical needs to assist those with financial, physical, or medical needs in accordance with criteria established by the nonprofit religious organization;
- (d) Provides for the financial or medical needs of a participant through contributions from other participants, or through payments directly from one participant to another participant;
- (e) Provides amounts that participants may contribute, with no assumption of risk and no promise to pay:
  - 1. Among the participants; or
- 2. By the nonprofit religious organization to the participants;
- (f) Provides a monthly accounting to the participants of the total dollar amount of qualified needs actually shared in the previous month in accordance with criteria established by the nonprofit religious organization; and
- (g) Conducts an annual audit that is performed by an independent certified public accounting firm in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and that is made available to the public by providing a copy upon request or by posting on the nonprofit religious organization's website; and
- (h) Does not market or sell health plans through agents licensed by the department under chapter 626.

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801 Section 9. Subsection (25) of section 624.501, Florida 802 Statutes, is amended to read: 803 624.501 Filing, license, appointment, and miscellaneous 804 fees.-The department, commission, or office, as appropriate, 805 shall collect in advance, and persons so served shall pay to it in advance, fees, licenses, and miscellaneous charges as 806 807 follows: 808 (25) Reinsurance intermediary: 809 (a) Application filing and license fee.....\$50.00 (b) Original appointment and biennial renewal or 810 811 continuation thereof, appointment fee \$60.00 Section 10. Subsection (5) of section 626.015, Florida 812 813 Statutes, is amended to read: 814 626.015 Definitions.—As used in this part: 815 "Association" includes the Florida Association of 816 Insurance Agents (FAIA), the National Association of Insurance and Financial Advisors (NAIFA), the National Association of 817 818 Benefits and Insurance Professionals Florida Chapter (NABIP 819 Florida) Florida Association of Health Underwriters (FAHU), the 820 Latin American Association of Insurance Agencies (LAAIA), the 821 Florida Association of Public Insurance Adjusters (FAPIA), the 822 Florida Bail Agents Association (FBAA), or the Professional Bail 823 Agents of the United States (PBUS). 824 Section 11. Subsection (4) of section 626.171, Florida 825 Statutes, is amended to read:

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626.171 Application for license as an agent, customer

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licenses.-

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827 representative, adjuster, service representative, or reinsurance 828 intermediary.-829 An applicant for a license issued by the department 830 under this chapter must submit a set of the individual 831 applicant's fingerprints, or, if the applicant is not an 832 individual, a set of the fingerprints of the sole proprietor, 833 majority owner, partners, officers, and directors, to the 834 department and must pay the fingerprint processing fee set forth 835 in s. 624.501. Fingerprints must be processed in accordance with 836 s. 624.34 and used to investigate the applicant's qualifications 837 pursuant to s. 626.201. The fingerprints must be taken by a law 838 enforcement agency, designated examination center, or other 839 department-approved entity. The department shall require all 840 designated examination centers to have fingerprinting equipment 841 and to take fingerprints from any applicant or prospective 842 applicant who pays the applicable fee. The department may not 843 approve an application for licensure as an agent, customer 844 service representative, adjuster, service representative, or 845 reinsurance intermediary if fingerprints have not been 846 submitted. 847 Section 12. Paragraph (c) of subsection (1) of section 848 626.173, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 849 626.173 Insurance agency closure; cancellation of

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- (1) If a licensed insurance agency permanently ceases the transacting of insurance or ceases the transacting of insurance for more than 30 days, the agent in charge, the director of the agency, or other officer listed on the original application for licensure must, within 35 days after the agency first ceases the transacting of insurance, do all of the following:
- written, produced, or serviced by the agency of the agency's cessation of operations; the date on which operations ceased; and the identity of the agency or agent to which the agency's current book of business has been transferred or, if no transfer has occurred, a statement directing the policyholder to contact the insurance company for assistance in locating a licensed agent to service the policy. This paragraph does not apply to title insurance, life insurance, or annuity contracts.

Section 13. Subsection (8) of section 626.207, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 626.207 Disqualification of applicants and licensees; penalties against licensees; rulemaking authority.—
- (8) The department shall adopt rules establishing specific penalties against licensees in accordance with ss. 626.641 and 626.651 for violations of s. 626.112(7) or (9), s. 626.611, s. 626.6115, s. 626.621, s. 626.6215, s. 626.7451, s. 626.8437, s. 626.844, s. 626.8695, s. 626.8697, s. 626.8698, s. 626.935, s. 634.181, s. 634.191, s. 634.320, s. 634.321, s. 634.422, s.

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634.423, s. 642.041, or s. 642.043. The purpose of the revocation or suspension is to provide a sufficient penalty to deter future violations of the Florida Insurance Code. The imposition of a revocation or the length of suspension shall be based on the type of conduct and the probability that the propensity to commit further illegal conduct has been overcome at the time of eligibility for relicensure. The length of suspension may be adjusted based on aggravating or mitigating factors, established by rule and consistent with this purpose.

Section 14. Paragraph (j) of subsection (2) of section 626.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 626.221 Examination requirement; exemptions.-
- (2) However, an examination is not necessary for any of the following:
- (j) An applicant for license as an all-lines adjuster who has the designation of Accredited Claims Adjuster (ACA) from a regionally accredited postsecondary institution in this state; Certified All Lines Adjuster (CALA) from Kaplan Financial Education; Associate in Claims (AIC) from the Insurance Institute of America; Professional Claims Adjuster (PCA) from the Professional Career Institute; Professional Property Insurance Adjuster (PPIA) from the HurriClaim Training Academy; Certified Adjuster (CA) from ALL LINES Training; Certified Claims Adjuster (CCA) from AE21 Incorporated; Claims Adjuster Certified Professional (CACP) from WebCE, Inc.; Accredited

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Insurance Claims Specialist (AICS) from Encore Claim Services;

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Professional in Claims (PIC) from 2021 Training, LLC; or Universal Claims Certification (UCC) from Claims and Litigation Management Alliance (CLM) whose curriculum has been approved by the department and which includes comprehensive analysis of basic property and casualty lines of insurance and testing at least equal to that of standard department testing for the alllines adjuster license. The department shall adopt rules establishing standards for the approval of curriculum. Section 15. Paragraphs (c) and (f) of subsection (3) of section 626.2815, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 626.2815 Continuing education requirements. Each licensee except a title insurance agent must complete a 4-hour update course every 2 years which is specific to the license held by the licensee. The course must be developed and offered by providers and approved by the department. The content of the course must address all lines of insurance for which examination and licensure are required and include the following subject areas: insurance law updates, ethics for insurance professionals, disciplinary trends and case studies, industry trends, premium discounts, determining suitability of products and services, and other similar insurance-related topics the department determines are relevant

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to legally and ethically carrying out the responsibilities of

the license granted. A licensee who holds multiple insurance

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- licenses must complete an update course that is specific to at least one of the licenses held. Except as otherwise specified, any remaining required hours of continuing education are elective and may consist of any continuing education course approved by the department under this section.
- (c) A licensee who has been licensed for 25 years or more and is a CLU or a CPCU or has a Bachelor of Science degree or higher in risk management or insurance with evidence of 18 or more semester hours in insurance-related courses must also complete a minimum of 6 hours of elective continuing education courses every 2 years.
- (f) Elective continuing education courses for public adjusters may must be any course related to commercial and residential property coverages, claim adjusting practices, and any other adjuster elective courses specifically designed for public adjusters and approved by the department. Notwithstanding this subsection, public adjusters for workers' compensation insurance or health insurance are not required to take continuing education courses pursuant to this section.
- Section 16. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of subsection (1) of section 626.321, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (i) is added to that subsection, to read:
  - 626.321 Limited licenses and registration. -
- (1) The department shall issue to a qualified applicant a license as agent authorized to transact a limited class of

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business in any of the following categories of limited lines insurance:

- Motor vehicle physical damage and mechanical breakdown insurance. -License covering insurance against only the loss of or damage to a motor vehicle that is designed for use upon a highway, including trailers and semitrailers designed for use with such vehicles. Such license also covers insurance against the failure of an original or replacement part to perform any function for which it was designed. A licensee under this paragraph may not hold a license as an agent for any other or additional kind or class of insurance coverage except a limited license for credit insurance as provided in paragraph (e). Effective October 1, 2012, all licensees holding such limited license and appointment may renew the license and appointment, but no new or additional licenses may be issued pursuant to this paragraph, and a licensee whose limited license under this paragraph has been terminated, suspended, or revoked may not have such license reinstated.
- (b) Industrial fire insurance or burglary insurance.—
  License covering only industrial fire insurance or burglary
  insurance. A licensee under this paragraph may not hold a
  license as an agent for any other or additional kind or class of
  insurance coverage except for life insurance and health
  insurance. Effective July 1, 2019, all licensees holding such
  limited license and appointment may renew the license and

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appointment, but no new or additional licenses may be issued pursuant to this paragraph, and a licensee whose limited license under this paragraph has been terminated, suspended, or revoked may not have such license reinstated.

(e) Credit insurance. - License covering credit life, credit disability, credit property, credit unemployment, involuntary unemployment, mortgage life, mortgage guaranty, mortgage disability, guaranteed automobile protection (GAP) insurance, and any other form of insurance offered in connection with an extension of credit which is limited to partially or wholly extinguishing a credit obligation that the department determines should be designated a form of limited line credit insurance. Effective October 1, 2012, all valid licenses held by persons for any of the lines of insurance listed in this paragraph shall be converted to a credit insurance license. Licensees who wish to obtain a new license reflecting such change must request a duplicate license and pay a \$5 fee as specified in s. 624.501(15). The license may be issued only to an individual employed by a life or health insurer as an officer or other salaried or commissioned representative, to an individual employed by or associated with a lending or financial institution or creditor, or to a lending or financial institution or creditor, and may authorize the sale of such insurance only with respect to borrowers or debtors of such lending or financing institution or creditor. However, only the

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1001 individual or entity whose tax identification number is used in 1002 receiving or is credited with receiving the commission from the 1003 sale of such insurance shall be the licensed agent of the insurer. No individual while so licensed shall hold a license as 1004 1005 an agent as to any other or additional kind or class of life or 1006 health insurance coverage. 1007 (i) Preneed funeral agreement insurance.—Limited license for insurance covering only prearranged funeral, cremation, or 1008 1009 cemetery agreements, or any combination thereof, funded by insurance and offered in connection with an establishment that 1010 holds a preneed license pursuant to s. 497.452. Such license may 1011 be issued without examination only to an individual who has 1012 1013 filed with the department an application for a license in a form 1014 and manner prescribed by the department, who currently holds a valid preneed sales agent license pursuant to s. 497.466, who 1015 1016 paid the applicable fees for a license as prescribed in s. 1017 624.501, who has been appointed under s. 626.112, and who paid 1018 the prescribed appointment fee under s. 624.501. 1019 Section 17. Paragraph (n) of subsection (1) of section 1020 626.611, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1021 626.611 Grounds for compulsory refusal, suspension, or 1022 revocation of agent's, title agency's, adjuster's, customer 1023 representative's, service representative's, or managing general 1024 agent's license or appointment.-

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The department shall deny an application for, suspend,

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revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or appointment of any applicant, agent, title agency, adjuster, customer representative, service representative, or managing general agent, and it shall suspend or revoke the eligibility to hold a license or appointment of any such person, if it finds that as to the applicant, licensee, or appointee any one or more of the following applicable grounds exist:

(n) Having been found guilty of or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to a <u>misdemeanor directly related to the financial services business</u>, any felony, or any a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States of America or of any state thereof or under the law of any other country, without regard to whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of such cases.

Section 18. Subsection (18) is added to section 626.621, Florida Statutes, to read:

626.621 Grounds for discretionary refusal, suspension, or revocation of agent's, adjuster's, customer representative's, service representative's, or managing general agent's license or appointment.—The department may, in its discretion, deny an application for, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or appointment of any applicant, agent, adjuster, customer representative, service representative, or managing general agent, and it may suspend or revoke the eligibility to

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hold a license or appointment of any such person, if it finds that as to the applicant, licensee, or appointee any one or more of the following applicable grounds exist under circumstances for which such denial, suspension, revocation, or refusal is not mandatory under s. 626.611:

## (18) Cancellation of the applicant's, licensee's, or appointee's resident license in a state other than Florida.

Section 19. Contingent upon SB 418 or similar legislation in the 2023 Regular Session or an extension thereof becoming a law, section 626.7315, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.7315 Prohibition against the unlicensed transaction of general lines insurance.—With respect to any line of authority as defined in s. 626.015(7), no individual shall, unless licensed as a general lines agent:

- (1) Solicit insurance or procure applications therefor;
- (2) In this state, receive or issue a receipt for any money on account of or for any insurer, or receive or issue a receipt for money from other persons to be transmitted to any insurer for a policy, contract, or certificate of insurance or any renewal thereof, even though the policy, certificate, or contract is not signed by him or her as agent or representative of the insurer, except as provided in s. 626.0428(1);
- (3) Directly or indirectly represent himself or herself to be an agent of any insurer or as an agent, to collect or forward any insurance premium, or to solicit, negotiate, effect,

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procure, receive, deliver, or forward, directly or indirectly, any insurance contract or renewal thereof or any endorsement relating to an insurance contract, or attempt to effect the same, of property or insurable business activities or interests, located in this state;

- (4) In this state, engage or hold himself or herself out as engaging in the business of analyzing or abstracting insurance policies or of counseling or advising or giving opinions, other than as a licensed attorney at law, relative to insurance or insurance contracts, for fee, commission, or other compensation, other than as a salaried bona fide full-time employee so counseling and advising his or her employer relative to the insurance interests of the employer and of the subsidiaries or business affiliates of the employer;
- (5) In any way, directly or indirectly, make or cause to be made, or attempt to make or cause to be made, any contract of insurance for or on account of any insurer;
- (6) Solicit, negotiate, or in any way, directly or indirectly, effect insurance contracts, if a member of a partnership or association, or a stockholder, officer, or agent of a corporation which holds an agency appointment from any insurer; or
- (7) Receive or transmit applications for suretyship, or receive for delivery bonds founded on applications forwarded from this state, or otherwise procure suretyship to be effected

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by a surety insurer upon the bonds of persons in this state or

upon bonds given to persons in this state.

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1103 1104 However, a livery operator may offer renters the ability to obtain coverage to satisfy the requirements of s. 327.54(7)(b)2. 1105 1106 without a license or appointment. However, the livery operator 1107 may not advise or inform the prospective renter of specific coverage provisions, exclusions, or limitations, and the signed 1108 1109 acknowledgement must identify the licensed insurer or agent that transacted the livery's insurance policy. If such coverage is 1110 offered for a price, all compensation received for such coverage 1111 must be remitted by the livery to the insurer or agent that 1112 1113 transacted the livery's insurance policy. Section 20. Paragraphs (d) and (g) of subsection (2) and 1114 paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) through (j) of subsection (3) of 1115

626.7492 Reinsurance intermediaries.—

(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:

section 626.7492, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- (d) "Producer" means <u>a licensed</u> an agent, broker, or <u>insurance agency that is appointed as a reinsurance intermediary licensed</u> pursuant to the applicable provision of the Florida Insurance Code.
- (g) "Reinsurance intermediary manager" means any person who has authority to bind, or manages all or part of, the assumed reinsurance business of a reinsurer, including the

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management of a separate division, department, or underwriting office, and acts as a representative an agent for the reinsurer whether known as a reinsurance intermediary manager, manager, or other similar term. Notwithstanding the above, none of the following persons is a reinsurance intermediary manager with respect to the reinsurer for the purposes of this section:

- 1. An employee of the reinsurer;
- 2. A manager of the United States branch of an alien reinsurer;
- 3. An underwriting manager which, pursuant to contract, manages all the reinsurance operations of the reinsurer, is under common control with the reinsurer, subject to the holding company act, and whose compensation is not based on the volume of premiums written.
- 4. The manager of a group, association, pool, or organization of insurers which engage in joint underwriting or joint reinsurance and who are subject to examination by the insurance regulatory authority of the state in which the manager's principal business office is located.
  - (3) LICENSURE. -
- (a) No person shall act as a reinsurance intermediary broker in this state if the reinsurance intermediary broker maintains an office either directly or as a member or employee of a firm or association, or an officer, director, or employee of a corporation:

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- 1. In this state, unless the reinsurance intermediary
  1152 broker is a licensed producer in this state; or
  - 2. In another state, unless the reinsurance intermediary broker is a licensed producer in this state or in another state having a law substantially similar to this section or the reinsurance intermediary broker is licensed in this state as an insurance agency and appointed as a nonresident reinsurance intermediary.
  - (b) No person shall act as a reinsurance intermediary
    manager:
  - 1. For a reinsurer domiciled in this state, unless the reinsurance intermediary manager is a licensed producer in this state;
  - 2. In this state, if the reinsurance intermediary manager maintains an office either directly or as a member or employee of a firm or association, or an officer, director, or employee of a corporation in this state, unless the reinsurance intermediary manager is a licensed producer in this state;
  - 3. In another state for a nondomestic insurer, unless the reinsurance intermediary manager is a licensed producer in this state or another state having a law substantially similar to this section, or the person is licensed in this state as a <a href="mailto:producer">producer</a> nonresident reinsurance intermediary.
  - (e) If the applicant for a reinsurance intermediary appointment <del>license</del> is a nonresident, the applicant, as a

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condition precedent to receiving or holding an appointment a license, must designate the Chief Financial Officer as agent for service of process in the manner, and with the same legal effect, provided for by this section for designation of service of process upon unauthorized insurers. Such applicant shall also furnish the department with the name and address of a resident of this state upon whom notices or orders of the department or process affecting the nonresident reinsurance intermediary may be served. The licensee shall promptly notify the department in writing of each change in its designated agent for service of process, and the change shall not become effective until acknowledged by the department.

- intermediary license if, in its judgment, the applicant, anyone named on the application, or any member, principal, officer, or director of the applicant, has demonstrated a lack of fitness and trustworthiness, or that any controlling person of the applicant is not fit or trustworthy to act as a reinsurance intermediary, or that any of the foregoing has given cause for revocation or suspension of the license, or has failed to comply with any prerequisite for the issuance of the license.
- (g) Reinsurance intermediaries shall be licensed, appointed, renewed, continued, reinstated, or terminated as prescribed in this chapter for insurance representatives in general, except that they shall be exempt from the photo,

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1201 education, and examination provisions. License, Appointment, and other fees shall be those prescribed in s. 624.501.

<u>(g) (h)</u> The grounds and procedures for refusal of <u>an a</u> license or appointment or suspension or revocation of a license or appointment issued to a reinsurance intermediary under this section are as set forth in ss. 626.611-626.691 for insurance representatives in general.

 $\underline{\text{(h)}}$  An attorney licensed in this state, when acting in a professional capacity, is exempt from this subsection.

 $\underline{\text{(i)}}$  The department may develop necessary rules to carry out this section.

Section 21. Subsection (5) of section 626.752, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.752 Exchange of business.-

insurer accepting business under this section shall report to the department the name, address, telephone number, and social security number of each agent from which the insurer received more than four personal lines risks during the calendar year, except for risks being removed from the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation and placed with that insurer by a brokering agent. Once the insurer has reported pursuant to this subsection an agent's name to the department, additional reports on the same agent shall not be required. However, the fee set forth in s. 624.501 must be paid for the agent by the insurer

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for each year until the insurer notifies the department that the insurer is no longer accepting business from the agent pursuant to this section. The insurer may require that the agent reimburse the insurer for the fee. If the insurer or employer does not pay the fees and taxes due under this subsection within 21 days after notice by the department, the department must suspend the insurer's or employer's authority to appoint licensees until all outstanding fees and taxes have been paid.

Section 22. Subsection (3) of section 626.785, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.785 Qualifications for license.—

(3) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, a funeral director, a direct disposer, or an employee of a

a funeral director, a direct disposer, or an employee of a funeral establishment that holds a preneed license pursuant to s. 497.452 may obtain an agent's license or a limited license to sell only policies of life insurance covering the expense of a prearrangement for funeral services or merchandise so as to provide funds at the time the services and merchandise are needed. The face amount of insurance covered by any such policy shall not exceed \$21,000, plus an annual percentage increase based on the Annual Consumer Price Index compiled by the United States Department of Labor, beginning with the Annual Consumer Price Index announced by the United States Department of Labor for 2016.

Section 23. Subsection (4) of section 626.793, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

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1252 626.793 Excess or rejected business.-1253 Within 15 days after the last day of each month, any 1254 insurer accepting business under this section shall report to 1255 the department the name, address, telephone number, and social 1256 security number of each agent from which the insurer received 1257 more than four risks during the calendar year. Once the insurer 1258 has reported an agent's name to the department pursuant to this 1259 subsection, additional reports on the same agent shall not be 1260 required. However, the fee set forth in s. 624.501 must be paid 1261 for the agent by the insurer for each year until the insurer notifies the department that the insurer is no longer accepting 1262 1263 business from the agent pursuant to this section. The insurer 1264 may require that the agent reimburse the insurer for the fee. If the insurer or employer does not pay the fees and taxes due 1265 1266 under this subsection within 21 days after notice by the 1267 department, the department must suspend the insurer's or 1268 employer's authority to appoint licensees until all outstanding

Section 24. Subsection (5) of section 626.837, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.837 Excess or rejected business.—

(5) Within 15 days after the last day of each month, any insurer accepting business under this section shall report to the department the name, address, telephone number, and social

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

fees and taxes have been paid.

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1276	security number of each agent from which the insurer received
1277	more than four risks during the calendar year. Once the insurer
1278	has reported pursuant to this subsection an agent's name to the
1279	department, additional reports on the same agent shall not be
1280	required. However, the fee set forth in s. 624.501 must be paid
1281	for the agent by the insurer for each year until the insurer
1282	notifies the department that the insurer is no longer accepting
1283	business from the agent pursuant to this section. The insurer
1284	may require that the agent reimburse the insurer for the fee. $\underline{\text{If}}$
1285	the insurer or employer does not pay the fees and taxes due
1286	under this subsection within 21 days after notice by the
1287	department, the department must suspend the insurer's or
1288	employer's authority to appoint licensees until all outstanding
1289	fees and taxes have been paid.
1290	Section 25. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (2) of
1291	section 626.8411, Florida Statutes, to read:
1292	626.8411 Application of Florida Insurance Code provisions
1293	to title insurance agents or agencies.—
1294	(2) The following provisions of part I do not apply to
1295	title insurance agents or title insurance agencies:
1296	(e) Section 626.173(1)(c), relating to notifying
1297	policyholders of the agency closure.
1298	Section 26. Present subsections (8) through (11) of
1299	section 626.8437, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
1300	subsections (9) through (12), respectively, and a new subsection

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- (8) and subsection (13) are added to that section, to read:
  626.8437 Grounds for denial, suspension, revocation, or
  refusal to renew license or appointment.—The department shall
  deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the
  license or appointment of any title insurance agent or agency,
  and it shall suspend or revoke the eligibility to hold a license
  or appointment of such person, if it finds that as to the
  applicant, licensee, appointee, or any principal thereof, any
  one or more of the following grounds exist:
- (8) Misappropriation, conversion, or improper withholding of funds to which such person is not legally entitled and which are received in a fiduciary capacity and held as part of an escrow agreement or real estate sales contract, or as provided on a settlement statement in a real estate transaction.
- (13) Revocation or cancellation of a licensee's resident license in a jurisdiction other than this state.
- Section 27. Subsections (7) and (8) are added to section 626.844, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 626.844 Grounds for discretionary refusal, suspension, or revocation of license or appointment.—The department may, in its discretion, deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or appointment of any title insurance agent or agency, and it may suspend or revoke the eligibility to hold a license or appointment of any such title insurance agent or agency if it finds that as to the applicant or licensee or

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1326	appointee, or any principal thereof, any one or more of the
1327	following grounds exist under circumstances for which such
1328	denial, suspension, revocation, or refusal is not mandatory
1329	under s. 626.8437:
1330	(7) Having been the subject of, or having had a license,
1331	permit, appointment, registration, or other authority to conduct
1332	business subject to, any decision, finding, injunction,
1333	suspension, prohibition, revocation, denial, judgment, final
1334	agency action, or administrative order by any court of competent
1335	jurisdiction, administrative law proceeding, state agency,
1336	federal agency, national securities, commodities, or option
1337	exchange, or national securities, commodities, or option
1338	association involving a violation of any federal or state
1339	securities or commodities law or any rule or regulation adopted
1340	thereunder, or a violation of any rule or regulation of any
1341	national securities, commodities, or options exchange or
1342	national securities, commodities, or options association.
1343	(8) Revocation or cancellation of a licensee's resident
1344	license in a jurisdiction other than this state.
1345	Section 28. Section 626.8473, Florida Statutes, is amended
1346	to read:
1347	626.8473 Escrow; trust fund
1348	(1) A title insurance agency agent may engage in business
1349	as an escrow agent as to funds received from others to be
1350	subsequently disbursed by the title insurance agent in

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connection with real estate closing transactions involving the issuance of title insurance binders, commitments, policies of title insurance, or guarantees of title, provided that a licensed and appointed title insurance agency agent complies with the requirements of <u>s. 626.8419</u> <u>s. 626.8417</u>, including such requirements added after the initial licensure of the <u>agency</u> agent.

- (2) All funds received by a title insurance <u>agency agent</u> as described in subsection (1) shall be trust funds received in a fiduciary capacity by the title insurance <u>agency agent</u> and shall be the property of the person or persons entitled thereto.
- (3) All funds received by a title insurance agency agent to be held in trust shall be immediately placed in a financial institution that is located within this state and is a member of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund. These funds shall be invested in an escrow account in accordance with the investment requirements and standards established for deposits and investments of state funds in s. 17.57, where the funds shall be kept until disbursement thereof is properly authorized.
- (4) Funds required to be maintained in escrow trust accounts pursuant to this section shall not be subject to any debts of the title insurance agency agent and shall be used only in accordance with the terms of the individual, escrow, settlement, or closing instructions under which the funds were

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1376 accepted.

- (5) The title insurance <u>agency</u> <del>agents</del> shall maintain separate records of all receipts and disbursements of escrow, settlement, or closing funds.
- (6) In the event that the department promulgates rules necessary to implement the requirements of this section pursuant to s. 624.308, the department shall consider reasonable standards necessary for the protection of funds held in trust, including, but not limited to, standards for accounting of funds, standards for receipt and disbursement of funds, and protection for the person or persons to whom the funds are to be disbursed.
- (7) A title insurance <u>agency</u> agent, or any officer, director, or employee thereof, or any person associated therewith as an independent contractor for bookkeeping or similar purposes, who converts or misappropriates funds received or held in escrow or in trust by such title insurance <u>agency</u> agent, or any person who knowingly receives or conspires to receive such funds, commits:
- (a) If the funds converted or misappropriated are \$300 or less, a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (b) If the funds converted or misappropriated are more than \$300, but less than \$20,000, a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

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- (c) If the funds converted or misappropriated are \$20,000 or more, but less than \$100,000, a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (d) If the funds converted or misappropriated are \$100,000 or more, a felony of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- (8) An attorney shall deposit and maintain all funds received in connection with transactions in which the attorney is serving as a title or real estate settlement agent into a separate trust account that is maintained exclusively for funds received in connection with such transactions and permit the account to be audited by its title insurers, unless maintaining funds in the separate account for a particular client would violate applicable rules of The Florida Bar.

Section 29. Subsection (19) of section 626.854, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 626.854 "Public adjuster" defined; prohibitions.—The Legislature finds that it is necessary for the protection of the public to regulate public insurance adjusters and to prevent the unauthorized practice of law.
- (19) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, no person, except an attorney at law or a licensed <u>and appointed</u> public adjuster, may for money, commission, or any other thing of value, directly or indirectly:
  - (a) Prepare, complete, or file an insurance claim for an

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1426 insured or a third-party claimant;

- (b) Act on behalf of or aid an insured or a third-party claimant in negotiating for or effecting the settlement of a claim for loss or damage covered by an insurance contract;
- (c) Offer to initiate or negotiate a claim on behalf of an insured;
- (d) Advertise services that require a license as a public adjuster; or
- (e) Solicit, investigate, or adjust a claim on behalf of a public adjuster, an insured, or a third-party claimant.

Section 30. Section 626.874, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

626.874 Catastrophe or emergency adjusters.-

(1) In the event of a catastrophe or emergency, the department may issue a license, for the purposes and under the conditions and for the period of emergency as it shall determine, to persons who are residents or nonresidents of this state, who are at least 18 years of age, who are United States citizens or legal aliens who possess work authorization from the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services, and who are not licensed adjusters under this part but who have been designated and certified to it as qualified to act as adjusters by an authorized insurer to adjust claims, losses, or damages under policies or contracts of insurance issued by such insurers, or by a licensed the primary adjuster of an

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- 1451 independent adjusting firm contracted with an authorized insurer 1452 to adjust claims on behalf of the insurer. The fee for the 1453 license is as provided in s. 624.501(12)(c).
  - If any person not a licensed adjuster who has been permitted to adjust such losses, claims, or damages under the conditions and circumstances set forth in subsection (1), engages in any of the misconduct described in or contemplated by chapter 626 ss. 626.611 and 626.621, the department, without notice and hearing, shall be authorized to issue its order denying such person the privileges granted under this section; and thereafter it shall be unlawful for any such person to adjust any such losses, claims, or damages in this state.
  - Section 31. Subsection (2) of section 626.9892, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 626.9892 Anti-Fraud Reward Program; reporting of insurance fraud.-
- 1467 The department may pay rewards of up to \$25,000 to 1468 persons providing information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons committing crimes investigated by the 1469 department arising from violations of s. 400.9935, s. 440.105, 1470 1471 s. 624.15, s. 626.112, s. 626.8473, s. 626.8738, s. 626.9541, s. 626.989, s. 790.164, s. 790.165, s. 790.166, s. 806.01, s. 1472 1473 806.031, s. 806.10, s. 806.111, s. 812.014, s. 817.034, s. 1474 817.233, <del>or</del> s. 817.234, s. 817.236, s. 817.2361, s. 817.505, s. 817.568, s. 831.01, s. 895.03, s. 895.04, or s. 896.101.

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1476 Section 32. Present subsections (7) through (12) of 1477 section 626.9957, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as 1478 subsections (8) through (13), respectively, and a new subsection 1479 (7) is added to that section, to read: 626.9957 Conduct prohibited; denial, revocation, 1480 termination, expiration, or suspension of registration.-1481 1482 (7) If a navigator registered under this part fails to maintain an active, valid navigator's registration status with 1483 1484 the Federal Government or an exchange, the navigator's 1485 registration issued under this part shall expire by operation of 1486 law. A navigator with an expired registration may not be granted subsequent registration until the navigator qualifies as a 1487 1488 first-time applicant. Section 33. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 1489 1490 627.351, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1491 627.351 Insurance risk apportionment plans.-1492 MEDICAL MALPRACTICE RISK APPORTIONMENT. -1493 (C) The Joint Underwriting Association shall operate 1494 subject to the supervision and approval of a board of governors 1495 consisting of representatives of five of the insurers 1496 participating in the Joint Underwriting Association, an attorney 1497 named by The Florida Bar, a physician named by the Florida Medical Association, a dentist named by the Florida Dental 1498 1499 Association, and a hospital representative named by the Florida Hospital Association; or consisting of other persons approved 1500

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1501 and appointed by the Chief Financial Officer. The Chief 1502 Financial Officer shall select the representatives of the five 1503 insurers or shall approve and appoint other persons with 1504 experience in medical malpractice insurance as determined by the 1505 Chief Financial Officer. These appointments are deemed to be 1506 within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b). 1507 One insurer representative shall be selected from 1508 recommendations of the American Insurance Association. One 1509 insurer representative shall be selected from recommendations of 1510 the Property Casualty Insurers Association of America. One 1511 insurer representative shall be selected from recommendations of 1512 the Florida Insurance Council. Two insurer representatives shall 1513 be selected to represent insurers that are not affiliated with 1514 these associations. Vacancies on the board shall be filled for 1515 the remaining period of the term in the same manner as the 1516 initial appointments. During the first meeting of the board 1517 after June 30 of each year, the board shall choose one of its 1518 members to serve as chair of the board and another member to 1519 serve as vice chair of the board. There is no liability on the 1520 part of, and no cause of action shall arise against, any member 1521 insurer, self-insurer, or its agents or employees, the Joint 1522 Underwriting Association or its agents or employees, members of 1523 the board of governors, or the office or its representatives for 1524 any action taken by them in the performance of their powers and duties under this subsection. 1525

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The Chief Financial Officer may remove a board member

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1527 from office for misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, or neglect 1528 of duty. Any vacancy so created shall be filled as provided in this paragraph. 1529 1530 2. Board members are subject to the code of ethics under part III of chapter 112, including, but not limited to, the code 1531 1532 of ethics and public disclosure and reporting of financial 1533 interests, pursuant to s. 112.3145. For purposes of applying 1534 part III of chapter 112 to activities of members of the board of 1535 governors, those persons are considered public officers and the Joint Underwriting Association is considered their agency. 1536 1537 Notwithstanding s. 112.3143(2), a board member may not vote on any measure that he or she knows would inure to his or her 1538 1539 special private gain or loss; that he or she knows would inure 1540 to the special private gain or loss of any principal by which he 1541 or she is retained, other than an agency as defined in s. 1542 112.312; or that he or she knows would inure to the special 1543 private gain or loss of a relative or business associate of the 1544 public officer. Before the vote is taken, such board member 1545 shall publicly state to the board the nature of his or her interest in the matter from which he or she is abstaining from 1546 1547 voting and, within 15 days after the vote occurs, disclose the nature of his or her interest as a public record in a memorandum 1548 1549 filed with the person responsible for recording the minutes of

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the meeting, who shall incorporate the memorandum in the

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1551	<u>minutes.</u>
1552	3. Notwithstanding s. 112.3148, s. 112.3149, or any other
1553	law, a board member may not knowingly accept, directly or
1554	indirectly, any gift or expenditure from a person or entity, or
1555	an employee or representative of such person or entity, which
1556	has a contractual relationship with the Joint Underwriting
1557	Association or which is under consideration for a contract.
1558	4. A board member who fails to comply with subparagraph 2.
1559	or subparagraph 3. is subject to the penalties provided under
1560	ss. 112.317 and 112.3173.
1561	Section 34. Section 33. Section 627.4215, Florida
1562	Statutes, is amended to read:
1563	627.4215 Disclosures to policyholders; coverage of
1564	behavioral health care services.—
1565	(1) A health insurer that offers behavioral health
1566	insurance coverages required by federal or state law shall make
1567	all of the following information available on its website:
1568	(a) The federal and state requirements for coverage of
1569	behavioral health care services.
1570	(b) Contact information for the Division of Consumer
1571	Services of the department, including a hyperlink, for consumers
1572	to submit inquiries or complaints relating to health insurer
1573	products or services regulated by the department or the office.
1574	(2) On an annual basis, a health insurer that offers
1575	behavioral health insurance coverages required by federal or

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state law shall provide a direct notice to insureds with behavioral health insurance coverages required by federal or state law which must include a description of the federal and state requirements for coverage of behavioral health care services. Such notice must also include the website address and statewide toll-free telephone number of the Division of Consumer Services of the department for receiving and logging complaints.

Section 35. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 627.7015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 627.7015 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed property insurance claims.—
- (2) At the time of issuance and renewal of a policy or at the time a first-party claim within the scope of this section is filed by the policyholder, the insurer shall notify the policyholder of its right to participate in the mediation program under this section. A claim becomes eligible for mediation after the insurer complies with s. 627.70131(7) or elects to reinspect pursuant to s. 627.70152(4)(a)3. If the insurer has not complied with s. 627.70131(7) or elected to reinspect pursuant to s. 627.70152(4)(a)3. within 90 days after notice of the loss, the insurer may not require mediation under this section. This subsection does not impair the right of an insurance company to request mediation after a determination of coverage pursuant to this section or require appraisal or another method of alternative dispute resolution pursuant to s.

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- 627.70152(4)(b). The department shall prepare a consumer information pamphlet for distribution to persons participating in mediation.
- (3) The costs of mediation must be reasonable, and the insurer must bear all of the cost of conducting mediation conferences, except as otherwise provided in this section. If a policyholder fails to appear at the conference, the conference must be rescheduled upon the policyholder's payment of the costs of a rescheduled conference. If the insurer fails to appear at the conference, the insurer must pay the policyholder's actual cash expenses incurred in attending the conference if the insurer's failure to attend was not due to a good cause acceptable to the department. An insurer will be deemed to have failed to appear if the insurer's representative lacks authority to settle the full value of the claim. The insurer shall incur an additional fee for a rescheduled conference necessitated by the insurer's failure to appear at a scheduled conference. The fees assessed by the department administrator must include a charge necessary to defray the expenses of the department related to its duties under this section and must be deposited in the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund. The department may suspend the insurer's authority to appoint licensees if the insurer does not timely pay the required fees.

Section 36. Subsection (18) is added to section 627.7074, Florida Statutes, to read:

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- 627.7074 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed sinkhole insurance claims.—
- (18) The department may designate, by means of a written contract or agreement, an entity or a person to serve as administrator to carry out any of the provisions of this section.

Section 37. Section 627.745, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 627.745 Mediation of claims.-
- (1)(a) In any claim filed with an insurer for personal injury in an amount of \$10,000 or less or any claim for property damage in any amount, arising out of the ownership, operation, use, or maintenance of a motor vehicle, either party may demand mediation of the claim prior to the institution of litigation.
- (b) The costs of mediation must be reasonable, and the insurer must bear all of the cost of conducting mediation conferences, except as otherwise provided in this section. If a policyholder fails to appear at the conference, the conference must be rescheduled upon the policyholder's payment of the costs of a rescheduled conference. If the insurer fails to appear at the conference, the insurer must pay the policyholder's actual cash expenses incurred in attending the conference if the insurer's failure to attend was not due to a good cause acceptable to the department. An insurer is deemed to have failed to appear if the insurer's representative lacks authority

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to settle the full value of the claim. The insurer shall incur
an additional fee, paid to the mediator, for a rescheduled
conference necessitated by the insurer's failure to appear at a
scheduled conference. The fees assessed by the department or
administrator must include a charge necessary to defray the
expenses of the department related to its duties under this
section and must be deposited in the Insurance Regulatory Trust
Fund. The department or administrator may request that the
department suspend the insurer's authority to appoint licensees
if the insurer does not timely pay the per-mediation-event
administrative fee. Mediation under this section is also
available to litigants referred to the department by a county
court or circuit court.
(b) A request for mediation shall be filed with the
department on a form approved by the department. The request for
mediation shall state the reason for the request for mediation
and the issues in dispute which are to be mediated. The filing
of a request for mediation tolls the applicable time
requirements for filing suit for a period of 60 days following
the conclusion of the mediation process or the time prescribed
in s. 95.11, whichever is later.
(c) The insurance policy must specify in detail the terms
and conditions for mediation of a first-party claim.
(d) The mediation shall be conducted as an informal
process in which formal rules of evidence and procedure need not

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1676	be observed. Any party participating in a mediation must have
1677	the authority to make a binding decision. All parties must
1678	mediate in good faith.
1679	(e) The department shall randomly select mediators. Each
1680	party may once reject the mediator selected, either originally
1681	or after the opposing side has exercised its option to reject a
1682	mediator.
1683	(f) Costs of mediation shall be borne equally by both
1684	parties unless the mediator determines that one party has not
1685	mediated in good faith.
1686	$\frac{(g)}{(g)}$ Only one mediation may be requested for each claim,
1687	unless all parties agree to further mediation.
1688	(2) Upon receipt of a request for mediation, the
1689	department shall refer the request to a mediator. The mediator
1690	shall notify the applicant and all interested parties, as
1691	identified by the applicant, and any other parties the mediator
1692	believes may have an interest in the mediation, of the date,
1693	time, and place of the mediation conference. The conference may
1694	be held by telephone, if feasible. The mediation conference
1695	shall be held within 45 days after the request for mediation.
1696	(2)(a)(3)(a) The department shall approve mediators to
1697	conduct mediations pursuant to this section. All mediators must
1698	file an application under oath for approval as a mediator.
1699	(b) To qualify for approval as a mediator, an individual
1700	must meet one of the following qualifications:

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- 1. Possess an active certification as a Florida Supreme Court certified circuit court mediator. A Florida Supreme Court certified circuit court mediator in a lapsed, suspended, sanctioned, or decertified status is not eligible to participate in the mediation program.
- 2. Be an approved department mediator as of July 1, 2014, and have conducted at least one mediation on behalf of the department within 4 years immediately preceding that date.
- (3)(4) The department shall deny an application, or suspend or revoke its approval, of a mediator to serve in such capacity if the department finds that one or more of the following grounds exist:
- (a) Lack of one or more of the qualifications specified in this section for approval.
- (b) Material misstatement, misrepresentation, or fraud in obtaining or attempting to obtain the approval.
- (c) Demonstrated lack of fitness or trustworthiness to act as a mediator.
- (d) Fraudulent or dishonest practices in the conduct of mediation or in the conduct of business in the financial services industry.
- (e) Violation of any provision of this code or of a lawful order or rule of the department, violation of the Florida Rules for Certified and Court-Appointed Mediators, or aiding, instructing, or encouraging another party in committing such a

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1726	violation.
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1728	The department may adopt rules to administer this subsection.
1729	(4) The department shall adopt by rule a motor vehicle
1730	claims insurance mediation program to be administered by the
1731	department or its designee. The department may also adopt
1732	special rules that are applicable in cases of an emergency
1733	within the state. The rules shall be modeled after practices and
1734	procedures set forth in mediation rules of procedure adopted by
1735	the Supreme Court. The rules must include:
1736	(a) Reasonable requirements for processing and scheduling
1737	of requests for mediation.
1738	(b) Provisions governing who may attend mediation
1739	conferences.
1740	(c) Selection of mediators.
1741	(d) Criteria for the conduct of mediation conferences.
1742	(e) Right to legal counsel.
1743	(5) The department must adopt rules of procedure for
1744	claims mediation, taking into consideration a system which:
1745	<del>(a) Is fair.</del>
1746	(b) Promotes settlement.
1747	<del>(c) Avoids delay.</del>
1748	(d) Is nonadversarial.
1749	(e) Uses a framework for modern mediating technique.
1750	(f) Controls $\underline{\text{of}}$ costs and expenses of mediation.

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	(5)	Th	e der	partr	nent :	may	desig	nate	an	ent	ity (	or	perso	n to	<u> </u>
serve	as	an	admir	nisti	rator	to	carry	out	any	of	the	pr	covisi	ons	of
this	sect	tion	and	may	take	th:	is act	ion 1	by m	neans	sof	a	writte	en	
contr	act	or	agree	ement	- - •										

- (6) Disclosures and information divulged in the mediation process are not admissible in any subsequent action or proceeding relating to the claim or to the cause of action giving rise to the claim. A person demanding mediation under this section may not demand or request mediation after a suit is filed relating to the same facts already mediated.
- Section 38. Present subsections (7) through (12) of section 631.141, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (8) through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:
- 631.141 Conduct of delinquency proceeding; domestic and alien insurers.—
- (7) In order to preserve as much as possible the right and interest of the policyholders whose insurance policies or similar contracts are affected by the receivership proceedings, the department as a domiciliary receiver may:
- (a) Use the property of the estate of the insurer to transfer the insurer's book of business, policies, or similar contracts of coverage, in whole or in part, to a solvent assuming insurer or insurers.
  - (b) Notwithstanding s. 631.195, share records of the

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1776 insurer with the prospective solvent assuming insurer or 1777 insurers, but only to the extent necessary to undertake due 1778 diligence for a transfer contemplated under this section. 1779 Section 39. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 631.252, 1780 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1781 631.252 Continuation of coverage. 1782 Unless another insurer, with approval of the receivership court, assumes or otherwise provides coverage for 1783 1784 the policies of the insolvent insurer, all insurance policies or similar contracts of coverage, other than coverages defined in 1785 1786 s. 631.713 or health maintenance organization coverage under 1787 part IV, issued by the insurer shall be canceled upon the 1788 earlier earliest to occur of the following: 1789 The date of entry of the liquidation or, if the court 1790 so provides in its order, the expiration of 30 days from the 1791 date of entry of the liquidation order; The normal expiration of the policy or contract 1792 (b) 1793 coverage; The replacement of the coverage by the insured, or the 1794 (C) 1795 replacement of the policy or contract of coverage, with a policy

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(e) (d) The termination of the coverage by the insured.

(d) The date proposed by the receiver and approved by the

or contract acceptable to the insured by the receiver with

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

receivership court to cancel coverage; or

another insurer; or

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(3) The 30-day coverage continuation period provided in paragraph (1)(a) and s. 631.57(1)(a)1. may not be extended unless the Chief Financial Officer office determines, based on a reasonable belief, that market conditions are such that policies of residential property insurance coverage cannot be placed with an authorized insurer within 30 days and that an additional 15 days is needed to place such coverage.; and Failure of actual notice to the policyholder of the insolvency of the insurer, of commencement of a delinquency proceeding, or of expiration of the extension period does not affect such expiration.

Section 40. Subsection (1) of section 631.56, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (5) through (8) are added to that section, to read:

631.56 Board of directors.-

(1) The board of directors of the association shall consist of not less than five or more than nine persons serving terms as established in the plan of operation. Three members of the board must be representatives from domestic insurers appointed by the Chief Financial Officer. The department shall approve and appoint to the board persons recommended by the member insurers or shall approve and appoint other persons with experience in property and casualty insurance or motor vehicle insurance as determined by the Chief Financial Officer. These appointments are deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b). In the event the department finds

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that any recommended person does not meet the qualifications for service on the board, the department shall request the member insurers to recommend another person. Each member shall serve for a 4-year term and may be reappointed. Vacancies on the board shall be filled for the remaining period of the term in the same manner as initial appointments.

- (5) The Chief Financial Officer may remove a board member from office for misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, or neglect of duty. Any vacancy so created shall be filled as provided in subsection (1).
- (6) Board members are subject to the code of ethics under part III of chapter 112, including, but not limited to, the code of ethics and public disclosure and reporting of financial interests, pursuant to s. 112.3145. For purposes of applying part III of chapter 112 to activities of members of the board of directors, those persons are considered public officers and the association is considered their agency. Notwithstanding s. 112.3143(2), a board member may not vote on any measure that he or she knows would inure to his or her special private gain or loss; that he or she knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of any principal by which he or she is retained, other than an agency as defined in s. 112.312; or that he or she knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of a relative or business associate of the public officer. Before the vote is taken, such member shall publicly state to the board the

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1851	nature of his or her interest in the matter from which he or she
1852	is abstaining from voting and, within 15 days after the vote
1853	occurs, disclose the nature of his or her interest as a public
1854	record in a memorandum filed with the person responsible for
1855	recording the minutes of the meeting, who shall incorporate the
1856	memorandum in the minutes.
1857	(7) Notwithstanding s. 112.3148, s. 112.3149, or any other
1858	law, a board member may not knowingly accept, directly or
1859	indirectly, any gift or expenditure from a person or entity, or
1860	an employee or representative of such person or entity, which
1861	has a contractual relationship with the association or which is
1862	under consideration for a contract.
1863	(8) A board member who fails to comply with subsection (6)
1864	or subsection (7) is subject to the penalties provided under ss.
1865	112.317 and 112.3173.
1866	Section 41. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
1867	631.716, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (4)
1868	through (7) are added to that section, to read:
1869	631.716 Board of directors
1870	(1)(a) The board of directors of the association shall
1871	have at least 9, but no more than 11, members. The members shall
1872	consist be comprised of member insurers serving terms as
1873	established in the plan of operation and 1 Florida Health
1874	Maintenance Organization Consumer Assistance Plan director
1875	confirmed pursuant to paragraph (b) or shall consist of other

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persons, appointed by the department, who have experience in life and annuity or accident and health insurance as determined by the Chief Financial Officer. These directors are deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b). At all times, at least 1 member of the board member must be a domestic insurer as defined in s. 624.06(1). The members of the board members who are member insurers shall be elected by member insurers, subject to the approval of the department. Each board member shall serve for a 4-year term and may be reappointed.

(4) The Chief Financial Officer may remove a board member from office for misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, or neglect

- (4) The Chief Financial Officer may remove a board member from office for misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, or neglect of duty. Any vacancy so created shall be filled as provided in subsection (1).
- part III of chapter 112, including, but not limited to, the code of ethics and public disclosure and reporting of financial interests, pursuant to s. 112.3145. For purposes of applying part III of chapter 112 to activities of members of the board of directors, those persons are considered public officers and the association is considered their agency. Notwithstanding s. 112.3143(2), a board member may not vote on any measure that he or she knows would inure to his or her special private gain or loss; that he or she knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of any principal by which he or she is retained, other than an agency as defined in s. 112.312; or that he or she

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knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of a
relative or business associate of the public officer. Before the
vote is taken, such member shall publicly state to the board the
nature of his or her interest in the matter from which he or she
is abstaining from voting and, within 15 days after the vote
occurs, disclose the nature of his or her interest as a public
record in a memorandum filed with the person responsible for
recording the minutes of the meeting, who shall incorporate the
memorandum in the minutes.
(6) Notwithstanding s. 112.3148, s. 112.3149, or any other

- (6) Notwithstanding s. 112.3148, s. 112.3149, or any other law, a board member may not knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, any gift or expenditure from a person or entity, or an employee or representative of such person or entity, which has a contractual relationship with the association or which is under consideration for a contract.
- (7) A board member who fails to comply with subsection (5) or subsection (6) is subject to the penalties provided under ss. 112.317 and 112.3173.
- Section 42. Subsection (1) of section 631.816, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (8) through (11) are added to that section, to read:
  - 631.816 Board of directors.-
- (1) The board of directors of the plan shall consist of not less than five or more than nine persons serving terms as established in the plan of operation. The department shall

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approve and appoint to the board persons recommended by the member HMOs or shall approve and appoint other persons with experience in health insurance as determined by the Chief Financial Officer. These appointments are deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b). In the event the department finds that any recommended person does not meet the qualifications for service on the board, the department shall request the member HMOs to recommend another person. Each member shall serve for a 4-year term and may be reappointed, except that terms may be staggered as defined in the plan of operation. Vacancies on the board shall be filled for the remaining period of the term in the same manner as initial appointments. In determining voting rights, each HMO is entitled to vote on the basis of cumulative weighted voting based on the net written premium for non-Medicare and non-Medicaid policies.

- (8) The Chief Financial Officer may remove a board member from office for misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, or neglect of duty. Any vacancy so created shall be filled as provided in subsection (1).
- (9) Board members are subject to the code of ethics under part III of chapter 112, including, but not limited to, the code of ethics and public disclosure and reporting of financial interests, pursuant to s. 112.3145. For purposes of applying part III of chapter 112 to activities of members of the board of directors, those persons are considered public officers and the

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plan is considered their agency. Notwithstanding s. 112.3143(2), a board member may not vote on any measure that he or she knows would inure to his or her special private gain or loss; that he or she knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of any principal by which he or she is retained, other than an agency as defined in s. 112.312; or that he or she knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of a relative or business associate of the public officer. Before the vote is taken, such member shall publicly state to the board the nature of his or her interest in the matter from which he or she is abstaining from voting and, within 15 days after the vote occurs, disclose the nature of his or her interest as a public record in a memorandum filed with the person responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting, who shall incorporate the memorandum in the minutes. (10) Notwithstanding s. 112.3148, s. 112.3149, or any other law, a board member may not knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, any gift or expenditure from a person or entity, or an employee or representative of such person or entity, which has a contractual relationship with the plan or which is under consideration for a contract. (11) A board member who fails to comply with subsection (9) or subsection (10) is subject to the penalties provided under ss. 112.317 and 112.3173. Section 43. Subsection (1) of section 631.912, Florida

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Statutes, is amended, and subsections (4), (5), and (6) are added to that section, to read:

631.912 Board of directors.-

- The board of directors of the corporation shall consist of 11 persons, 1 of whom is the insurance consumer advocate appointed under s. 627.0613 or designee and 1 of whom is designated by the Chief Financial Officer. The department shall appoint to the board 6 persons selected by private carriers from among the 20 workers' compensation insurers with the largest amount of direct written premium as determined by the department, and 2 persons selected by the self-insurance funds or other persons with experience in workers' compensation insurance as determined by the Chief Financial Officer. These appointments are deemed to be within the scope of the exemption provided in s. 112.313(7)(b). The Governor shall appoint one person who has commercial insurance experience. At least two of the private carriers shall be foreign carriers authorized to do business in this state. The board shall elect a chairperson from among its members. The Chief Financial Officer may remove any board member for cause. Each board member shall be appointed to serve a 4-year term and may be reappointed. A vacancy on the board shall be filled for the remaining period of the term in the same manner by which the original appointment was made.
- (4) Board members are subject to the code of ethics under part III of chapter 112, including, but not limited to, the code

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of ethics and public disclosure and reporting of financial interests, pursuant to s. 112.3145. For purposes of applying part III of chapter 112 to activities of members of the board of directors, those persons are considered public officers and the corporation is considered their agency. Notwithstanding s. 112.3143(2), a board member may not vote on any measure that he or she knows would inure to his or her special private gain or loss; that he or she knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of any principal by which he or she is retained, other than an agency as defined in s. 112.312; or that he or she knows would inure to the special private gain or loss of a relative or business associate of the public officer. Before the vote is taken, such member shall publicly state to the board the nature of his or her interest in the matter from which he or she is abstaining from voting and, within 15 days after the vote occurs, disclose the nature of his or her interest as a public record in a memorandum filed with the person responsible for recording the minutes of the meeting, who shall incorporate the memorandum in the minutes.

(5) Notwithstanding s. 112.3148, s. 112.3149, or any other law, a board member may not knowingly accept, directly or indirectly, any gift or expenditure from a person or entity, or an employee or representative of such person or entity, which has a contractual relationship with the corporation or which is under consideration for a contract.

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2026	(6) A board member who fails to comply with subsection (4)
2027	or subsection (5) is subject to the penalties provided under ss.
2028	112.317 and 112.3173.
2029	Section 44. Section 633.1423, Florida Statutes, is created
2030	to read:
2031	633.1423 State Fire Marshal direct-support organization.
2032	(1) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term
2033	"organization" means the direct-support organization established
2034	under this section.
2035	(2) ORGANIZATION ESTABLISHED.—The division may establish a
2036	direct-support organization, to be known as the "State Fire
2037	Marshal Safety and Training Force," whose sole purpose is to
2038	support the safety and training of firefighters and to recognize
2039	exemplary service. The organization must:
2040	(a) Be a not-for-profit corporation incorporated under
2041	chapter 617 and approved by the Department of State.
2042	(b) Be organized and operated to raise funds; request and
2043	receive grants, gifts, and bequests of money; conduct programs
2044	and activities; acquire, receive, hold, invest, and administer,
2045	in its own name, securities, funds, or property; and make grants
2046	and expenditures to or for the direct or indirect benefit of the
2047	division. Grants and expenditures may include the cost of
2048	education or training of firefighters or the recognition of

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(c) Be determined by the division to operate in a manner

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

exemplary service of firefighters.

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2051	that is:
2052	1. Consistent with the goals of the division and laws
2053	relating to the safety and training of firefighters.
2054	2. In the best interest of the state.
2055	3. In accordance with the adopted goals and mission of the
2056	division.
2057	(d) Use all of its grants and expenditures solely for the
2058	purpose of educating, training, and recognizing firefighters,
2059	and not for advertising using the likeness or name of any
2060	elected official nor for the purpose of lobbying as defined in
2061	s. 11.045(1).
2062	(e) Be subject to an annual financial audit in accordance
2063	with s. 215.981.
2064	(3) CONTRACT.—The organization shall operate under written
2065	contract with the division. The contract must provide for:
2066	(a) Certification by the division that the organization is
2067	complying with the terms of the contract and in a manner
2068	consistent with the goals and purposes of the department and in
2069	the best interest of the state. Such certification must be made
2070	annually and reported in the official minutes of a meeting of
2071	the organization.
2072	(b) The reversion of moneys and property held by the
2073	organization for firefighter safety, training, and recognition
2074	to the division if the organization is no longer approved to

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operate by the division or if the organization ceases to exist,

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2076	or	to	the	state	if	the	division	ceases	to	exist.
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- (4) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—The organization shall be governed by a board of directors. The State Fire Marshal, or his or her designee, shall appoint a president of the board. The board of directors shall be appointed by the president of the board.
- (5) USE OF PROPERTY.—The division may authorize, without charge, appropriate use of fixed property and facilities of the division by the organization, subject to this subsection.
- (a) The department may prescribe any condition with which the organization must comply in order to use the division's property or facilities.
- (b) The department may not authorize the use of the division's property or facilities if the organization does not provide equal membership and employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, religion, sex, age, or national origin.
- (c) The department shall adopt rules prescribing the procedures by which the organization is governed and any conditions with which the organization must comply to use the division's property or facilities.
- (6) DEPOSITORY ACCOUNT.—Any moneys received by the organization may be held in a separate depository account in the name of the organization and subject to the contract with the division.
  - (7) ANNUAL BUDGETS AND REPORTS.—The organization shall

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2101	submit to the division its annual budget and financial reports,
2102	its federal Internal Revenue Service Application for Recognition
2103	of Exemption Form 1023, and its federal Internal Revenue Service
2104	Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax Form 990.
2105	(8) ANNUAL AUDIT.—The organization shall provide for an
2106	annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981.
2107	(9) DIVISION'S RECEIPT OF PROCEEDS.—Proceeds received by
2108	the division from the organization shall be deposited into the
2109	Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund.
2110	(10) REPEAL.—This section is repealed October 1, 2028,
2111	unless reviewed and saved from repeal by the Legislature.
2112	Section 45. Section 634.181, Florida Statutes, is amended
2113	to read:
2114	634.181 Grounds for compulsory refusal, suspension, or
2115	revocation of license or appointment of salespersons.—
2116	(1) The department shall deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse
2117	to renew or continue the license or appointment of any such
2118	salesperson if it finds that as to the salesperson any one or
2119	more of the following applicable grounds exist:
2120	$\underline{\text{(a)}}$ Material misstatement, misrepresentation, or fraud
2121	in obtaining or attempting to obtain the license or appointment.
2122	$\underline{\text{(b)}}$ If the license or appointment is willfully used, or
2123	to be used, to circumvent any of the requirements or
2124	prohibitions of this part, any applicable provision of the
2125	Florida Insurance Code, or rule of the department or commission.

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- (c)(3) Willful misrepresentation of any service agreement or willful deception with regard to any agreement, done either in person or by any form of dissemination of information or advertising.
- (d) (4) If in the adjustment of claims arising out of service agreements, she or he has materially misrepresented to a service agreement holder or other interested party the terms and coverage of a service agreement with intent and for the purpose of effecting settlement of the claim on less favorable terms than those provided in and contemplated by the service agreement.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$  For demonstrated lack of fitness or trustworthiness to engage in the service agreement business.
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$  For demonstrated lack of adequate knowledge and technical competence to engage in the transactions authorized by the license or appointment.
- $\underline{(g)}$  Fraudulent or dishonest practices in the conduct of business under the license or appointment.
- (h) (8) Misappropriation, conversion, or unlawful withholding of moneys belonging to a service agreement company, insurer, or service agreement holder or to others and received in the conduct of business under the license or appointment.
- $\underline{\text{(i)}}$  For unlawfully rebating, or attempt thereat, or for unlawfully dividing or offering to divide her or his commission with another.

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<u>(j) (10)</u> Willful failure to comply with, or willful violation of any proper order of the department or office, or willful violation of any provision of this part, or of any applicable provision of the insurance code, or applicable rule of the department or commission.

(k)(11) Having been found guilty of, or having pleaded guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States of America or any state thereof or under the law of any other country which involves moral turpitude, without regard to whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of the cases.

(1)(12) Failure to refund unearned pro rata commission to the agreement holder or the service agreement company, if the service agreement company is making a full unearned pro rata refund to the agreement holder.

(m) Having been the subject of, or having had a license, permit, appointment, registration, or other authority to conduct business subject to, any decision, finding, injunction, suspension, prohibition, revocation, denial, judgment, final agency action, or administrative order by any court of competent jurisdiction, administrative law proceeding, state agency, federal agency, national securities, commodities, or options exchange, or national securities, commodities, or options association involving a violation of any federal or state

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2176	securities or commodities law or any rule or regulation adopted
2177	thereunder, or a violation of any rule or regulation of any
2178	national securities, commodities, or options exchange or
2179	national securities, commodities, or options association.
2180	(2) When a licensee is charged with a felony enumerated in
2181	s. 626.207(2), the department shall, immediately upon receipt of
2182	information on or indictment for the felony, temporarily suspend
2183	a license or appointment issued under this chapter. Such
2184	suspension shall continue if the licensee is found guilty of, or
2185	pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, the crime, regardless of
2186	whether a judgment or conviction is entered, during a pending
2187	appeal. A person may not transact insurance business after
2188	suspension of his or her license or appointment.
2189	(3) The department may adopt rules to administer this
2190	section.
2191	Section 46. Section 634.191, Florida Statutes, is amended
2192	to read:
2193	634.191 Grounds for discretionary refusal, suspension, or
2194	revocation of license or appointment of salespersons.—
2195	(1) The department may, in its discretion, deny, suspend,
2196	revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or
2197	appointment of any salesperson if it finds that as to the
2198	salesperson any one or more of the following applicable grounds
2199	exist under circumstances for which such denial, suspension,
2200	revocation, or refusal is not mandatory under s. 634.181:

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- (a) (1) For any cause for which granting of the license or appointment could have been refused had it then existed and been known to the department.
  - $\underline{\text{(b)}}$  Violation of any provision of this part or of any other law applicable to the business of service agreements in the course of dealings under the license or appointment.
  - (c)(3) <u>Violation of Has violated</u> any lawful order or rule of the department or commission.
  - (d) (4) Failure or refusal, upon demand, to pay over to any company or insurer the salesperson represents or has represented any money coming into her or his hands belonging to the company or insurer.
  - (e) (5) If, in the conduct of business under the license or appointment, the salesperson has engaged in unfair methods of competition or in unfair or deceptive acts or practices, as such methods, acts, or practices are or may be defined under this part, or has otherwise shown herself or himself to be a source of injury or loss to the public or detrimental to the public interest.
  - (f) (6) Failure to report to the department within 30 days the final disposition of an administrative action taken against a salesperson by a governmental agency or other regulatory agency in this state or any other state or jurisdiction relating to the business of insurance, the sale of securities, or an activity involving fraud, dishonesty, trustworthiness, or breach

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of a fiduciary duty. The salesperson must submit a copy of the
order, consent to order, or other relevant legal documents to
the department Having been found guilty of, or having pleaded
guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony or a crime punishable by
imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United
States of America or any state thereof or under the law of any
other country, without regard to whether a judgment of
conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of
the cases.
(2) The department may adopt rules to administer this
section.
Section 47. Section 634.320, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:
634.320 Grounds for compulsory refusal, suspension, or
revocation of license or appointment of sales representatives
(1) The department shall deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse
to renew or continue the license or appointment of any sales
representative if it is found that any one or more of the
following grounds applicable to the sales representative exist:
$\underline{\text{(a)}}$ (1) Material misstatement, misrepresentation, or fraud
in obtaining or attempting to obtain a license or appointment.
$\underline{\text{(b)}}$ The license or appointment is willfully used, or to
be used, to circumvent any of the requirements or prohibitions
of this part.

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(c) (3) Willful misrepresentation of any warranty contract

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or willful deception with regard to any such contract, done either in person or by any form of dissemination of information or advertising.

- (d)(4) In the adjustment of claims arising out of warranties, material misrepresentation to a warranty holder or other interested party of the terms and coverage of a contract, with the intent and for the purpose of effecting settlement of such claim on less favorable terms than those provided in and contemplated by the contract.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$  Demonstrated lack of fitness or trustworthiness to engage in the business of home warranty.
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$  Demonstrated lack of adequate knowledge and technical competence to engage in the transactions authorized by the license or appointment.
- $\underline{(g)}$  Fraudulent or dishonest practices in the conduct of business under the license or appointment.
- (h)(8) Misappropriation, conversion, or unlawful withholding of moneys belonging to an association, insurer, or warranty holder, or to others, and received in the conduct of business under the license or appointment.
- $\underline{\text{(i)}}$  Unlawfully rebating, or attempting to unlawfully rebate, or unlawfully dividing, or offering to divide, her or his commission with another.
- $\underline{(j)}$  (10) Willful failure to comply with, or willful violation of, any proper order or rule of the department or

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2277 (k)-(11) Being found guilty of or pleading guilty or nolo contendere to a felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States of America or any state thereof or under the law of any other country involving moral turpitude, without regard to whether judgment of conviction has been entered by the court.

commission or willful violation of any provision of this part.

- (1) Having been the subject of, or having had a license, permit, appointment, registration, or other authority to conduct business subject to, any decision, finding, injunction, suspension, prohibition, revocation, denial, judgment, final agency action, or administrative order by any court of competent jurisdiction, administrative law proceeding, state agency, federal agency, national securities, commodities, or options exchange, or national securities, commodities, or options association involving a violation of any federal or state securities or commodities law or any rule or regulation adopted thereunder, or a violation of any rule or regulation of any national securities, commodities, or options exchange or national securities, commodities, or options association.
- (2) When a licensee is charged with a felony enumerated in s. 626.207(2), the department shall, immediately upon receipt of information on or indictment for the felony, temporarily suspend a license or appointment issued under this chapter. Such suspension shall continue if the licensee is found guilty of, or

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2301	pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, the crime, regardless of
2302	whether a judgment or conviction is entered, during a pending
2303	appeal. A person may not transact insurance business after
2304	suspension of his or her license or appointment.
2305	(3) The department may adopt rules to administer this
2306	section.
2307	Section 48. Section 634.321, Florida Statutes, is amended
2308	to read:
2309	634.321 Grounds for discretionary refusal, suspension, or
2310	revocation of license or appointment of sales representatives
2311	(1) The department may, in its discretion, deny, suspend,
2312	revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or
2313	appointment of any sales representative if it is found that any
2314	one or more of the following grounds applicable to the sales
2315	representative exist under circumstances for which such denial,
2316	suspension, revocation, or refusal is not mandatory under s.
2317	634.320:
2318	$\underline{\text{(a)}}$ (1) Any cause for which granting of the license or
2319	appointment could have been refused had it then existed and been
2320	known to the department.
2321	$\underline{\text{(b)}}$ Violation of any provision of this part, or of any
2322	other law applicable to the business of warranties, in the
2323	course of dealings under the license or appointment.
2324	$\underline{(c)}$ Violation of any lawful order or rule of the
2325	department or commission.

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the final disposition of an administrative action taken against a sales representative by a governmental agency or other regulatory agency in this state or any other state or jurisdiction relating to the business of insurance, the sale of securities, or an activity involving fraud, dishonesty, trustworthiness, or breach of a fiduciary duty. The sales representative must submit a copy of the order, consent to order, or other relevant legal documents to the department Being found guilty of or pleading guilty or nole contendere to a felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States of America or any state thereof or under the law of any other country, without regard to whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court.

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(2) The department may adopt rules to administer this

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2351	section.
2352	Section 49. Section 634.419, Florida Statutes, is amended
2353	to read:
2354	634.419 License and appointment required.—No person or
2355	entity shall solicit, negotiate, advertise, or effectuate
2356	service warranty contracts in this state unless such person or
2357	entity is licensed and appointed as a sales representative.
2358	Sales representatives shall be responsible for the actions of
2359	persons under their supervision. However, a service warranty
2360	association licensed as such under this part shall not be
2361	required to be licensed and appointed as a sales representative
2362	to solicit, negotiate, advertise, or effectuate its products.
2363	Sections 501.021-501.055 do not apply to persons or entities
2364	licensed and appointed under this section, or their affiliates,
2365	which solicit the sale of a service warranty or related service
2366	or product in connection with a prearranged appointment at the
2367	request of the consumer.
2368	Section 50. Section 634.422, Florida Statutes, is amended
2369	to read:
2370	634.422 Grounds for compulsory refusal, suspension, or
2371	revocation of license or appointment of sales representatives.—
2372	(1) The department shall deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse
2373	to renew or continue the license or appointment of any sales
2374	representative if it is found that any one or more of the
2375	following grounds applicable to the sales representative exist:

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- $\underline{\text{(a)}}$  (1) Material misstatement, misrepresentation, or fraud in obtaining or attempting to obtain a license or appointment.
- $\underline{\text{(b)}}$  The license or appointment is willfully used, or to be used, to circumvent any of the requirements or prohibitions of this part.
- (c) (3) Willful misrepresentation of any service warranty contract or willful deception with regard to any such contract, done either in person or by any form of dissemination of information or advertising.
- (d) (4) In the adjustment of claims arising out of warranties, material misrepresentation to a service warranty holder or other interested party of the terms and coverage of a contract with the intent and for the purpose of effecting settlement of the claim on less favorable terms than those provided in and contemplated by the contract.
- $\underline{\text{(e)}}$  Demonstrated lack of fitness or trustworthiness to engage in the business of service warranty.
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$  Demonstrated lack of adequate knowledge and technical competence to engage in the transactions authorized by the license or appointment.
- $\underline{(g)}$  Fraudulent or dishonest practices in the conduct of business under the license or appointment.
- (h)(8) Misappropriation, conversion, or unlawful withholding of moneys belonging to an association, insurer, or warranty holder, or to others, and received in the conduct of

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2401 business under the license or appointment.

- <u>(i)</u>(9) Unlawfully rebating, or attempting to unlawfully rebate, or unlawfully dividing, or offering to divide, her or his commission with another.
- <u>(j) (10)</u> Willful failure to comply with, or willful violation of, any proper order or rule of the department or commission, or willful violation of any provision of this part.
- (k)(11) Being found guilty of or pleading nolo contendere to a felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States of America or any state thereof or under the law of any other country involving moral turpitude, without regard to whether judgment of conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of the case.
- (1) Having been the subject of, or having had a license, permit, appointment, registration, or other authority to conduct business subject to, any decision, finding, injunction, suspension, prohibition, revocation, denial, judgment, final agency action, or administrative order by any court of competent jurisdiction, administrative law proceeding, state agency, federal agency, national securities, commodities, or options exchange, or national securities, commodities, or options association involving a violation of any federal or state securities or commodities law or any rule or regulation adopted thereunder, or a violation of any rule or regulation of any national securities, commodities, or options exchange or

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2426	national securities, commodities, or options association.
2427	(2) When a licensee is charged with a felony enumerated in
2428	s. 626.207(2), the department shall, immediately upon receipt of
2429	information on or indictment for the felony, temporarily suspend
2430	a license or appointment issued under this chapter. Such
2431	suspension shall continue if the licensee is found guilty of, or
2432	pleads guilty or nolo contendere to, the crime, regardless of
2433	whether a judgment or conviction is entered, during a pending
2434	appeal. A person may not transact insurance business after
2435	suspension of his or her license or appointment.
2436	(3) The department may adopt rules to administer this
2437	section.
2438	Section 51. Section 634.423, Florida Statutes, is amended
2439	to read:
2440	634.423 Grounds for discretionary refusal, suspension, or
2441	revocation of license or appointment of sales representatives
2442	(1) The department may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to
2443	renew or continue the license or appointment of any sales
2444	representative if it is found that any one or more of the
2445	following grounds applicable to the sales representative exist
2446	under circumstances for which such denial, suspension,
2447	revocation, or refusal is not mandatory under s. 634.422:
2448	$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ Any cause for which granting of the license or
2449	appointment could have been refused had it then existed and been
2450	known to the department.

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- (b)(2) Violation of any provision of this part, or of any other law applicable to the business of service warranties, in the course of dealings under the license or appointment.
- $\underline{\text{(c)}}$  Violation of any lawful order or rule of the department or commission.
- <u>(d)</u> (4) Failure or refusal to pay over, upon demand, to any service warranty association or insurer the sales representative represents or has represented any money coming into her or his hands which belongs to the association or insurer.
- (e)(5) In the conduct of business under the license or appointment, engaging in unfair methods of competition or in unfair or deceptive acts or practices, as such methods, acts, or practices are or may be defined under this part, or otherwise showing herself or himself to be a source of injury or loss to the public or detriment to the public interest.
- (f) (6) Failure to report to the department within 30 days the final disposition of an administrative action taken against a sales representative by a governmental agency or other regulatory agency in this state or any other state or jurisdiction relating to the business of insurance, the sale of securities, or an activity involving fraud, dishonesty, trustworthiness, or breach of a fiduciary duty. The sales representative must submit a copy of the order, consent to order, or other relevant legal documents to the department Being found guilty of or pleading guilty or nole contenders to a

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felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States of America or any state thereof or under the law of any other country, without regard to whether judgment of conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of such case.

(2) The department may adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 52. Section 648.25, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

- 648.25 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (1) "Appointment" means the authority given by an insurer or the managing general agent of an insurer through the department to a licensee to transact insurance or adjust claims on behalf of the insurer or managing general agent.
  - (2) (1) "Bail bond agency" means:
- (a) The building where a licensee maintains an office and where all records required by ss. 648.34 and 648.36 are maintained; or
  - (b) An entity that:
- 1. Charges a fee or premium to release an accused defendant or detainee from jail; or
- 2. Engages in or employs others to engage in any activity that may be performed only by a licensed and appointed bail bond agent.
  - (3) (2) "Bail bond agent" means a limited surety agent or a

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2501 professional bail bond agent as hereafter defined.

- (7)(3) "Managing general agent" means any individual, partnership, association, or corporation appointed or employed by an insurer to supervise or manage the bail bond business written in this state by limited surety agents appointed by the insurer.
- $\underline{(5)}$  "Insurer" means any domestic, foreign, or alien surety company which has been authorized to transact surety business in this state.
- $\underline{(6)}$  "Limited surety agent" means any individual appointed by an insurer by power of attorney to execute or countersign bail bonds in connection with judicial proceedings who receives or is promised money or other things of value therefor.
- (4)(6) "Primary Bail bond agent <u>in charge</u>" means a licensed bail bond agent who is responsible for the overall operation and management of a bail bond agency location and whose responsibilities include hiring and supervising all individuals within that location. A bail bond agent may be designated as <u>the primary</u> bail bond agent <u>in charge</u> for only one bail bond agency location.
- (8)(7) "Professional bail bond agent" means any person who pledges United States currency, United States postal money orders, or cashier's checks as security for a bail bond in connection with a judicial proceeding and receives or is

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promised therefor money or other things of value.

(9) (8) "Temporary bail bond agent" means a person licensed before January 1, 2024, who is employed by a bail bond agent or agency, insurer, or managing general agent, and such licensee has the same authority as a licensed bail bond agent, including presenting defendants in court; apprehending, arresting, and surrendering defendants to the proper authorities, while accompanied by a supervising bail bond agent or an agent from the same agency; and keeping defendants under necessary surveillance. However, a temporary licensee may not execute or sign bonds, handle collateral receipts, or deliver bonds to appropriate authorities. A temporary licensee may not operate an agency or branch agency separate from the location of the supervising bail bond agent, managing general agent, or insurer by whom the licensee is employed. This does not affect the right of a bail bond agent or insurer to hire counsel or to obtain the assistance of law enforcement officers. A temporary bail bond agent license expires 18 months after issuance and is no longer valid on or after June 30, 2025.

Section 53. Subsection (3) of section 648.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

648.26 Department of Financial Services; administration.-

(3) The papers, documents, reports, or any other investigatory records of the department are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) until such

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2551	investigation is completed or ceases to be active. For the
2552	purpose of this section, an investigation is considered $\underline{active}$
2553	"active" while the investigation is being conducted by the
2554	department with a reasonable, good faith belief that it may lead
2555	to the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings.
2556	An investigation does not cease to be active if the department
2557	is proceeding with reasonable dispatch and there is good faith
2558	belief that action may be initiated by the department or other
2559	administrative or law enforcement agency. This subsection does
2560	not prevent the department or office from disclosing the content
2561	of a complaint or such information as it deems necessary to
2562	conduct the investigation, to update the complainant as to the
2563	status and outcome of the complaint, or to share such
2564	information with any law enforcement agency or other regulatory
2565	body.
2566	Section 54. Subsection (5) of section 648.27, Florida
2567	Statutes, is amended to read:
2568	648.27 Licenses and appointments; general
2569	(5) (5) (a) The license of a bail bond agent shall continue in
2570	force, without further examination unless deemed necessary by
2571	the department, until suspended, revoked, or otherwise
2572	terminated.
2573	(b) The license of a temporary bail bond agent shall
2574	continue in force until suspended, revoked, or otherwise

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2576 Section 55. Section 648.285, Florida Statutes, is amended 2577 to read:

648.285 Bond agency; ownership requirements; applications for bail bond agency licenses.—

- (1) A person may not own, control, <u>manage</u>, or otherwise have a pecuniary interest in a bail bond agency unless such individual is a licensed <u>pursuant to s. 648.27</u>, and appointed through the department, and actively engaged as a bail bond agent <u>for at least the preceding 24 months</u>. Any agency that is not in compliance with this subsection <u>is shall be</u> subject to the issuance of an immediate final order of suspension of <u>its</u> license and all operations until the agency achieves compliance.
- (2) Effective January 1, 2024, the department may issue a bail bond agency license to any person only after such person files a written application with the department and qualifies for such license.
- (3) An application for a bail bond agency license must be signed by an individual required to be listed in the application under paragraph (a). A bail bond agency license may permit a third party to complete, submit, and sign an application on the bail bond agency's behalf; however, the bail bond agency is responsible for ensuring that the information on the application is true and correct, and the bail bond agency is accountable for any misstatements or misrepresentations. The application for a bail bond agency license must include:

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2601	(a) The name and license number of each owner, partner,
2602	officer, director, president, senior vice president, secretary,
2603	treasurer, and limited liability company member who directs or
2604	participates in the management or control of the bail bond
2605	agency, whether through ownership of voting securities, by
2606	contract, by ownership of any agency bank account, or otherwise.
2607	(b) The residence address of each person required to be
2608	listed in the application under paragraph (a).
2609	(c) The name, principal business street address, and valid
2610	e-mail address of the bail bond agency and the name, address,
2611	and e-mail address of the agency's registered agent or person or
2612	company authorized to accept service on behalf of the bail bond
2613	agency.
2614	(d) The physical address of each branch bail bond agency,
2615	including its name, e-mail address, and telephone number, and
2616	the date that the branch location began transacting bail bond
2617	business.
2618	(e) The name of the full-time bail bond agent in charge of
2619	the agency office, including branch locations, and his or her
2620	corresponding location.
2621	(f) Such additional information as the department requires
2622	by rule to ascertain the trustworthiness and competence of
2623	persons required to be listed on the application and to
2624	ascertain that such persons meet the requirements of this code.
2625	However, the department may not require that credit or character

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- reports be submitted for persons required to be listed on the application.
  - (4) The department must issue a license to each agency upon approval of the application, and each agency location must display the license prominently in a manner that makes it clearly visible to any customer or potential customer who enters the agency location.
  - (5) A bail bond agency that holds a current and valid registration number with the department shall have its registration automatically converted to a license on July 1, 2024.
  - (6) Section 112.011 does not apply to bail bond agencies or to applicants for licensure as owners of bail bond agencies.
  - (7)(2) If the owner of a bail bond agency dies or becomes mentally incapacitated, a personal representative or legal guardian may be issued a temporary permit to manage the affairs of the bail bond agency. Such person must appoint or maintain the appointment of a primary bail bond agent in charge, as provided in s. 648.387, and may not engage in any activities as a licensed bail bond agent but must comply with s. 648.387 during the administration of the estate or guardianship. A temporary permit is valid for a maximum of 24 months.
  - (8) (3) Application for a temporary permit must be made by the personal representative or legal guardian upon statements and affidavits filed with the department on forms prescribed and

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furnished by it. The applicant must meet the qualifications for licensure as a bail bond agent, except for the residency, examination, education, and experience requirements.

Section 56. Subsection (1) of section 648.30, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 648.30 Licensure and appointment required; prohibited acts; penalties.—
- (1) (a) A person or entity may not act in the capacity of a bail bond agent or temporary bail bond agency agent or perform any of the functions, duties, or powers prescribed for bail bond agents or temporary bail bond agencies agents under this chapter unless that person or entity is qualified, licensed, and appointed as provided in this chapter and employed by a bail bond agency.
- (b) A bail bond agent may not sell a bail bond issued by an insurer for which the agent and the agent's bail bond agency do not hold a current appointment.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this part, a person or entity, other than a bail bond agency or an employee of a bail bond agency, may not perform any of the functions of a bail bond agency without a bail bond agency license.
- Section 57. Section 648.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 2674 648.31 Appointment taxes and fees.—The department shall collect in advance all appointment taxes and fees for the

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issuance of any appointment to a bail bond agent or temporary bail bond agent, as provided in s. 624.501. There is no fee for the issuance of any appointment to a bail bond agency.

Section 58. Subsection (2) of section 648.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 648.34 Bail bond agents; qualifications.-
- (2) To qualify as a bail bond agent, it must affirmatively appear at the time of application and throughout the period of licensure that the applicant has complied with the provisions of s. 648.355 and has obtained a temporary license pursuant to such section and:
- (a) The applicant Is a natural person who has reached the age of 18 years and holds a high school diploma or its equivalent.
- (b) The applicant Is a United States citizen or legal alien who possesses work authorization from the United States Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services and is a resident of this state. An individual who is a resident of this state shall be deemed to meet the residence requirement of this paragraph, notwithstanding the existence, at the time of application for license, of a license in the applicant's name on the records of another state as a resident licensee of such other state, if the applicant furnishes a letter of clearance satisfactory to the department that his or her resident licenses have been canceled or changed to a nonresident basis and that he

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2701 or she is in good standing.

- (c) <u>Will maintain his or her</u> The place of business of the applicant will be located in this state and in the county where the applicant will maintain his or her records and be actively engaged in the bail bond business and <u>work with a licensed</u> maintain an agency accessible to the public which is open for reasonable business hours.
- (d) The applicant Is vouched for and recommended upon sworn statements filed with the department by at least three reputable citizens who are residents of the same counties in which the applicant proposes to engage in the bail bond business.
- (e) The applicant Is a person of high character and approved integrity and has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty or no contest to a felony, a crime involving moral turpitude, or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of any state, territory, or country, whether or not a judgment or conviction has been entered.
- (f) Within 2 years immediately before applying for the license, has successfully completed a basic certification course in the criminal justice system which consists of at least 120 hours of classroom instruction with a passing grade of 80 percent or higher and has successfully completed a correspondence course for bail bond agents approved by the department.

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2726	(g)(f) The applicant Has passed any required examination.
2727	Section 59. Section 648.355, Florida Statutes, is amended
2728	to read:
2729	648.355 Temporary limited license as Limited surety agents
2730	and agent or professional bail bond agents agent; qualifications
2731	pending examination
2732	(1) The department may, in its discretion, issue a
2733	temporary license as a limited surety agent or professional bail
2734	bond agent, subject to the following conditions:
2735	(a) The applicant is a natural person at least 18 years of
2736	age and holds a high school diploma or its equivalent.
2737	(b) The applicant is a United States citizen or legal
2738	alien who possesses work authorization from the United States
2739	Bureau of Citizenship and Immigration Services and is a resident
2740	of this state. An individual who is a resident of this state
2741	shall be deemed to meet the residence requirement of this
2742	paragraph, notwithstanding the existence, at the time of
2743	application for temporary license, of a license in the
2744	individual's name on the records of another state as a resident
2745	licensee of such other state, if the applicant furnishes a
2746	letter of clearance satisfactory to the department that the
2747	individual's resident licenses have been canceled or changed to
2748	a nonresident basis and that the individual is in good standing.
2749	(c) The applicant is a person of high character and
2750	approved integrity and has never been convicted of or pleaded

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guilty or no contest to a felony, a crime involving moral turpitude, or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of any state, territory, or country, whether or not a judgment or conviction is entered.

(d) Within 4 years prior to the date of application for a temporary license, the applicant has successfully completed a basic certification course in the criminal justice system, consisting of not less than 120 hours of classroom instruction with a passing grade of 80 percent or higher and has successfully completed a correspondence course for bail bond agents approved by the department.

(e) The applicant must be employed full time at the time of licensure, and at all times throughout the existence of the temporary license, by only one licensed and appointed supervising bail bond agent, who supervises the work of the applicant and is responsible for the licensee's conduct in the bail bond business. The applicant must be appointed by the same insurers as the supervising bail bond agent. The supervising bail bond agent shall certify monthly to the department under oath, on a form prescribed by the department, the names and hours worked each week of all temporary bail bond agents. Filing a false certification is grounds for the immediate suspension of the license and imposition of a \$5,000 administrative fine. The department may adopt rules that establish standards for the employment requirements.

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2776	(f) The application must be accompanied by an affidavit
2777	verifying proposed employment and a report as to the applicant's
2778	integrity and moral character on a form prescribed by the
2779	department and executed by the proposed employer.
2780	(g) The applicant must file with the department statements
2781	by at least three reputable citizens who are residents of the
2782	same counties in which the applicant proposes to engage as a
2783	temporary licensee.
2784	(h) The applicant's employer is responsible for the bail
2785	bonding acts of any licensee under this section.
2786	(2) All applicable license fees, as prescribed in s.
2787	624.501, must be paid before issuance of the temporary license.
2788	(3) The temporary license shall be effective for 18
2789	months, subject to earlier termination at the request of the
2790	employer or if suspended or revoked by the department.
2791	(4) The applicant shall furnish, with the application for
2792	temporary license, a complete set of the applicant's
2793	fingerprints in accordance with s. 626.171(4) and a recent
2794	credential-sized, fullface photograph of the applicant. The
2795	department $\underline{\text{may}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ not issue a $\underline{\text{temporary}}$ license under this
2796	section until the department has received a report from the
2797	Department of Law Enforcement and the Federal Bureau of
2798	Investigation relative to the existence or nonexistence of a
2799	criminal history report based on the applicant's fingerprints.
2800	(2) <del>(5)</del> The department may collect a fee necessary to cover

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2801 the cost of a character and credit report made by an established 2802 and reputable independent reporting service. The fee shall be 2803 deposited to the credit of the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund. 2804 (3) <del>(6)</del> Effective July 1, 2023, any individual licensed by 2805 the department as a temporary bail bond agent may take the 2806 required bail bond agent licensure examination and may file an 2807 application for a bail bond agent license if otherwise qualified 2808 for licensure After licensure as a temporary licensee for at 2809 least 12 months, such licensee may file an application for and 2810 become eligible for a regular bail bond agent's license based on 2811 the licensee's experience in the bail bond business and 2812 education pursuant to paragraph (1)(d) and, if otherwise 2813 qualified, take the required bail bond agent's licensure 2814 examination. The applicant and supervising bail bond agent must 2815 each file an affidavit under oath, on a form prescribed by the 2816 department, verifying the required employment of the temporary 2817 agent before issuance of the license. 2818 (7) In no event shall a temporary licensee licensed under 2819 this section perform any of the functions for which a 2820 agent's license is required after expiration of the temporary 2821 license without having passed the written examination as for a 2822 regular bail bond agent's license. 2823 (8) (a) A temporary licensee has the same authority as a 2824 licensed bail bond agent, including presenting defendants in

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court; apprehending, arresting, and surrendering defendants to

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2826 the proper authorities; and keeping defendants under necessary surveillance. However, a temporary licensee must be accompanied 2827 2828 by a supervising bail bond agent or an agent from the same 2829 agency when apprehending, arresting, or surrendering defendants 2830 to authorities. 2831 (b) A temporary licensee may not execute or sign bonds, 2832 handle collateral receipts, deliver bonds to appropriate 2833 authorities, or operate an agency or branch agency separate from 2834 the location of the supervising bail bond agent, managing 2835 general agent, or insurer by whom the licensee is employed. (4) Effective July 1, 2023, the department may not 2836 2837 issue a temporary bail bond agent license. An individual 2838 currently licensed as a temporary bail bond agent may continue 2839 to be licensed in accordance with this chapter. A temporary bail 2840 bond agent license may not be reinstated if the license expires 2841 or is terminated, suspended, or revoked The department shall not 2842 issue a temporary bail bond agent's license to any individual 2843 who has held such a temporary license in this state within 2 2844 years after the expiration of such temporary bail bond 2845 license. 2846 Section 60. Subsections (1) through (4) of section 2847 648.382, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2848 648.382 Appointment of bail bond agents and bail bond 2849 agencies temporary bail bond agents; effective date of 2850 appointment.-

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- (1) (a) Each insurer or appointing a bail bond agent and each insurer, managing general agent, or bail bond agent appointing a temporary bail bond agent or bail bond agency in this state must file the appointment with the department and, at the same time, pay the applicable appointment fees and taxes. A person appointed under this section must hold a valid bail bond agent agent's or temporary bail bond agency agent's license. There is no fee for the issuance of any appointment of a bail bond agency.
- (b) Effective July 1, 2025, each insurer or managing general agent appointing a bail bond agency in this state must file the appointment with the department. An entity appointed under this section must hold a valid bail bond agency license.
- (2) <u>Before</u> Prior to any appointment, an appropriate officer or official of the appointing insurer in the case of a bail bond agent or an insurer, managing general agent, or bail bond agent in the case of a temporary bail bond agent must submit:
- (a) A certified statement or affidavit to the department stating what investigation has been made concerning the proposed appointee and the proposed appointee's background and the appointing person's opinion to the best of his or her knowledge and belief as to the moral character and reputation of the proposed appointee. In lieu of such certified statement or affidavit, by authorizing the effectuation of an appointment for

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a licensee, the appointing entity certifies to the department that such investigation has been made and that the results of the investigation and the appointing person's opinion is that the proposed appointee is a person of good moral character and reputation and is fit to engage in the bail bond business;

An affidavit under oath on a form prescribed by the department, signed by the proposed appointee, stating that premiums are not owed to any insurer and that the appointee will discharge all outstanding forfeitures and judgments on bonds previously written. If the appointee does not satisfy or discharge such forfeitures or judgments, the former insurer shall file a notice, with supporting documents, with the appointing insurer, the former agent or agency, and the department, stating under oath that the licensee has failed to timely satisfy forfeitures and judgments on bonds written and that the insurer has satisfied the forfeiture or judgment from its own funds. Upon receipt of such notification and supporting documents, the appointing insurer shall immediately cancel the licensee's appointment. The licensee may be reappointed only upon certification by the former insurer that all forfeitures and judgments on bonds written by the licensee have been discharged. The appointing insurer or former agent or agency may, within 10 days, file a petition with the department seeking relief from this paragraph. Filing of the petition stays the duty of the appointing insurer to cancel the appointment until

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2901 the department grants or denies the petition; and 2902 Any other information that the department reasonably 2903 requires concerning the proposed appointee; and Effective January 1, 2025, a certification that the 2904 2905 appointing entity obtained from each appointee the following 2906 sworn statement: 2907 2908 Pursuant to section 648.382(2)(b), Florida Statutes, I 2909 do solemnly swear that I owe no premium to any insurer 2910 or agency and that I will discharge all outstanding 2911 forfeitures and judgments on bonds that have been 2912 previously written. I acknowledge that failure to do this will result in my active appointments being 2913 2914 canceled. 2915 2916 An appointed bail bond agency must have the attestation under 2917 this paragraph signed by its owner. 2918 By authorizing the effectuation of an appointment for 2919 a licensee, the appointing insurer certifies to the department 2920 that the insurer will be bound by the acts of the bail bond 2921 agent or bail bond agency acting within the scope of the agent's

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or agency's his or her appointment, and, in the case of a

temporary bail bond agent, the appointing insurer, managing

general agent, or bail bond agent, as the case may be, must

certify to the department that he or she will supervise the

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temporary bail bond agent's activities.

(4) Each appointing insurer or, managing general agent, or bail bond agent must advise the department in writing within 5 days after receiving notice or learning that an appointee has been arrested for, pled guilty or nolo contendere to, or been found guilty of, a felony or other offense punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of any jurisdiction, whether judgment was entered or withheld by the court.

Section 61. Present subsections (1) through (4) of section 648.386, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (2) through (5), respectively, a new subsection (1) is added to that section, and present subsection (2) of that section is amended, to read:

- 648.386 Qualifications for prelicensing and continuing education schools and instructors.—
- (1) DEFINITION OF "CLASSROOM INSTRUCTION".—As used in this section, the term "classroom instruction" means a course designed to be presented to a group of students by a live instructor using lecture, video, webcast, or virtual or other audio-video presentation.
- (3)(2) SCHOOLS AND CURRICULUM FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION SCHOOLS.—In order to be considered for approval and certification as an approved limited surety agent and professional bail bond agent continuing education school, such

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2951	entity	must

- (a) Provide a minimum of three <u>classroom-instruction</u> continuing education classes per calendar year.
- (b) Submit a course curriculum to the department for approval.
- (c) Offer continuing education classes that comprise which are comprised of a minimum of 2 hours of approved classroom—
  instruction coursework and are taught by an approved supervising instructor or guest lecturer approved by the entity or the supervising instructor.

Section 62. Section 648.387, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 648.387 Primary Bail bond agent in charge agents; duties.-
- designate a primary bail bond agent in charge for each location, and shall file with the department the name and license number of the person and the address of the location on a form approved by the department. The designation of the primary bail bond agent in charge may be changed if the department is notified immediately. Failure to notify the department within 10 working days after such change is grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to s. 648.45.
- (2) The primary bail bond agent <u>in charge</u> is responsible for the overall operation and management of a bail bond agency location, whose responsibilities may include, without

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limitations, hiring and supervising of all individuals within the location, whether they deal with the public in the solicitation or negotiation of bail bond contracts or in the collection or accounting of moneys. A person may be designated as the primary bail bond agent in charge for only one agency and location.

- (3) The department may suspend or revoke the license of the owner, bail bond agent in charge operator, and primary bail bond agency agent if the a bail bond agency employs, contracts with, or uses the services of a person who has had a license denied or whose license is currently suspended or revoked. However, a person who has been denied a license for failure to pass a required examination may be employed to perform clerical or administrative functions for which licensure is not required.
- (4) An owner, a bail bond agent in charge operator, or a bail bond agency primary agent may not employ, contract with, or use the services of any person in a bail bond agency who has been charged with, found guilty of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to a felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of any jurisdiction, without regard to whether judgment was entered or withheld by the court.
- (5) A bail bond agency location may not conduct surety business unless a primary bail bond agent in charge is designated by, and provides services to, the bail bond agency at all times. If the bail bond agent in charge designated with the

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department ends his or her affiliation with the bail bond agency for any reason and if the bail bond agency fails to designate another bail bond agent in charge within the 10-day period under subsection (1) and such failure continues for 90 days, the bail bond agency license automatically expires on the 91st day after the date the designated bail bond agent in charge ended his or her affiliation with the agency The failure to designate a primary agent on a form prescribed by the department, within 10 working days after an agency's inception or a change of primary agent, is a violation of this chapter, punishable as provided in s. 648.45.

Section 63. Section 648.3875, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

648.3875 Bail bond agent in charge; qualifications.-

- (1) An application for designation as a bail bond agent in charge must be submitted on forms prescribed by the department.

  The application must include the applicant's full name and the applicant's license number issued pursuant to s. 648.27.
- (2) To qualify as a bail bond agent in charge, it must affirmatively appear that, at the time of application and throughout the period of licensure, the applicant has complied with s. 648.285 and that the applicant has been licensed as a bail bond agent for the 24 months immediately preceding the appointment as the bail bond agent in charge.

Section 64. Section 648.39, Florida Statutes, is amended

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3026 to read:

648.39 Termination of appointment of managing general agents, bail bond agents, and temporary bail bond agencies agents.—

- (1) An insurer that who terminates the appointment of a managing general agent, bail bond agent, or temporary bail bond agency agent shall, within 10 days after such termination, file written notice thereof with the department together with a statement that it has given or mailed notice to the terminated agent or agency. Such notice filed with the department must state the reasons, if any, for such termination. Information so furnished to the department is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
- (2) Each insurer shall, within 5 days after terminating the appointment of any managing general agent, bail bond agent, or temporary bail bond agency agent, give written notice thereof to each clerk of the circuit court and sheriff with whom such person is registered.
- (3) An insurer that terminates the appointment of a managing general agent or, bail bond agent, or temporary bail bond agent may authorize such person to continue to attempt the arrest and surrender of a defendant for whom a surety bond had been written by the bail bond agent before prior to termination and to seek discharge of forfeitures and judgments as provided in chapter 903.

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3051 Section 65. Section 648.41, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 3052 Section 66. Section 648.42, Florida Statutes, is amended 3053 to read: 3054 648.42 Registration of bail bond agents.—A bail bond agent 3055 may not become a surety on an undertaking unless he or she has 3056 registered in the office of the sheriff and with the clerk of 3057 the circuit court in the county in which the bail bond agent 3058 resides. The bail bond agent may register in a like manner in 3059 any other county, and any bail bond agent shall file a certified 3060 copy of his or her appointment by power of attorney from each 3061 insurer which he or she represents as a bail bond agent with 3062 each of such officers. Registration and filing of a certified 3063 copy of renewed power of attorney shall be performed by April 1 3064 of each odd-numbered year. The clerk of the circuit court and 3065 the sheriff may shall not permit the registration of a bail bond 3066 agent unless such bail bond agent is currently licensed by the department and appointed by an insurer the department. Nothing 3067 3068 in this section shall prevent the registration of a temporary 3069 the jail for the purposes of enabling 3070 to perform the duties under such license as set forth in this 3071 chapter. 3072 Section 67. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (8) of section 648.44, Florida Statutes, are 3073 3074 amended to read:

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

648.44 Prohibitions; penalty.-

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- 3076 (1) A bail bond agent or temporary bail bond agency agent 3077 may not:
  - (a) Suggest or advise the employment of, or name for employment, any particular attorney or attorneys to represent his or her principal.
  - (b) Directly or indirectly solicit business in or on the property or grounds of a jail, prison, or other place where prisoners are confined or in or on the property or grounds of any court. The term "solicitation" includes the distribution of business cards, print advertising, or other written or oral information directed to prisoners or potential indemnitors, unless a request is initiated by the prisoner or a potential indemnitor. Permissible print advertising in the jail is strictly limited to a listing in a telephone directory and the posting of the bail bond agent's or agency's name, address, email address, web address, and telephone number in a designated location within the jail.
  - (c) Initiate in-person or telephone solicitation after 9:00 p.m. or before 8:00 a.m., in the case of domestic violence cases, at the residence of the detainee or the detainee's family. Any solicitation not prohibited by this chapter must comply with the telephone solicitation requirements in ss. 501.059(2) and (4), 501.613, and 501.616(6).
  - (d) Wear or display any identification other than the department issued or approved license or approved department

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identification, which includes a citation of the licensee's arrest powers, in or on the property or grounds of a jail, prison, or other place where prisoners are confined or in or on the property or grounds of any court.

- (e) Pay a fee or rebate or give or promise anything of value to a jailer, police officer, peace officer, or committing trial court judge or any other person who has power to arrest or to hold in custody or to any public official or public employee in order to secure a settlement, compromise, remission, or reduction of the amount of any bail bond or estreatment thereof.
- (f) Pay a fee or rebate or give anything of value to an attorney in a bail bond matter, except in defense of any action on a bond.
- (g) Pay a fee or rebate or give or promise anything of value to the principal or anyone in his or her behalf.
- (h) Participate in the capacity of an attorney at a trial or hearing of one on whose bond he or she is surety.
- (i) Loiter in or about a jail, courthouse, or where prisoners are confined.
- (j) Accept anything of value from a principal for providing a bail bond except the premium and transfer fee authorized by the office, except that the bail bond agent or bail bond agency may accept collateral security or other indemnity from the principal or another person in accordance with the provisions of s. 648.442, together with documentary

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stamp taxes, if applicable. No fees, expenses, or charges of any kind shall be permitted to be deducted from the collateral held or any return premium due, except as authorized by this chapter or rule of the department or commission. A bail bond agent or bail bond agency may, upon written agreement with another party, receive a fee or compensation for returning to custody an individual who has fled the jurisdiction of the court or caused the forfeiture of a bond.

- (k) Write more than one power of attorney per charge on a bond, except in the case of a cosurety, unless the power of attorney prohibits a cosurety.
  - (1) Execute a bond in this state on his or her own behalf.
- (m) Execute a bond in this state if a judgment has been entered on a bond executed by the bail bond agent or the bail bond agency is a named party on the judgment, which has remained unpaid for 35 days, unless the full amount of the judgment is deposited with the clerk in accordance with s. 903.27(5).
- (n) Make a statement or representation to a court, unless such statement or representation is under oath. Such statement or representation may not be false, misleading, or deceptive.
- (o) Attempt to collect, through threat or coercion, amounts due for the payment of any indebtedness related to the issuance of a bail bond in violation of s. 559.72.
- (p) Conduct bail bond business with any person, other than the defendant, on the grounds of the jail or courthouse for the

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- (2) The following persons or classes <u>may shall</u> not be bail bond agents, temporary bail bond agents, or employees of a bail bond agent or a bail bond <u>agency business</u> and <u>may shall</u> not directly or indirectly receive any benefits from the execution of any bail bond:
  - (a) Jailers or persons employed in any jail.
- (b) Police officers or employees of any police department or law enforcement agency.
- (c) Committing trial court judges, employees of a court, or employees of the clerk of any court.
- (d) Sheriffs and deputy sheriffs or employees of any sheriff's department.
  - (e) Attorneys.
- (f) Persons having the power to arrest or persons who have authority over or control of federal, state, county, or municipal prisoners.
  - (8)
- (c) Any law enforcement agency, state attorney's office, court clerk, or insurer that is aware that a bail bond agent or temporary bail bond agent has been convicted of or who has pleaded guilty or no contest to a crime as described in paragraph (a) shall notify the department of this fact.
- (d) Upon the filing of an information or indictment against a bail bond agent or temporary bail bond agent, the

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state attorney or clerk of the circuit court shall immediately furnish the department a certified copy of the information or indictment.

Section 68. Subsection (1) of section 648.441, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

648.441 Furnishing supplies to unlicensed bail bond agent prohibited; civil liability and penalty.—

(1) An insurer, managing general agent, bail bond agent, or temporary bail bond agency agent appointed under this chapter may not furnish to any person any blank forms, applications, stationery, business card, or other supplies to be used in soliciting, negotiating, or effecting bail bonds until such person has received from the department a license to act as a bail bond agent and is appointed by the insurer. This section does not prohibit an unlicensed employee, under the direct supervision and control of a licensed and appointed bail bond agent, from possessing or executing in the bail bond agency, any forms, except for powers of attorney, bond forms, and collateral receipts, while acting within the scope of his or her employment.

Section 69. Subsection (3) of section 648.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

648.46 Procedure for disciplinary action against licensees.—

(3) The complaint and all information obtained pursuant to

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the investigation of the department are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) until such investigation is completed or ceases to be active. For the purpose of this section, an investigation is considered "active" while the investigation is being conducted by the department with a reasonable, good faith belief that it may lead to the filing of administrative, civil, or criminal proceedings. An investigation does not cease to be active if the department is proceeding with reasonable dispatch and there is good faith belief that action may be initiated by the department or other administrative or law enforcement agency. This subsection does not prevent the department or office from disclosing the complaint or such information as it deems necessary to conduct the investigation, to update the complainant as to the status and outcome of the complaint, or to share such information with any law enforcement agency or other regulatory body. Section 70. Section 648.50, Florida Statutes, is amended

to read:

- 648.50 Effect of suspension, revocation upon associated licenses and licensees.-
- Upon the suspension, revocation, or refusal to renew or continue any license or appointment or the eligibility to hold a license or appointment of a bail bond agent or temporary bail bond agency agent, the department shall at the same time likewise suspend or revoke all other licenses or appointments

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and the eligibility to hold any other such licenses or appointments which may be held by the licensee under the Florida Insurance Code.

- or appointment, or the eligibility to hold a license or appointment, of any bail bond agent, the license, appointment, or eligibility of any and all bail bond agents who are members of a bail bond agency, whether incorporated or unincorporated, and any and all temporary bail bond agents employed by such bail bond agency, who knowingly are parties to the act which formed the ground for the suspension or revocation may likewise be suspended or revoked.
- (3)  $\underline{A}$  No person whose license as a bail bond agent or temporary bail bond agent has been revoked or suspended may not shall be employed by any bail bond agent, have any ownership interest in any business involving bail bonds, or have any financial interest of any type in any bail bond business during the period of revocation or suspension.
- Section 71. Subsections (4) and (6) of section 717.135, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 717.135 Recovery agreements and purchase agreements for claims filed by a claimant's representative; fees and costs.—
- (4) A claimant's representative must use the Unclaimed Property Recovery Agreement or the Unclaimed Property Purchase Agreement as the exclusive means of <u>entering into an agreement</u>

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- or a contract engaging with a claimant or seller to file a claim with the department.
  - any other agreement of any type, conveyed by any method, form, or other media with respect to the claimant or seller which relates, directly or indirectly, to unclaimed property accounts held by the department or the Chief Financial Officer other than the agreements authorized by this section. Any engagement, authorization, recovery, or fee agreement that is not authorized by this section is void. A claimant's representative is subject to administrative and civil enforcement under s. 717.1322 if he or she uses an agreement that is not authorized by this section. This subsection does not prohibit lawful nonagreement, noncontractual, or advertising communications between or among the parties.

Section 72. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 843.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 843.021 Unlawful possession of a concealed handcuff key.-
- (4)(a) It is a defense to a charge of violating this section that the person in custody and in possession of a concealed handcuff key is:
- 1. A federal, state, or local law enforcement officer, including a reserve or auxiliary officer, a licensed security officer, or a private investigator as defined in s. 493.6101; or
  - 2. A professional bail bond agent, temporary bail bond

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3276 agent, runner, or limited surety agent as defined in s. 648.25. 3277 Section 73. Subsection (4) of section 631.152, Florida 3278 Statutes, is amended to read: 3279 631.152 Conduct of delinquency proceeding; foreign 3280 insurers.-Section 631.141(10)(b) 631.141(9)(b) applies to 3281 3282 ancillary delinquency proceedings opened for the purpose of 3283 obtaining records necessary to adjudicate the covered claims of 3284 Florida policyholders. 3285 Section 74. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 3286 631.398, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 3287 631.398 Prevention of insolvencies.-To aid in the detection and prevention of insurer insolvencies or impairments: 3288 3289 (3)3290 For an insolvency involving a domestic property (b) 3291 insurer, the department shall: 3292 Begin an analysis of the history and causes of the 3293 insolvency once the department is appointed by the court as 3294 receiver. 3295 Submit an initial report analyzing the history and 3296 causes of the insolvency to the Governor, the President of the 3297 Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the 3298 office. The initial report must be submitted no later than 4 3299 months after the department is appointed as receiver. The

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initial report shall be updated at least annually until the

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submission of the final report. The report may not be used as evidence in any proceeding brought by the department or others to recover assets on behalf of the receivership estate as part of its duties under  $\underline{s. 631.141(9)}$   $\underline{s. 631.141(8)}$ . The submission of a report under this subparagraph shall not be considered a waiver of any evidentiary privilege the department may assert under state or federal law.

- 3. Provide a special report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the office, within 10 days upon identifying any condition or practice that may lead to insolvency in the property insurance marketplace.
- 4. Submit a final report analyzing the history and causes of the insolvency and the review of the Office of Insurance Regulation's regulatory oversight of the insurer to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the office within 30 days of the conclusion of the insolvency proceeding.
- 5. Review the Office of Insurance Regulation's regulatory oversight of the insurer.
- Section 75. Subsection (2) of section 903.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 903.09 Justification of sureties.-
- 3324 (2) A bond agent, as defined in  $\underline{s. 648.25(3)}$   $\underline{s. 648.25(2)}$ , 3325 shall justify her or his suretyship by attaching a copy of the

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3326 power of attorney issued by the company to the bond or by 3327 attaching to the bond United States currency, a United States 3328 postal money order, or a cashier's check in the amount of the bond; but the United States currency, United States postal money 3329 3330 order, or cashier's check cannot be used to secure more than one 3331 bond. Nothing herein shall prohibit two or more qualified 3332 sureties from each posting any portion of a bond amount, and 3333 being liable for only that amount, so long as the total posted 3334 by all cosureties is equal to the amount of bond required. 3335 Section 76. (1) The following rules are ratified for the 3336 sole and exclusive purpose of satisfying any condition on the 3337 effectiveness imposed under s. 120.541(3), Florida Statutes: Rule 69L-7.020, Florida Administrative Code, titled "Florida 3338 3339 Workers' Compensation Health Care Provider Reimbursement Manual" 3340 as filed for adoption with the Department of State pursuant to 3341 the certification package dated October 22, 2021; Rule 69L-3342 7.730, Florida Administrative Code, titled "Health Care Provider 3343 Medical Billing and Reporting Responsibilities" as filed for 3344 adoption with the Department of State pursuant to the certification package dated April 6, 2023; and Rule 69L-7.740, 3345 Florida Administrative Code, titled "Insurer Authorization and 3346 3347 Medical Bill Review Responsibilities" as filed for adoption with 3348 the Department of State pursuant to the certification package 3349 dated April 6, 2023. 3350 (2) This section serves no other purpose and may not be

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3351 codified in the Florida Statutes. After this section becomes 3352 law, its enactment and effective dates shall be noted in the 3353 Florida Administrative Code, the Florida Administrative 3354 Register, or both, as appropriate. This section does not alter 3355 rulemaking additions delegated by prior law, does not constitute 3356 legislative preemption of or exception to any provision of law 3357 governing adoption or enforcement of the rule cited, and is 3358 intended to preserve the status of any cited rule as a rule 3359 under chapter 120, Florida Statutes. This section does not cure 3360 any rulemaking defect or preempt any challenge based on a lack 3361 of authority or a violation of the legal requirements governing 3362 the adoption of any rule cited. 3363 This section takes effect July 1, 2023. 3364 Section 77. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this 3365

act, this act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF FINAL BILL ANALYSIS

BILL #: CS/CS/HB 487 Department of Financial Services

SPONSOR(S): Commerce Committee and Insurance & Banking Subcommittee, Salzman

TIED BILLS: IDEN./SIM. BILLS: CS/CS/CS/SB 1158

FINAL HOUSE FLOOR ACTION: 112 Y's 0 N's GOVERNOR'S ACTION: Approved

#### SUMMARY ANALYSIS

CS/CS/HB 487 passed the House, as amended, on April 26, 2023. The bill was amended in the Senate on April 28, 2023, and returned to the House. The House concurred in the Senate amendments and subsequently passed the bill, as amended, on May 3, 2023.

The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) is an elected member of the Cabinet, serves as the state's chief fiscal officer, and is designated as the State Fire Marshal. The CFO is the head of the Department of Financial Services (DFS). Changes made by the bill include:

- Providing that county agencies, municipalities, and special districts must have adequate controls over tangible property.
- Changing the frequency of a required hurricane-related report by DFS from annual to triennial.
- Requiring insurers to bear certain costs and make certain elections prior to mediation of claims;
- Authorizing the suspension of agent appointments by insurers for non-payment of costs;
- Revising various requirements applicable to the DFS property insurance claims mediation program;
- Reducing certain administrative obligations of title agents and agencies; changing certain continuing education requirements; reducing barriers to licensing;
- Expanding the circumstances when DFS can suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the licenses and the types of criminal offenses that can disqualify an insurance agent licensee;
- Allowing reciprocal non-resident licenses in certain circumstances;
- Eliminating temporary bail bond licenses and creating a means to convert to regular bail bond agent licenses; specifying the qualifications of a primary bail bond agent;
- Converting bail bond agency registration to licensure;
- Improving processing of insolvent insurer estates;
- Authorizing a State Fire Marshal direct support organization, which is repealed in five years, unless saved by subsequent legislative action;
- Allowing any governmental employee to participate in the Deferred Compensation Plan;
- Ratifying the 2020 Workers' Compensation Health Care Provider Reimbursement Manual; eliminating the need for future Reimbursement Manual ratifications;
- Ratifying the workers' compensation "Health Care Provider Medical Billing and Reporting Responsibilities" rule and the "Insurer Authorization and Medical Bill Review Responsibilities" rule;
- Creating term limits, ethical requirements, and other improvements to specified Boards; authorizing the CFO to remove Board members in certain circumstances;
- Exempting travel-related transportation protection agreements for the preparation and return of human remains from regulation as a preneed funeral contract or insurance.
- Prohibiting certain practices in the issuance of collateral protection insurance:
- Increasing the reserve requirement for warranty associations;

The bill has an insignificant fiscal impact on state government revenues and expenditures and no impact on local government. It has indeterminate impacts on the private sector.

The bill was approved by the Governor on May 25, 2023, ch. 2023-144, L.O.F., and became effective on that date.

## I. SUBSTANTIVE INFORMATION

#### A. EFFECT OF CHANGES:

## ORGANIZATION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES

The Chief Financial Officer (CFO) is an elected member of the Cabinet, serves as the state's chief fiscal officer,<sup>1</sup> and is designated as the State Fire Marshal. The CFO is the head of the Department of Financial Services (DFS). Effective January 2003, the Department of Insurance, Treasury, State Fire Marshal, and the Department of Banking and Finance merged to form DFS. DFS consists of 13 divisions and several specialized offices.<sup>2</sup> DFS is composed of the following divisions and independent office:

- Accounting and Auditing;
- Consumer Services;
- Funeral, Cemetery, and Consumer Services;
- Insurance Agent and Agency Services;
- Investigative and Forensic Services;<sup>3</sup>
- Public Assistance Fraud;
- Rehabilitation and Liquidation;
- Risk Management;
- State Fire Marshal;
- Treasury;
- Unclaimed Property;
- Workers' Compensation;
- Administration; and the
- Office of Insurance Consumer Advocate.

# **Division of Accounting and Auditing**

The mission of the Division of Accounting and Auditing is to safeguard public assets, settle the state's financial obligations, report financial information, and improve accountability of the state. The Division includes the Bureau of Unclaimed Property and the Office of Fiscal Integrity. It is also empowered by statute to "examine, audit, adjust, and settle the accounts of all the officers of this state, and any other person in anywise entrusted with, or who may have received any property, funds, or moneys of this state, or who may be in anywise indebted or accountable to this state for any property, funds, or moneys, and require such officer or persons to render full accounts thereof, and to yield up such property or funds according to law, or pay such moneys into the treasury of this state, or to such officer or agent of the state as may be appointed to receive the same, and on failure so to do, to cause to be instituted and prosecuted proceedings, criminal or civil, at law or in equity, against such persons, according to law." In executing this power, the Division has the authority to conduct investigations, as necessary inside and outside of the state, and refer any suspected criminal conduct to the appropriate law enforcement and prosecutorial agency.

Every state and local government entity provides its financial information to DFS annually, so DFS can prepare annual financial statements for the state of Florida and provide an online clearinghouse for the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Art. IV, s. 4, Fla. Const.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> S. 20.121, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This division includes the Bureau of Forensic Services; Bureau of Fire, Arson, and Explosives Investigations; Office of Fiscal Integrity; Bureau of Insurance Fraud; and Bureau of Workers' Compensation Fraud.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES, *Accounting & Auditing*, <a href="http://www.myfloridacfo.com/Division/AA/">http://www.myfloridacfo.com/Division/AA/</a> (last visited Mar. 19, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> S. 17.04, F.S.

financial statements of every county, municipality, and special district in Florida. The Florida Open Financial Statement System is open to public inspection.<sup>6</sup>

#### Effect of the Bill

The bill makes the following changes within the purview of the Division of Accounting and Auditing:

 Adds county agencies, municipalities, and special districts<sup>7</sup> to those public entities that must have adequate controls over tangible property.

## **Division of Consumer Services**

The Division of Consumer Services deals with consumer issues and complaints related to the jurisdiction of DFS and the Office of Insurance Regulation (OIR). The Division:

- Receives inquiries and complaints from consumers;
- Prepares and disseminates information as DFS deems appropriate to inform or assist consumers;
- Provides direct assistance and advocacy for consumers; and
- Reports potential violations of law or applicable rules by a person or entity licensed by DFS or OIR to the appropriate division within DFS or OIR, as appropriate.<sup>8</sup>

#### Effect of the Bill

#### The bill:

- Mandates that a property insurer either make a claim determination or elect to repair under applicable law prior to participating in mediation allowed by statute.
- Allows DFS to suspend an insurer's ability to appoint agents to represent the insurer if the insurer does not pay required mediation fees timely.
- Removes a requirement that DFS adopt rules governing qualifications, denials of application, suspension, revocation of approval, and penalties applicable to mediators related to DFS property insurance claim mediation program.
- Provides that mediation costs must be reasonable, that the insurer bears all such costs, but
  requires the policyholder must pay the costs of rescheduling mediations in certain
  circumstances. If an insurer representative attends a mediation, but lacks authority to settle the
  claim, the insurer is deemed to have not appeared, in which case the insurer must pay the
  insured's actual costs of attendance and the cost of rescheduling the mediation, including DFS'
  costs. If the per-mediation-event administrative fee is not paid timely, the mediation
  administrator may request that DFS suspend the insurer's ability to appoint agents to represent
  the insurer.
- Removes mediation-related tolling of time to file a lawsuit on the disputed claim.
- Deletes a requirement that the policy include details on requirements for filing of first-party claims mediation.
- Repeals mediation program requirements, including:
  - That the mediation must be a formal process;
  - Mediators be randomly selected, with options and process to handle rejections of the selected mediator; and,
  - Equal sharing of costs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> S. 218.32(1)(h), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> As defined in s. 189.12, F.S.

<sup>8</sup> S. 20.121(2)(h), F.S.

# **Division of Insurance Agent and Agency Services**

The DFS Division of Insurance Agent and Agency Services is responsible for the licensing and regulation of insurance agents, adjusters, insurance agencies, as well as related personnel and business entities.<sup>9</sup>

No person may be, act as, or advertise, or hold himself/herself out to be an insurance agent, insurance adjuster, or customer representative unless he or she is currently licensed by DFS and appointed by an appropriate appointing entity or person. <sup>10</sup> There are several types of insurance representatives. These include:

- General lines agents,
- Life insurance agents,
- Health insurance agents,
- Title insurance agents,
- Personal lines agents, and
- Unaffiliated insurance agents.<sup>11</sup>

## General Lines Agent

A general lines agent<sup>12</sup> is one who sells the following lines of insurance: property;<sup>13</sup> casualty,<sup>14</sup> including commercial liability insurance underwritten by a risk retention group, a commercial self-insurance fund,<sup>15</sup> or a workers' compensation self-insurance fund;<sup>16</sup> surety;<sup>17</sup> health;<sup>18</sup> and, marine.<sup>19</sup> The general lines agent may only transact health insurance for an insurer that the general lines agent also represents for property and casualty insurance. If the general lines agent wishes to represent health insurers that are not also property and casualty insurers, they must be licensed as a health insurance agent.<sup>20</sup>

## Title Agents and Agencies

Title insurance insures owners of real property (owner's policy) or others having an interest in real property, as well as lenders (mortgagee policies) against loss by encumbrance, defective title, invalidity, or adverse claim to title. It is a policy issued by a title insurer that, after evaluating a search of title, insures against a number of covered risks, including title defects or liens that are not identified as exceptions. In Florida, title insurers operate on a monoline basis, meaning that the insurer can only transact title insurance and cannot transact any other type of insurance.<sup>21</sup>

## **Bail Bond Agents**

Currently, a person may not act as a bail bond agent or temporary bail bond agent unless qualified, licensed, and appointed.<sup>22</sup> A person also may not represent himself or herself to be a bail enforcement

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Ch. 626, parts I, II, III, IV, V, VI, VIII, IX, and XIII, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> S. 626.112, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> S. 626.015, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> S. 626.015(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> S. 624.604, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> S. 624.605, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> As defined in s. 624.462, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Pursuant to s. 624.4621, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> S. 626.606, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Ss. 624.603 and 627.6482. F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> S. 624.607, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> S. 626.829, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> S. 627.786, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> S. 648.30(1), F.S.

agent, bounty hunter, or other similar title, and a person, other than a certified law enforcement officer, may not apprehend, detain, or arrest a principal on a bond unless qualified, licensed, and appointed.<sup>23</sup>

#### Effect of the Bill

The bill makes the following changes related to agents and agencies:

# Generally -

- Removes the requirement that applicants be fingerprinted at a designated examination center; but, retains the remaining fingerprinting options that include a law enforcement agency or other DFS-approved entity.
- Relieves title insurance, life insurance, and annuity insurance agents and agencies from the requirement that they notice all active policyholders of an office closure that is more than 30 days because the related policies are not continually serviced by the agent or agency.
- Clarifies that a licensee that possesses an advanced degree beyond a Bachelor's degree is eligible for a reduced continuing education requirement; six hours every two years, rather than 20 hours every two years, or other variations thereof depending on experience and credential.
- Removes a prohibition on licensees holding a limited license in motor vehicle damage and mechanical breakdown insurance, industrial fire insurance, burglary insurance, or credit insurance from holding multiple licenses.
- Expands the type of criminal background that allows DFS to suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or appointment of a licensee to include a misdemeanor related to the financial services business, this is in addition to any felony or crime punishable by one year or more in prison.
- Allows DFS to suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or appointment of a licensee who has lost their resident license in another state.
- Permits DFS to suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew or continue the license or appointment of a title agent or agency that:
  - Misappropriates, converts, or unlawfully withholds funds related to an escrow agreement, real estate sales contract, or settlement of a real estate transaction; or
  - Is the subject of an adverse action against a license or similar credential in another state, a court of competent jurisdiction, or federal agency, or similar.
- Reduces a reinsurance intermediary credential from a license to an appointment and removes the \$50 application and license fee for a reinsurance intermediary; such intermediaries are otherwise licensed as another type of insurance licensee.
- Allows DFS to cancel an insurer's ability to appoint agents when an insurer fails to timely pay the exchange of business fee that the insurer is beholden to pay for the agent and applicable to reported agent production activity.
- For the purposes of title agents and agencies, changes the authority to act as an escrow agent from the title agent to the title agency and removes the obligation to invest the escrow funds consistent with the requirements applicable to state investment of funds.
- Broadens the qualifying continuing education courses that public adjusters may take from those specially designed for public adjusters to any related to commercial and residential property and casualty coverage, claim adjusting, and any other adjuster courses approved by DFS.
- Allows DFS to deny the privileges of a temporary adjuster who has been lawfully appointed during a catastrophe or emergency for any violation described in Ch. 626, F.S., rather than only those in ss. 626.611 and 626.621, F.S.
- Provides for expiration of a health insurance navigator's registration if the navigator's fails to maintain a valid, active federal registration.
- Creates a limited insurance license to allow already licensed preneed funeral sales agents to be appointed to represent the preneed insurer.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> S. 648.30(2) and (3), F.S.

## Bail Bonds -

- Eliminates the "temporary bail bond agent" license type; ends issuance of such licenses as of January 1, 2024; and expires all such licenses as of June 30, 2025.
- Removes authority to grant temporary licensure to the surviving spouse of a licensee to facilitate transfer or wrap-up of the deceased's bail bond operations.
- Allows DFS to share complaint and investigatory information with other qualified law enforcement or regulatory agencies.
- Converts bail bond agency registration to licensure; requires all commensurate filings and actions consistent with such licensure and other similar types of licensure.
- Clarifies that bail bond agents and agencies must have insurer appointments to conduct business.
- Requires bail bond agencies to pay a fee; however, the referenced statute does not specify
  such fee, the bill does not amend that statute to create the fee, and there is no associated fee
  bill to create the fee.
- Allows required classroom instruction to be conducted in in-person and virtual formats consistent with the format allowed for other lines.
- Establishes qualifications for designation as the primary bail bond agent of an agency, which includes 24 months of experience as a bail bond agent immediately preceding the appointment.
- Allows permissible in-jail advertising to include and email address and web address.
- Prohibits all in-person or telephone contacts by bail bond agents or agencies between 9:00 pm and 8:00 am, rather just those related to domestic violence cases.
- Requires appointing insurers to certify that appointees have signed a specified sworn statement regarding owed premiums, discharges, and forfeitures.
- Expires a bail bond agency's license by operation of law upon failure to file the designation of a new agent in charge with DFS following separation of the previous designee.

# **Division of Rehabilitation and Liquidation**

Part I of ch. 631, F.S., relates to insurer insolvency and governs the receivership process for insurance companies in Florida. Federal law specifies that insurance companies cannot file for bankruptcy.<sup>24</sup> Instead, they are either "rehabilitated" or "liquidated" by the state. In Florida, the Division of Rehabilitation and Liquidation of DFS is responsible for rehabilitating or liquidating insurance companies.<sup>25</sup> This process involves the initiation of a delinquency proceeding and the placement of an insurer under the control of DFS as the Receiver. The typical causes of insurer insolvency include undercapitalization, uncollectible or inflated assets, insufficient loss reserves for risks assumed, fraudulent transactions, failure to monitor agents, and mismanagement by directors and/or officers.<sup>26</sup>

Upon a determination by OIR that one or more grounds exist for the initiation of delinquency proceedings and that such proceedings must be initiated, OIR must notify DFS of such determination and must provide DFS with all necessary documentation and evidence.<sup>27</sup> DFS subsequently initiates delinquency proceedings by either applying to the appropriate court for an order directing such an insurer to show cause why the proceedings should not be initiated or petitioning the court for the entry of a consent order.<sup>28</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> The Bankruptcy Code expressly provides that "a domestic insurance company" may not be the subject of a federal bankruptcy proceeding. 11 U.S.C. § 109(b)(2). The exclusion of insurers from the federal bankruptcy court process is consistent with federal policy generally allowing states to regulate the business of insurance. See 15 U.S.C. § 1012 (McCarran-Ferguson Act).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Typically, insurers are put into liquidation when the company is insolvent whereas insurers are put into rehabilitation for numerous reasons, one of which is an unsound financial condition. The goal of rehabilitation is to return the insurer to a sound financial condition. The goal of liquidation, however, is to dissolve the insurer. See s. 631.051, F.S., for the grounds for rehabilitation and s. 631.061, F.S., for the grounds for liquidation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Department of Financial Services, Agency Analysis of 2017 House Bill 837, p.2 (Feb. 20, 2017).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> S. 631.031, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> *Id*.

#### Effect of the Bill

#### The bill:

- Authorizes DFS as the Receiver to transfer estate property to a solvent insurer and share records with a prospective assuming insurer to extent necessary to conduct due diligence in the possible transfer of obligations.
- Permits the Receivership Court to set a date requested by the Receiver for policy cancellation as an earlier alternative to dates currently specified in statute.

## **Division of State Fire Marshal**

Chapter 633, F.S., Fire Prevention and Control, designates the CFO as the State Fire Marshal (SFM). The SFM, through the Division of the State Fire Marshal within DFS, is charged with enforcing the provisions of ch. 633, F.S., and all other applicable laws relating to fire safety.<sup>29</sup> The SFM also has the responsibility to minimize the loss of life and property due to fire.<sup>30</sup> Pursuant to this authority, the SFM regulates, trains, and certifies fire service personnel and firesafety inspectors; investigates the causes of fires; enforces arson laws; regulates the installation of fire equipment; conducts firesafety inspections of state property; and operates the Florida State Fire College.

The State Fire Marshal has two bureaus:

- The Bureau of Fire Prevention conducts safety inspections and reviews construction plans for all state-owned buildings, regulates fireworks and the fire sprinkler industry, inspects and licenses boilers, and certifies persons working in the fire suppression industry; and
- The Bureau of Firefighter Standards and Training approves curricula and training at the Florida State Fire College and certifies that fire service members meet industry standards. Persons may be certified as a volunteer firefighter, firefighter, or administrator of a fire service provider (*i.e.* fire chief, fire coordinator, fire director, or fire administrator).<sup>31</sup>

#### Effect of the Bill

The bill authorizes the Division of State Fire Marshal to create a direct support organization to be known as the "State Fire Marshal Safety and Training Force" to support the safety and training of firefighters and recognize exemplary service.

## **Division of Treasury**

The CFO, with approval of the State Board of Administration, is required to establish a deferred compensation plan for state employees under the "Government Employees' Deferred Compensation Act." A deferred compensation plan is a retirement savings plan that allows eligible employees to supplement any existing retirement and pension benefits by saving and investing before-tax dollars through a tax-deferred voluntary salary contribution. The Deferred Compensation Plan is open to employees of state agencies, State University System, State Board of Administration, and other special district employers (subject to employer election). These various constituencies are delineated in statute and represented by a member of the Deferred Compensation Advisory Council. The Deferred Compensation Plan has been in operation for over 35 years and offers a reasonably priced supplemental retirement savings program.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> S. 633.104 F.S.

<sup>30</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Department of Financial Services, Division of State Fire Marshal, *What We Do*, <a href="https://myfloridacfo.com/Division/SFM/">https://myfloridacfo.com/Division/SFM/</a> (last visited Mar. 19, 2023).

#### Effect of the Bill

#### The bill:

- Allows a governmental employee of any governmental unit of the state to participate in the Deferred Compensation Plan.
- Expands the membership of the Deferred Compensation Advisory Council from seven members to eight members. The additional member will be an executive branch appointee made by the Chancellor of the Florida College System who must be an employee of the system.

## **Division of Workers' Compensation**

Florida's Workers' Compensation Law<sup>32</sup> requires employers to provide injured employees all medically necessary remedial treatment, care, and attendance for such period as the nature of the injury or the process of recovery may require.<sup>33</sup> The Department of Financial Services, Division of Workers' Compensation (DWC), provides regulatory oversight of Florida's workers' compensation system, including the workers' compensation health care delivery system. The law specifies certain reimbursement formulas and methodologies to compensate workers' compensation health care providers<sup>34</sup> that provide medical services to injured employees. Where a reimbursement amount or methodology is not specifically included in statute, the Three-Member Panel is authorized to annually adopt statewide schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances (MRAs) to provide uniform fee schedules for the reimbursement of various medical services.<sup>35</sup> DFS incorporates the MRAs approved by the Three-Member Panel in reimbursement manuals<sup>36</sup> through the rulemaking process provided by the Administrative Procedures Act.<sup>37</sup>

## Medical Services

DWC is responsible for ensuring that employers provide medically necessary treatment, care, and attendance for injured workers. Healthcare providers must receive authorization from the insurer before providing treatment and submit treatment reports to the insurer. Insurers must reimburse healthcare providers based on statewide schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances developed by the DWC or an agreed-upon contract price. DWC mediates utilization and reimbursement disputes.<sup>38</sup>

In 1980, the Legislature delegated authority over maximum reimbursement allowances to a Three-Member-Panel which consists of the Insurance Commissioner (as a representative of the Chief Financial Officer) and two others appointed by the Governor and subject to confirmation by the Senate. Section 440.13(12)(a), F.S., states: "Annually, the three-member panel shall adopt schedules of maximum reimbursement allowances for physicians, hospital inpatient care, hospital outpatient care, ambulatory surgical centers, work-hardening programs, and pain programs."

The Medical Services Section within the DWC provides administrative support to the panel, which is statutorily charged with collecting data to evaluate the adequacy of the fee schedule, surveying healthcare providers to determine the availability and accessibility of healthcare, and surveying carriers to determine the impact of changes to the reimbursement schedule.<sup>39</sup> According to DWC, medical costs represent 67 percent of all workers' compensation costs in Florida.

<sup>33</sup> S. 440.13(2)(a), F.S.

<sup>32</sup> Ch. 440, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> The term "health care provider" includes a physician or any recognized practitioner licensed to provide skilled services pursuant to a prescription or under the supervision or direction of a physician. It also includes any hospital licensed under chapter 395 and any health care institution licensed under chapter 400 or chapter 429. S. 440.13(1)(g), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> S. 440.13(12), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Ss. 440.13(12) and (13), F.S., and Ch. 69L-7, F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Ch. 120, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> S. 440.13, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> S. 440.13(12)(e), F.S.

Maximum reimbursements approved by the Three-Member Panel must be based on the following statutory requirements:

- For inpatient treatment, hospitals must be reimbursed 75 percent of the usual and customary charges:<sup>40</sup>
- For schedule surgeries, hospitals must be reimbursed 60 percent of the charges;<sup>41</sup>
- For physicians, reimbursement is 110 percent of the reimbursement allowed by Medicare for an
  office visit and 140 percent of the reimbursement allowed by Medicare for a surgical
  procedure.<sup>42</sup>
- For prescription medications, reimbursement is the wholesale price plus a \$4.18 dispensing fee; but for repackaged or relabeled prescription medications, reimbursement is 112.5 percent of the average wholesale price plus an \$8 dispensing fee.<sup>43</sup>

Healthcare providers cannot recover fees that are higher than those outlined in the schedule. This applies to treatment, care, and attendance provided by any hospital or other healthcare provider, ambulatory surgical center, work-hardening program, or pain program.<sup>44</sup> Florida courts have enforced fee schedule limits against healthcare providers who sought higher fees for their services.<sup>45</sup>

The law requires reimbursement to medical providers at either the agreed-upon contract price or the maximum reimbursement allowed in the appropriate schedule.

The Three-Member Panel adopts the schedules as an independent entity, but DWC relies on the schedules when rendering determinations in reimbursement disputes between healthcare providers and insurance carriers, <sup>46</sup> and when adopting fee schedules for services rendered by medical providers. <sup>47</sup> As a result, DWC adopts the maximum reimbursement schedules through rulemaking, and, when the cost of a schedule exceeds \$1 million in the aggregate within a five-year period, the adopted rule is subject to legislative ratification.

The Administrative Procedures Act requires a statement of regulatory cost that includes an economic analysis showing whether the rule directly or indirectly:

- 1. Is likely to have an adverse impact on economic growth, private sector job creation or employment, or private sector investment in excess of \$1 million in the aggregate within 5 years after the implementation of the rule;
- 2. Is likely to have an adverse impact on business competitiveness, including the ability of persons doing business in the state to compete with persons doing business in other states or domestic markets, productivity, or innovation in excess of \$1 million in the aggregate within 5 years after the implementation of the rule; or
- Is likely to increase regulatory costs, including any transactional costs, in excess of \$1 million in the aggregate within 5 years after the implementation of the rule.<sup>48</sup>

The law provides three exemptions to the ratification requirement. Legislative ratification does not apply to triennial updates of the Florida Building Code and Florida Fire Prevention Code, which are expressly

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> S. 440.13(12)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> S. 440.13(12)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> S. 440.13(12)(c), F.S

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> S. 440.13(12)(d), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> <u>Sun Bank/South Florida</u>, *N.A. v. Baker*, 632 <u>So. 2d 669 (Fla. 4th DCA 1994)</u>, cause dismissed, <u>639 So. 2d 982 (Fla. 1994)</u>; citing, *Easter Elevator Co. v. Hedman*, 290 So. 2d 56, 58 (Fla. 1974).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> S. 440.13(7), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> S. 440.13(13), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> S. 120.541(2)(a), F.S.

authorized by statute, or when a state agency adopts federal standards or rules that are needed to receive federal funds or other benefits under federal law.<sup>49</sup>

The Legislature ratified the 2016 manual for healthcare providers, which increased the overall cost of the workers' compensation system by 1.8 percent, or \$64 million.<sup>50</sup>

The Legislature declined to ratify reimbursement manuals for:

- Ambulatory surgical centers the 2016 manual proposed an increase of 0.6 percent or \$22 million; the 2017 manual proposed an increase of 1.1 percent or \$40 million.<sup>51</sup>
- Healthcare providers the 2017 manual proposed an increase of 0.1 percent, or \$4 million.
- Hospitals the 2016 and 2017 manuals proposed increases of 2.2 percent, or \$80 million.<sup>53</sup>

On October 22, 2020, DFS filed a rule adopting the 2020 Health Care Reimbursement Manual approved by the Three-Member Panel setting a revised uniform schedule of MRAs for physicians and other recognized practitioners.<sup>54</sup> According to the National Council on Compensation Insurance, the revisions to MRAs in the 2020 Edition will result in increased costs to the overall compensation system of \$8 million over the next five years, as of November 16, 2020.<sup>55</sup>

#### Effect of the Bill

#### The bill:

- Ratifies Rule 69L-7.020, F.A.C., allowing the rule to go into effect. The Rule incorporates by
  reference the 2020 Edition of the Manual, which provides for reimbursement of health care
  providers under the increased MRAs approved by the Three-Member Panel. The National
  Council on Compensation Insurance estimates that this will produce a 0.2 percent increase in
  workers' compensation rates, as of November 16, 2020. This increase would likely be
  incorporated into the next annual rate filing for OIR approval, to become effective January 1,
  2024, which could be an overall increase or decrease in total rate, after considering the entirety
  of the annual rate filing.
- Removes the authority of the Three-Member Panel to adopt maximum reimbursement allowances for individually licensed health care providers, work-hardening programs, pain programs, and durable medical equipment providers. Rather, it requires DFS to post the maximum reimbursement allowance for physician and non-hospital reimbursements on its website by July 1st each year, to become effective the following January 1st. This seeks to remove the health care provider reimbursements from rulemaking and the applicable legislative rule ratification requirement for rules that increase private sector costs by more than \$1 million in the aggregate over five years.<sup>56</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> S. 120.541(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Three Member Panel, 2019 Biennial Report,

 $<sup>\</sup>frac{https://www.google.com/url?sa=t\&rct=j\&q=\&esrc=s\&source=web\&cd=\&ved=2ahUKEwjjgNuTnun9AhWIr4QIHYLrBecQFnoECA8QAQ\&url=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.myfloridacfo.com%2Fdocs-sf%2Fworkers-compensation-libraries%2Fworkers-comp-documents%2Freports%2Fthree-member-panel%2F2019-biennial-$ 

report.pdf%3Fsfvrsn%3Db3c08839\_4&usg=AOvVaw20P1pPOhVMVyfoJ2TFEMvc\_, at 18 (last visited Mar. 19, 2023). <sup>51</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Id.

<sup>°- 10.</sup> 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> Email from Austin Stowers, Legislative Affairs Director, Department of Financial Services, RE: Department of Financial Services Rule 69L-7.020, F.A.C. (Jan. 30, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> The National Council on Compensation Insurance, Inc., *Analysis of Florida Medial Fee Schedule Changes Proposed to be Effective July 1, 2021* (Nov. 16, 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> It is unclear if this provision abrogates DFS' obligation under Ch. 120, F.S., the Administrative Procedures Act, to adopt policy and interpretations of statute via rulemaking.

- Repeals the statutory incorporation of an outdated medical practice and parameters requirement.<sup>57</sup>
- Allows a judge of compensation claims the discretion to order an expert medical examination, rather than requiring it to be ordered by the judge upon request of either the injured worker or insurance carrier during litigation.

The bill also ratifies Rule 69L-7.730, Florida Administrative Code, titled "Health Care Provider Medical Billing and Reporting Responsibilities" and Rule 69L-7.740, Florida Administrative Code, titled "Insurer Authorization and Medical Bill Review Responsibilities." These rules address authorization and reimbursement of dispensed medication to prohibit denial of reimbursement solely on the basis of the medication having been dispensed by a treating provider, rather than a pharmacy.

## **Miscellaneous**

#### Effect of the Bill

The bill also makes the following changes:

Boards within the CFO's Appointment Authority:

Florida Self-Insurers Guaranty Association, Inc. (Section 8)

Florida Insurance Guaranty Association (Section 41)

Florida Life and Health Insurance Guaranty Association (Section 42)

Florida Health Maintenance Organization Consumer Assistance Plan (Section 43)

Florida Workers' Compensation Insurance Guaranty Association (Section 44)

Medical Malpractice Risk Apportionment Plan (Section 32)

- Allows the CFO to consider board appointment recommendations from persons with experience in applicable subject matter, in addition to current recommendation sources;
- Authorizes the CFO removal of board members based on misconduct, malfeasance, misfeasance, or neglect of duty;
- Clarifies that the board member's appointment and service are within an exemption to a prohibition on conflicting employment of public employees.
- Subjects board members to the code of ethics under part III of ch. 112, F.S., with specifications regarding application of the code to the board members;
- Creates gift restrictions for board members; and.
- Provides penalties for board member ethical and gift acceptance violations.

#### DFS. Division of Investigative and Forensic Services (DIFS)

- Allows DIFS to initiate, not just conduct, investigations and specifies that such investigations
  may cover any matter under the jurisdiction of the CFO, including the CFO's role as State Fire
  Marshal; and,
- Expands DIFS authority to refer suspected criminal violations for prosecution to include criminal violation of federal law, in addition to state law criminal violations.

## Strategic Markets Research and Assessment Unit

 Repeals the unit and its required quarterly report on the state of the financial services industry in the state.<sup>58</sup>

## Insurance Field Representatives (Agents)

Corrects the name of a referenced association to reflect their current name.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> S. 440.13(14), F.S., requires workers' compensation medical practice parameters and protocols to adhere to the United States Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality practice parameters and protocols in effect on January 1, 2003. 
<sup>58</sup> DFS asserts that this report is duplicative and out of date. Department of Financial Services, Agency Bill Analysis HB 487, p. 3 (Feb. 15, 2023).

 Prohibits insurance agents from selling nonprofit religious organization health coverage that is exempt from the Florida Insurance Code.<sup>59</sup>

## Continuing Education Requirements

• Authorizes the Professional in Claims (PIC) designation from 2021 Training, LLC, to be accepted for a permitted exemption from examination.

#### Insurance Fraud

• Removes the requirement that a conviction be obtained to qualify for a reward under the Anti-Fraud Reward Program. A tip that leads to an arrest will be eligible for the reward.

## Property Insurance Claim Mediation

- Limits claim eligibility until an insurer has either made a claim determination or elected to repair the property.
- Authorizes DFS to contract with an administrator to oversee sinkhole-related alternative dispute resolution provided by law.
- Allows mediation of issues involving litigants referred by a county court or circuit court.

# Service Warranty Contracts

 Exempts service warranty sales representatives from the requirements of the home solicitation sales law.

# Unclaimed Property Recovery Contracts

Clarifies provisions limiting recovery agreements or contracts.

#### Livery Vessel Rental

Permits a livery vessel owner to facilitate a renter's purchase of insurance to cover the rental
period without obtaining an insurance agent license and being appointed to represent an
insurer. However, the livery operator may not advise or inform the prospective renter of specific
coverage provisions, exclusions, or limitations, and the signed acknowledgement must identify
the licensed insurer or agent that transacted the livery's insurance policy. Also, all compensation
for such insurance must be remitted to the insurer or agent.

#### Behavioral Health Coverage Notice

 Limits which insurers must post a required notice to insureds related to behavioral health benefits. Only insurers providing behavioral health coverage will need to post the notice, rather than all health insurers.

## Regulation of Preneed Funeral Contracts

Creates an express exemption to make clear that travel-related transportation protection
agreement for the preparation and return of human remains is not a preneed funeral contract. It
also provides that such agreements are not subject to the Florida Insurance Code.

## II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

## A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

## 1. Revenues:

The bill eliminates the reinsurance intermediary application filing and license fee. The bill will result in an insignificant reduction in revenues. The chart below shows total revenues collected for the last four fiscal years.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Chapters 624-632, 634, 635, 636, 641, 642, 648, and 651, F.S., constitute the "Florida Insurance Code." S. 624.01, F.S.

	FY 19-20		FY 20-21		FY 21-22		FY 22-23 (partial)	
TOTAL 60	\$	1,250.00	\$	1,100.00	\$	2,050.00	\$	750.00

# 2. Expenditures:

The bill makes numerous changes that will require systems and process changes in DFS. However, the fiscal impact is anticipated to be insignificant.

## B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

None.

2. Expenditures:

None.

## C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

The bill requires warranty associations to have a reserve of \$100 million, instead of \$10 million. The bill requires motor vehicle insurers bear the entire cost of mediation. It makes various other changes that have an indeterminate, negative fiscal impact.

## D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Email from Teri Madsen, Director of the Office of Finance and Budget, Department of Financial Services, FW: Reinsurance.xls (Apr. 06, 2023).

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F.S.; revising requirements relating to insurance for liveries that lease or rent or offer to lease or rent livery vessels; amending s. 624.4621, F.S.; specifying a qualification for a local governmental entity's representative on a self-insurer's governing body; amending s. 627.062, F.S.; authorizing residential property insurance rate filings to use a specified modeling indication; amending s. 627.0628, F.S.; revising membership requirements for specified members of the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology; amending s. 627.0629, F.S.; authorizing insurers to file with the Office of Insurance Regulation personal lines residential property insurance rating plans providing rate differentials based on certain windstorm mitigation construction standards; providing requirements for such plans; amending s. 627.0665, F.S.; revising the timeframe for advance notices from insurers to insureds of automatic bank withdrawal increases; specifying the increase threshold for such notices; amending s. 627.421, F.S.; revising the types of documents and kinds of insurance for which electronic transmission constitutes delivery to the insured or person entitled to delivery; deleting a requirement to include a certain notice to an insured electing to receive policy documents electronically; deleting a requirement to provide a paper copy of the policy upon request by such person;

An act relating to insurance; amending s. 327.54,

amending s. 627.701, F.S.; revising and specifying alternative hurricane deductible amounts for personal lines residential property insurance policies covering risks with specified dwelling limits; amending s. 627.712, F.S.; providing that a policyholder's written exclusion from residential windstorm coverage or contents coverage may be typed rather than handwritten; amending s. 627.7276, F.S.; revising the requirements for the notice of limited coverage under certain automobile policies; amending s. 634.041, F.S.; specifying the manner in which a contractual liability insurance policy of a service agreement company may pay claims; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (7) of section 327.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.54 Liveries; safety regulations; penalty.-

- (7) A livery may not lease or rent or offer to lease or rent any livery vessel unless the livery: first
- (a) Obtains and carries in full force and effect a policy from a licensed insurance carrier in this state which insures the livery and the renter against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the operation of the livery vessel. The insurance policy must provide coverage of at least \$500,000 per person and \$1 million per event. The livery shall have proof of such insurance available for inspection at the location where livery vessels

are being leased or rented, or offered for lease or rent, and shall provide to each renter the insurance carrier's name and address and the insurance policy number; and

## (b) Either:

- 1. Obtains and carries in full force and effect a policy from a licensed insurance carrier in this state which insures the renter in the same manner and amounts of the policy obtained by the livery under paragraph (a) and provides to each renter the insurance carrier's name and address and the insurance policy number; or
- 2. Presents the renter with the opportunity to purchase coverage which insures the renter against any accident, loss, injury, property damage, or other casualty caused by or resulting from the operation of the livery vessel of at least \$500,000 per person and \$1 million per event. If a renter chooses not to purchase the coverage, the livery must obtain a signed acknowledgement from the renter which includes an attestation as to whether the renter has a Florida boating safety identification card issued by the commission, a temporary certificate, or another form of boating certification authorized pursuant to s. 327.395, and that includes the following statement:

I UNDERSTAND THAT I AM REFUSING TO PURCHASE A VESSEL RENTAL INSURANCE POLICY FOR COVERAGE OF AT LEAST \$500,000 PER PERSON AND \$1 MILLION PER EVENT FOR ANY DAMAGE OR INJURIES CAUSED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY MY OPERATION OF THE VESSEL.

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88	THE VESSEL RENTAL INSURANCE POLICY COVERAGE IS BEING
89	OFFERED TO ME AT THE FOLLOWING PRICE: [INSERT BINDABLE
90	PRICE HERE OF INSURANCE BEING DECLINED].
91	
92	I UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY NOT HAVE OTHER INSURANCE TO
93	COVER ANY DAMAGE OR INJURIES CAUSED DIRECTLY OR
94	INDIRECTLY BY MY OPERATION OF THE VESSEL AND THAT I
95	MAY BE PERSONALLY LIABLE FOR ANY SUCH DAMAGE OR
96	INJURIES DURING THE RENTAL PERIOD.
97	
98	This subsection does not apply to human-powered vessels.
99	Section 2. Subsection (12) is added to section 624.4621,
100	Florida Statutes, to read:
101	624.4621 Group self-insurance funds.—
102	(12) For any local governmental entity that is a member of
103	a self-insurer established under this section, only an elected
104	official of the local governmental entity may be the local
105	governmental entity's representative on the self-insurer's
106	governing body.
107	Section 3. Paragraph (j) of subsection (2) of section
108	627.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
109	627.062 Rate standards.—
110	(2) As to all such classes of insurance:
111	(j) With respect to residential property insurance rate
112	filings, the rate filing:
113	$\underline{1.}$ Must account for mitigation measures undertaken by
114	policyholders to reduce hurricane losses.
115	2. May use a modeling indication that is the weighted or
116	straight average of two or more hurricane loss projection models

L17	found by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection
18	Methodology to be accurate or reliable pursuant to s. 627.0628.

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- The provisions of this subsection do not apply to workers' compensation, employer's liability insurance, and motor vehicle insurance.
- Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 124 627.0628, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 627.0628 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology; public records exemption; public meetings exemption.—
    - (2) COMMISSION CREATED.-
  - (b) The commission shall consist of the following 12 members:
    - 1. The insurance consumer advocate.
  - 2. The senior employee of the State Board of Administration responsible for operations of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund.
  - 3. The Executive Director of the Citizens Property
    Insurance Corporation or the executive director's designee. The
    executive director's designee must be a full-time employee of
    the corporation and have actuarial science experience.
  - 4. The Director of the Division of Emergency Management or the director's designee. The director's designee must be a full-time employee of the division.
  - 5. The actuary member of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Advisory Council.
  - 6. An employee of the office who is an actuary responsible for property insurance rate filings and who is appointed by the

146 director of the office.

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- 7. Five members appointed by the Chief Financial Officer, as follows:
- a. An actuary who is employed full time by a property and casualty insurer that was responsible for at least 1 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for homeowner insurance in the calendar year preceding the member's appointment to the commission.
- b. An expert in insurance finance who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System and who has a background in actuarial science.
- c. An expert in statistics who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System and who has a background in insurance.
- d. An expert in computer system design who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System.
- e. An expert in meteorology who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System and who specializes in hurricanes.
- 8. A licensed professional structural engineer who is a full-time faculty member in the State University System and who has expertise in wind mitigation techniques. This appointment shall be made by the Governor.
- Section 5. Subsection (9) is added to section 627.0629, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 627.0629 Residential property insurance; rate filings.-
- (9) An insurer may file with the office a personal lines residential property insurance rating plan that provides justified premium discounts, credits, or other rate

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differentials based on windstorm mitigation construction standards developed by an independent, nonprofit scientific research organization, if such standards meet the requirements of this section. Such plan must describe the manner in which the insurer will document the existence of the mitigation features and premium discounts, credits, or other rate differentials created under such plan.

Section 6. Section 627.0665, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.0665 Automatic bank withdrawal agreements; notification required.—Any insurer licensed to issue insurance in the state who has an automatic bank withdrawal agreement with an insured party for the payment of insurance premiums for any type of insurance shall give the named insured at least 10 15 days advance written notice of any increase in policy premiums which results in the next automatic bank withdrawal being increased by more than \$10. Such notice must be provided before prior to any automatic bank withdrawal containing the of an increased premium.

Section 7. Subsection (1) of section 627.421, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.421 Delivery of policy.-

(1) Subject to the insurer's requirement as to payment of premium, every policy shall be mailed, delivered, or electronically transmitted to the insured or to the person entitled thereto not later than 60 days after the effectuation of coverage. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an insurer may allow a policyholder of personal lines insurance to affirmatively elect delivery of the policy documents, including,

204	but not limited to, policies, endorsements, notices, or
205	documents, by electronic means in lieu of delivery by mail.
206	Electronic transmission of a policy, related notices, and other
207	documents for individual and group health insurance policies or
208	certificates of coverage pursuant to parts VI and VII of this
209	chapter, respectively; health maintenance contracts or
210	certificates of coverage pursuant to part I of chapter 641;
211	prepaid limited health service contracts pursuant to part I of
212	chapter 636; and for commercial risks, including, but not
213	limited to, workers' compensation and employers' liability,
214	commercial automobile liability, commercial automobile physical
215	damage, commercial lines residential property, commercial
216	nonresidential property, farmowners insurance, and the types of
217	commercial lines risks set forth in s. 627.062(3)(d),
218	constitutes delivery to the insured or to the person entitled to
219	delivery, unless the insured or the person entitled to delivery
220	communicates to the insurer in writing or electronically that he
221	or she does not agree to delivery by electronic means.
222	Electronic transmission shall include a notice to the insured or
223	to the person entitled to delivery of a policy of his or her
224	right to receive the policy via United States mail rather than
225	via electronic transmission. A paper copy of the policy shall be
226	provided to the insured or to the person entitled to delivery at
227	his or her request.
228	Section 8. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
229	627.701, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (a) of that
230	subsection is republished, to read:
231	627.701 Liability of insureds; coinsurance; deductibles.—
232	(3)(a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,

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prior to issuing a personal lines residential property insurance policy, the insurer must offer alternative deductible amounts applicable to hurricane losses equal to \$500, 2 percent, 5 percent, and 10 percent of the policy dwelling limits, unless the specific percentage deductible is less than \$500. The written notice of the offer shall specify the hurricane deductible to be applied in the event that the applicant or policyholder fails to affirmatively choose a hurricane deductible. The insurer must provide such policyholder with notice of the availability of the deductible amounts specified in this subsection in a form approved by the office in conjunction with each renewal of the policy. The failure to provide such notice constitutes a violation of this code but does not affect the coverage provided under the policy.

- (d) For the following policies, the following alternative deductible amounts are authorized:
- 1. With respect to a policy covering a risk with dwelling limits of \$250,000 or more, the insurer need not offer the \$500 hurricane deductible as required by paragraph (a), but must, except as otherwise provided in this subsection, offer the other hurricane deductibles as required by paragraph (a).
- 2. With respect to a policy covering a risk with dwelling limits of \$1 million or more, but less than \$3 million, the insurer may, in lieu of offering the 2 percent deductible as required by paragraph (a), offer a deductible amount applicable to hurricane losses equal to 3 percent of the policy dwelling limits.
- 3. With respect to a policy covering a risk with dwelling limits of \$3 million or more, the insurer need not offer the 2

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percent deductible as required by paragraph (a), but must,
except as otherwise provided by this subsection, offer the other
hurricane deductibles as required by paragraph (a).

- Section 9. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection (3) of section 627.712, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 627.712 Residential windstorm coverage required; availability of exclusions for windstorm or contents.—
- (2) A property insurer must make available, at the option of the policyholder, an exclusion of windstorm coverage.
  - (a) The coverage may be excluded only if:
- 1. When the policyholder is a natural person, the policyholder personally writes or types and provides to the insurer the following statement in his or her own handwriting and signs his or her name, which must also be signed by every other named insured on the policy, and dated: "I do not want the insurance on my (home/mobile home/condominium unit) to pay for damage from windstorms. I will pay those costs. My insurance will not."
- 2. When the policyholder is other than a natural person, the policyholder provides to the insurer on the policyholder's letterhead the following statement that must be signed by the policyholder's authorized representative and dated: "...(Name of entity)... does not want the insurance on its ...(type of structure)... to pay for damage from windstorms. ...(Name of entity)... will be responsible for these costs. ...(Name of entity's)... insurance will not."
- (3) An insurer issuing a residential property insurance policy, except for a condominium unit owner policy or a tenant policy, must make available, at the option of the policyholder,

an exclusion of coverage for the contents. The coverage may be excluded only if the policyholder personally writes or types and provides to the insurer the following statement in his or her own handwriting and signs his or her signature, which must also be signed by every other named insured on the policy, and dated: "I do not want the insurance on my (home/mobile home) to pay for the costs to repair or replace any contents that are damaged. I will pay those costs. My insurance will not."

Section 10. Section 627.7276, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.7276 Notice of limited coverage.

(1) An automobile policy that does not contain coverage for bodily injury and property damage must <u>include a notice</u> <del>be</del> <del>clearly stamped or printed to the effect</del> that such coverage is not included in the policy in the following manner:

"THIS POLICY DOES NOT PROVIDE BODILY INJURY AND PROPERTY DAMAGE LIABILITY INSURANCE OR ANY OTHER COVERAGE FOR WHICH A SPECIFIC PREMIUM CHARGE IS NOT MADE, AND DOES NOT COMPLY WITH ANY FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY LAW."

(2) This <u>notice</u> legend must appear on the policy declaration page and on the filing back of the policy and be printed in <u>bold type</u> a contrasting color from that used on the policy and in type larger than the largest type used in the text thereof, as an overprint or by a rubber stamp impression.

Section 11. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 634.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

634.041 Qualifications for license.—To qualify for and hold a license to issue service agreements in this state, a service agreement company must be in compliance with this part, with applicable rules of the commission, with related sections of the Florida Insurance Code, and with its charter powers and must comply with the following:

(8)

- (b) A service agreement company does not have to establish and maintain an unearned premium reserve if it secures and maintains contractual liability insurance in accordance with the following:
- 1. Coverage of 100 percent of the claim exposure is obtained from an insurer approved by the office, which holds a certificate of authority under s. 624.401 to do business within this state, or secured through a risk retention group, which is authorized to do business within this state under s. 627.943 or s. 627.944. Such insurer or risk retention group must maintain a surplus as regards policyholders of at least \$15 million.
- 2. If the service agreement company does not meet its contractual obligations, the contractual liability insurance policy binds its issuer to pay or cause to be paid to the service agreement holder all legitimate claims and cancellation refunds for all service agreements issued by the service agreement company while the policy was in effect. This requirement also applies to those service agreements for which no premium has been remitted to the insurer.
- 3. If the issuer of the contractual liability policy is fulfilling the service agreements covered by the contractual liability policy and the service agreement holder cancels the

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service agreement, the issuer must make a full refund of unearned premium to the consumer, subject to the cancellation fee provisions of s. 634.121(3). The sales representative and agent must refund to the contractual liability policy issuer their unearned pro rata commission.

- 4. The policy may not be canceled, terminated, or nonrenewed by the insurer or the service agreement company unless a 90-day written notice thereof has been given to the office by the insurer before the date of the cancellation, termination, or nonrenewal.
- 5. The service agreement company must provide the office with the claims statistics.
- 6. A policy issued in compliance with this paragraph may either pay 100 percent of claims as they are incurred or pay 100 percent of claims due in the event of the failure of the service agreement company to pay such claims when due.

All funds or premiums remitted to an insurer by a motor vehicle service agreement company under this part shall remain in the care, custody, and control of the insurer and shall be counted as an asset of the insurer; provided, however, this requirement does not apply when the insurer and the motor vehicle service agreement company are affiliated companies and members of an insurance holding company system. If the motor vehicle service agreement company chooses to comply with this paragraph but also maintains a reserve to pay claims, such reserve shall only be considered an asset of the covered motor vehicle service agreement company and may not be simultaneously counted as an asset of any other entity.

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378 Section 12. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023.

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# THE FLORIDA SENATE 2023 SUMMARY OF LEGISLATION PASSED

# **Committee on Banking and Insurance**

## CS/CS/CS/SB 418 — Insurance

by Rules Committee; Military and Veteran Affairs Committee; Banking and Insurance Committee; and Senator Perry

The bill amends several insurance-related statutes. Specifically, the bill:

- Revises insurance requirements for a livery (boat rental business) providing it may either:
  - Obtain a policy that insures the renter in the same manner and amounts of the policy obtained by the livery and provide to each renter the insurer's information; or
  - Present the renter with the opportunity to purchase coverage against any loss. If a renter chooses not to purchase the coverage, the livery must obtain a signed acknowledgement from the renter.
- Provides that for any local governmental entity that is a member of a group self-insurer, only an elected official of the local governmental entity may be the local government's representative on the group self-insurer's governing body.
- Provides that a residential property insurer's rate filing may estimate projected hurricane losses by using a weighted or straight average of two or more models approved by the Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology.
- Provides that the Executive Director of the Citizens Property Insurance Corporation and the Director of the Division of Emergency Management, respectively, may appoint a designee to be a member of the Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology.
- Provides that an insurer may file a personal lines residential property insurance rating plan that provides premium discounts, credits, and other rate differentials based on windstorm construction standards developed by an independent, nonprofit scientific research organization.
- Limits the requirement that an insurer provide a policyholder who has an automatic bank withdrawal agreement with the insurer with 10 days advance written notice of any increase in policy premiums. Instead, notice will only be required for premium increases that result in an increase of more than \$10 in the automatic withdrawal.
- Expands the types of documents and policies that may be delivered to a policyholder by
  electronic transmission to include individual and group health insurance policies, health
  maintenance contracts or certificates of coverage, and prepaid limited health service
  contracts.
- Revises the mandated deductibles that must be offered for hurricane loss when issuing a personal lines residential property insurance policy. For policies with a dwelling limit of:
  - o \$250,000 or more, but less than \$1 million, the insurer need not offer the \$500 hurricane deductible;
  - o \$1 million or more, but less than \$3 million, the insurer may, in lieu of offering the 2 percent deductible, offer a deductible amount applicable to hurricane losses equal to 3 percent of the policy dwelling limits; and
  - o \$3 million or more, the insurer need not offer the 2 percent deductible.
- Revises the requirement that the waiver by a policyholder of residential windstorm coverage or contents coverage be in the policyholder's own handwriting by also allowing the waiver to be typed.

This summary is provided for information only and does not represent the opinion of any Senator, Senate Officer, or Senate Office.

CS/CS/SB 418 Page: 1

- Eliminates the requirement that a notice be stamped on the declarations page of limited coverage automobile policies. Such policies generally cover antique motor vehicles.
- Provides that a motor vehicle service agreement company that maintains a contractual liability insurance policy in lieu of maintaining unearned premium reserve may have a policy that either pays 100 percent of claims as they are incurred or 100 percent of claims in the event of the failure of the service agreement company to pay claims when due.

If approved by the Governor, or allowed to become law without the Governor's signature, these provisions take effect July 1, 2023.

Vote: Senate 39-0; House 110-0

This summary is provided for information only and does not represent the opinion of any Senator, Senate Officer, or Senate Office.

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CS/CS/HB 847 2023 Legislature

1 2 An act relating to vessel regulations; amending s. 3 327.46, F.S.; authorizing counties and municipalities 4 to establish boating-restricted areas for certain 5 sewage pumpout stations within a specified distance of 6 the marked channel of the Florida Intracoastal 7 Waterway; amending s. 403.813, F.S.; removing a 8 provision authorizing local governments to require 9 permitting for certain floating vessel platforms; revising conditions under which local governments may 10 11 require one-time registrations of floating vessel platforms; making technical changes; reenacting s. 12 13 327.41(2), F.S., relating to uniform waterway regulatory markers, to incorporate the amendment made 14 to s. 327.46, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing 15 16 an effective date. 17

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 327.46, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

327.46 Boating-restricted areas.-

(1) Boating-restricted areas, including, but not limited to, restrictions of vessel speeds and vessel traffic, may be established on the waters of this state for any purpose

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necessary to protect the safety of the public if such restrictions are necessary based on boating accidents, visibility, hazardous currents or water levels, vessel traffic congestion, or other navigational hazards or to protect seagrasses on privately owned submerged lands.

- (b) Municipalities and counties may establish the following boating-restricted areas by ordinance, including, notwithstanding the prohibition in s. 327.60(2)(c), within the portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway within their jurisdiction:
- 1. An ordinance establishing an idle speed, no wake boating-restricted area, if the area is:
- a. Within 500 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or other launching or landing facility available for use by the general boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width or within 300 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or other launching or landing facility available for use by the general boating public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in width.
- b. Within 500 feet of fuel pumps or dispensers at any marine fueling facility that sells motor fuel to the general boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width or within 300 feet of the fuel pumps or dispensers at any licensed terminal facility that sells motor fuel to the general boating public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in width.

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- c. Inside or within 300 feet of any lock structure.
- 2. An ordinance establishing a slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted area if the area is:
  - a. Within 300 feet of any bridge fender system.
- b. Within 300 feet of any bridge span presenting a vertical clearance of less than 25 feet or a horizontal clearance of less than 100 feet.
- c. On a creek, stream, canal, or similar linear waterway if the waterway is less than 75 feet in width from shoreline to shoreline.
- d. On a lake or pond of less than 10 acres in total surface area.
- e. Within the boundaries of a permitted public mooring field and a buffer around the mooring field of up to 100 feet.
- f. Within 500 feet of a sewage pumpout station at any public or private nonresidential marina if the sewage pumpout station is within 100 feet of the marked channel of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway.
- 3. An ordinance establishing a vessel-exclusion zone if the area is:
- a. Designated as a public bathing beach or swim area, except that such areas may not be created on waters that include any portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway or that are within 100 feet of the marked channel of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway.

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b. Within 300 feet of a dam, spillway, or flood control structure.

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Vessel exclusion zones created pursuant to this subparagraph must be marked with uniform waterway markers permitted by the commission in accordance with this chapter. Such zones may not be marked by ropes.

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Section 2. Paragraph (s) of subsection (1) of section 403.813, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

373, chapter 61-691, Laws of Florida, or chapter 25214 or

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403.813 Permits issued at district centers; exceptions.—
(1) A permit is not required under this chapter, chapter

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chapter 25270, 1949, Laws of Florida, and a local government may not require a person claiming this exception to provide further department verification, for activities associated with the

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provided in this subsection, this subsection does not relieve an applicant from any requirement to obtain permission to use or

following types of projects; however, except as otherwise

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occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund or a water management district in its

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governmental or proprietary capacity or from complying with applicable local pollution control programs authorized under

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this chapter or other requirements of county and municipal governments:

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(s) The construction, installation, operation, or

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maintenance of floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts., provided that such structures:

- 1. To qualify for an exemption under this paragraph, the structure must:
- $\underline{a}$ . Float at all times in the water for the sole purpose of supporting a vessel so that the vessel is out of the water when not in use;
- <u>b.2.</u> <u>Be</u> Are wholly contained within a boat slip previously permitted under ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or do not exceed a combined total of 500 square feet, or 200 square feet in an Outstanding Florida Water, when associated with a dock that is exempt under this subsection or associated with a permitted dock with no defined boat slip or attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure;
- c.3. Not be Are not used for any commercial purpose or for mooring vessels that remain in the water when not in use, and do not substantially impede the flow of water, create a navigational hazard, or unreasonably infringe upon the riparian rights of adjacent property owners, as defined in s. 253.141;
- $\underline{\text{d.4.}}$  Be Are constructed and used so as to minimize adverse impacts to submerged lands, wetlands, shellfish areas, aquatic plant and animal species, and other biological communities, including locating such structures in areas where seagrasses are

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least dense adjacent to the dock or bulkhead; and  $\underline{\text{e.5.}}$  Are Not  $\underline{\text{be}}$  constructed in areas specifically prohibited for boat mooring under conditions of a permit issued in accordance with ss. 403.91-403.929, 1984 Supplement to the Florida Statutes 1983, as amended, or part IV of chapter 373, or

other form of authorization issued by a local government.

2. The owner of a structure Structures that qualifies qualify for an this exemption under this paragraph is not required are relieved from any requirement to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund, and, with the exception of those structures attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no docking structure, the structure may not be subject to any more stringent permitting requirements, registration requirements, or other regulation by any local government. For a floating vessel platform to be attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no docking structure, a local government governments may require the platform owner to obtain a permit either permitting or one-time registration of the floating vessel platform platforms to be attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure as necessary to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, or regulations. A local government governments may require only a either permitting or one-time registration of all other floating vessel platforms where the

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platform owner self-certifies as necessary to ensure compliance with the exemption criteria in this section; to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, state-delegated or state-mandated plans or programs, or regulations relating to building or zoning, which may not be applied more stringently are no more stringent than, or inconsistent with, the exemption criteria in this section and or address subjects other than subjects addressed by the exemption criteria in this section; and to ensure proper installation, maintenance, and precautionary or evacuation action following a tropical storm or hurricane watch of a floating vessel platform or floating boat lift that is proposed to be attached to a bulkhead or parcel of land where there is no other docking structure.

3. The exemption provided in this paragraph <u>is</u> shall be in addition to the exemption provided in paragraph (b). The department shall adopt a general permit by rule for the construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of those floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts that do not qualify for the exemption provided in this paragraph but do not cause significant adverse impacts to occur individually or cumulatively. The issuance of such general permit <u>constitutes</u> shall also constitute permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund. A local <u>governments</u> may not impose a more stringent regulation, permitting requirement, registration requirement, or

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other regulation covered by such general permit.  $\underline{A}$  local government governments may require a structure owner to obtain either a permit permitting or one-time registration of floating vessel platforms as necessary to ensure compliance with the general permit in this section; to ensure compliance with local ordinances, codes, or regulations relating to building or zoning that are no more stringent than the general permit in this section; and to ensure proper installation and maintenance of a floating vessel platform or floating boat lift that is proposed to be attached to a bulkhead or parcel of land where there is no other docking structure.

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 327.46, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 327.41, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 327.41 Uniform waterway regulatory markers.-
- (2) Any county or municipality which has been granted a boating-restricted area designation, by rule of the commission pursuant to s. 327.46(1)(a), for a portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway within its jurisdiction or which has adopted a boating-restricted area by ordinance pursuant to s. 327.46(1)(b) or (c) or s. 379.2431(2)(p), or any other governmental entity which has legally established a boating-restricted area, may apply to the commission for permission to place regulatory markers within the boating-restricted area.

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Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2023. 201

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#### HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF FINAL BILL ANALYSIS

BILL #: CS/CS/HB 847 Vessel Regulations

**SPONSOR(S):** Infrastructure Strategies Committee and Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee,

Stark and others

TIED BILLS: IDEN./SIM. BILLS: CS/SB 1082

FINAL HOUSE FLOOR ACTION: 113 Y's 2 N's GOVERNOR'S ACTION: Approved

#### **SUMMARY ANALYSIS**

CS/CS/HB 847 passed the House on April 26, 2023, and subsequently passed the Senate on May 2, 2023.

The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), created by Article IV, section 9, of the Florida Constitution, is the agency responsible for regulating boating in the state. This responsibility includes enforcing boating rules and regulations, and managing public water and access to the waters.

Boating-restricted areas, which restrict vessel speeds and traffic, may be established on the waters of the state for any purpose necessary to protect the safety of the public. The restrictions must be necessary due to boating accidents, visibility, hazardous currents or water levels, vessel traffic congestion, or other navigational hazards or to protect seagrasses on privately-owned submerged lands.

The Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) regulates activities in, on, or over surface waters, as well as any activity that alters surface water flows, through environmental resource permits (ERPs). ERPs are required for development or construction activities typically involving the dredging or filling of surface waters, construction of flood protection facilities, building dams or reservoirs, and any other activities that affect state waters. Current law provides exceptions from ERP permitting for certain types of projects. Generally, these permit exceptions restrict how the project is undertaken, provide size and location requirements, or provide for maintenance, repair, or replacement of existing structures. An exemption currently exists for the construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts that meet certain requirements.

The bill allows a municipality or county to adopt an ordinance that establishes a slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted area, if the area is within 500 feet of a sewage pumpout station at any public or private nonresidential marina if the sewage pumpout station is within 100 feet of the marked channel of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway.

The bill revises the ERP permitting exemption for floating vessel platforms and floating boat lifts to specify local governments may only require a one-time registration for a floating vessel platform where the owner of such platform self-certifies compliance with the ERP exemption criteria to ensure compliance with ordinances, codes, state-delegated or state-mandated plans or programs, which may not be applied more stringently than, or inconsistent with, the ERP exemption criteria for certain floating vessel platforms.

The bill does not appear to have a fiscal impact on state or local government.

The bill was approved by the Governor on May 25, 2023, ch. 2023-151, L.O.F., and will become effective on July 1, 2023.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h0847z1.DOCX

**DATE**: 5/30/2023

## I. SUBSTANTIVE INFORMATION

#### A. EFFECT OF CHANGES:

## **Background**

## Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission

The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), created by Article IV, section 9, of the Florida Constitution, is responsible for regulating, managing, protecting, and conserving the state's fish and wildlife resources. FWC is governed by a board of seven members who are appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.<sup>1</sup> Pursuant to its constitutional authority, FWC exercises the regulatory and executive powers of the state with respect to wild animal life, fresh water aquatic life, and marine life.<sup>2</sup>

FWC is also the agency responsible for regulating boating in the state. Through its Division of Law Enforcement, FWC manages the state's waterways to ensure boating safety for residents and visitors to the state.<sup>3</sup> This responsibility includes enforcing boating rules and regulations, coordinating boating safety campaigns and education, managing public water and access to the waters, conducting boating accident investigations, identifying and removing derelict vessels, and investigating vessel theft and title fraud.<sup>4</sup>

# **Boating Restricted Areas**

Boating-restricted areas, which restrict vessel speeds and traffic, may be established on the waters of the state for any purpose necessary to protect the safety of the public. The restrictions must be necessary due to "boating accidents, visibility, hazardous currents or water levels, vessel traffic congestion, or other navigational hazards or to protect seagrasses on privately-owned submerged lands."

Local governments are generally prohibited from regulating any vessel upon the Florida Intracoastal Waterway.<sup>7</sup> However, local governments have been delegated authority to establish certain boating-restricted areas by ordinance, including in the portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway that is within their jurisdiction.<sup>8</sup>

A municipality or county may adopt an ordinance that establishes an idle speed, no wake boating-restricted area. if the area is:

- Within 500 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or other launching or landing facility
  available for use by the general boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width or
  within 300 feet of any boat ramp, hoist, marine railway, or other launching or landing facility
  available for use by the general boating public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in width.
- Within 500 feet of fuel pumps or dispensers at any marine fueling facility that sells motor fuel to the general boating public on waterways more than 300 feet in width or within 300 feet of the

<sup>8</sup> S. 327.46(1)(b)-(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Art. IV, s. 9, Fla. Const.

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission (FWC), Boating, https://myfwc.com/boating/ (last visited Mar. 22, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> FWC, Law Enforcement, https://myfwc.com/about/inside-fwc/le/ (last visited Feb. 23, 2023). See s. 327.70(1) and (4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> S. 327.46(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> S. 327.60(2)(c), F.S.; "Florida Intracoastal Waterway" means the Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, the Georgia state line north of Fernandina to Miami; the Port Canaveral lock and canal to the Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway; the Atlantic Intracoastal Waterway, Miami to Key West; the Okeechobee Waterway, Stuart to Fort Myers; the St. Johns River, Jacksonville to Sanford; the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, Anclote to Fort Myers; the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, Carrabelle to Tampa Bay; Carrabelle to Anclote open bay section, using the Gulf of Mexico; the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, Carrabelle to the Alabama state line west of Pensacola; and the Apalachicola, Chattahoochee, and Flint Rivers in Florida. S. 327.02(15), F.S.

fuel pumps or dispensers at any licensed terminal facility that sells motor fuel to the general boating public on waterways not exceeding 300 feet in width.

Inside or within 300 feet of any lock structure.9

A municipality or county may adopt an ordinance that establishes a slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted area, if the area is:

- Within 300 feet of any bridge fender system.
- Within 300 feet of any bridge span presenting vertical clearance of less than 25 feet or a horizontal clearance of less than 100 feet.
- On a creek, stream, canal, or similar linear waterway if the waterway is less than 75 feet in width from shoreline to shoreline.
- On a lake or pond of less than 10 acres in total surface area.
- Within the boundaries of a permitted public mooring field and a buffer around the mooring field of up to 100 feet.10

A municipality or county may adopt an ordinance that establishes a vessel-exclusion zone if the area is:

- Designated as a public bathing beach or swim area, except that such areas may not be created on waters that include any portion of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway or that are within 100 feet of the marked channel of the Florida Intracoastal Waterway.
- Within 300 feet of a dam, spillway, or flood control structure. 11

It is unlawful for any person to operate a vessel in a prohibited manner or to carry on any prohibited activity within a boating-restricted area which has been clearly marked by regulatory markers as an authorized restricted area. 12 These restrictions do not apply in the case of an emergency or to a law enforcement, firefighting, or rescue vessel owned or operated by a government entity. 13

## Pumpout stations

Pumpout stations are machines that pull sewage from the waste holding tank of a boat.<sup>14</sup> There are public and private pumpout stations. 15 It is important to have a sufficient supply of pumpout stations because a lack of such facilities for recreational boaters leads to sewage being dumped into waters.<sup>16</sup> Raw or partially-treated boat sewage contains dangerous viruses and bacteria. 17 and it is particularly important to prevent the spread of such sewage. 18

The federal Clean Vessel Act was signed into law in 1992 and it prohibits individuals from discharging raw sewage from vessels into fresh water or coastal saltwater. 19 The act established the Clean Vessel Act Grant Program, which is housed in the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and administered in Florida by the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), to fund sewage disposal facilities.<sup>20</sup> Since 1994,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> S. 327.46(1)(b)1., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> S. 327.46 (1)(b)2., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> S. 327.46(1)(b)3., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> S. 327.46(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> S. 327.46(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Michigan Pumpouts, Pumpout FAQs, https://www.michiganseagrant.org/michiganpumpouts/frequently-asked-questions/ (last visited Apr. 14, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> UF, IFAS Extension, Florida Sea Grant Extension & Education Program (last updated Oct. 27, 2022), https://flseagrant.ifas.ufl.edu/clean-boating/where-to-pumpout/ (last visited Apr. 16, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Department of Environmental Protection (DEP), About the Clean Vessel Act (last updated Aug. 5, 2022), https://floridadep.gov/rcp/cva/content/about-clean-vessel-act (last visited Apr. 14, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Department of Ecology, State of Washington, Pump Out, Don't Dump Out – Help Protect Puget Sound! (May 19, 2021), https://ecology.wa.gov/Blog/Posts/May-2021/Pump-out,-dont-dump-out-Help-protect-Puget-Sound (last visited Apr. 14, 2023). <sup>18</sup> U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, A Recreational Boater's Guide to Vessel Sewage, p.3,

https://www.epa.gov/sites/default/files/2021-06/documents/a recreational boaters guide to vessel sewage.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> DEP, Clean Vessel Act Grant Program, https://floridadep.gov/RCP/CVA (last visited Apr. 16, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> *Id*.

more than 570 pumpout stations have been installed across Florida with funding from the Clean Vessel Act Grant Program.<sup>21</sup>

# **Environmental Resource Permits**

DEP regulates activities in, on, or over surface waters, as well as any activity that alters surface water flows, through environmental resource permits (ERPs). ERPs are required for development or construction activities typically involving the dredging or filling of surface waters, construction of flood protection facilities, building dams or reservoirs, and any other activities that affect state waters. ERP applications are processed by either DEP or one of the state's water management districts (WMDs) in accordance with the division of responsibilities specified in operating agreements between DEP and the WMDs.

## **ERP Exceptions**

Current law provides exceptions from ERP<sup>24</sup> permitting for certain types of projects.<sup>25</sup> Generally, these permit exceptions restrict how the project is undertaken, provide size and location requirements, or provide for maintenance, repair, or replacement of existing structures.<sup>26</sup> For example, state law provides exceptions from ERP permitting for the installation of overhead transmission lines with support structures that are not constructed in waters of the state and that do not create a navigational hazard; the installation and maintenance of certain boat ramps on artificial bodies of water where navigational access is provided; and the construction of private docks of 1,000 square feet or less of over-water surface area and seawalls in artificially created waterways when such construction will not violate existing water quality standards, impede navigation, or affect flood control.<sup>27</sup> These exceptions do not relieve an applicant from obtaining permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board of Trustees of the Internal Improvement Trust Fund (Board) or a WMD or from complying with local pollution control programs or other requirements of local governments.<sup>28</sup>

### **ERP Exceptions for Docks**

Included among the projects that are exempt from ERP permitting requirements is the installation and repair of mooring pilings and dolphins associated with private docking facilities or piers; the installation of private docks, piers, and recreational docking facilities; or the installation of piers and recreational docking facilities of local governmental entities when the entity's activities will not take place in any manatee habitat.<sup>29</sup> This exemption applies when the dock:

- Has 500 square feet or less of over-water surface area and is located in an area designated as
  an Outstanding Florida Water or has 1,000 square feet or less of over-water surface area and is
  not located in an area that is designated as an Outstanding Florida Water;
- Is constructed on or held in place by pilings or is a floating dock constructed so as not to involve filling or dredging other than that necessary to install the pilings:
- Does not substantially impede the flow of water or create a navigational hazard;
- Is used for recreational, noncommercial activities associated with the mooring or storage of boats and boat paraphernalia; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> DEP, *supra* note 16. (Each year, DEP may apply to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service for funding of up to 75% of all approved projects, with matching funds being supplied by the state, local governments, private businesses or associations.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> South Florida Water Management District, *Environmental Resource Permits*, <a href="https://www.sfwmd.gov/doing-business-with-us/permits/environmental-resource-permits">https://www.sfwmd.gov/doing-business-with-us/permits/environmental-resource-permits</a> (last visited Mar. 1, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> DEP, Submerged Lands and Environmental Resources Coordination Program, <a href="https://floridadep.gov/water/submerged-lands-environmental-resources-coordination">https://floridadep.gov/water/submerged-lands-environmental-resources-coordination</a> (last visited Mar. 1, 2023).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> See chs. 373 and 403, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> S. 403.813(1), F.S.

 $<sup>^{26}</sup>$  See s. 403.813(1)(a)-(v), F.S.; see also r. 62-330.051, F.A.C.  $^{27}$  Id

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> S. 403.813(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> S. 403.813(1)(b), F.S.

Is the sole dock constructed pursuant to this exemption as measured along the shoreline for a
distance of 65 feet, unless the parcel of land or individual lot as platted is less than 65 feet in
length along the shoreline, in which case one exempt dock may be allowed per parcel or lot.<sup>30</sup>

# **ERP Exceptions for Floating Structures**

Additionally, there is an ERP permit exemption for the construction, installation, operation, or maintenance of floating vessel platforms or floating boat lifts, provided that such structures:

- Float at all times in the water for the sole purpose of supporting a vessel so that the vessel is out of the water when not in use;
- Are wholly contained within a previously permitted boat slip or do not exceed a combined total
  of 500 square feet, or 200 square feet in an Outstanding Florida Water, when associated with a
  dock that is exempt from ERP permitting or associated with a permitted dock with no defined
  boat slip or attached to a bulkhead on a parcel of land where there is no other docking structure;
- Are not used for any commercial purpose or for mooring vessels that remain in the water when
  not in use, and do not substantially impede the flow of water, create a navigational hazard, or
  unreasonably infringe upon the riparian rights of adjacent property owners;
- Are constructed and used so as to minimize the adverse impacts to submerged lands, wetlands, shellfish areas, aquatic plant and animal species, and other biological communities, including locating such structures in areas where seagrasses are least dense adjacent to the dock or bulkhead: and
- Are not constructed in areas specifically prohibited for boat mooring under conditions of an ERP permit or other form of authorization issued by a local government.<sup>31</sup>

Structures that meet this exemption criteria are typically made of lightweight materials that float and do not have posts or structures that disturb the sovereign submerged lands below.

Structures that qualify for this exemption are not required to obtain permission to use or occupy lands owned by the Board, and, with certain exceptions, may not be subject to any more stringent permitting requirements, registration requirements, or other regulation by any local government.<sup>32</sup> Local governments may require either permitting or one-time registration of floating vessel platforms.<sup>33</sup>

## Effect of the Bill

The bill allows a municipality or county to adopt an ordinance that establishes a slow speed, minimum wake boating-restricted area if the area is within 500 feet of a sewage pumpout station at any public or private nonresidential marina if the sewage pumpout station is within 100 feet of the marked channel of the Intracoastal Waterway.

The bill revises the ERP permitting exemption for floating vessel platforms and floating boat lifts to specify local governments may only require a one-time registration for a floating vessel platform where the owner of such platform self-certifies compliance with the ERP exemption criteria to ensure compliance with ordinances, codes, state-delegated or state-mandated plans or programs, which may not be applied more stringently than, or inconsistent with, the ERP exemption criteria for certain floating vessel platforms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> S. 403.813(1)(s), F.S.; Rule 62-330.428, F.A.C.

<sup>32</sup> In

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> S. 403.813(1)(s), F.S.

# II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

		None.
	2.	Expenditures:
		None.
B.	FIS	SCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:
	1.	Revenues:
		None.
	2.	Expenditures:
		None.
C.	DIF	RECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:
	No	ne.
D.	FIS	SCAL COMMENTS:

A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

None.



# MIAF - 2023 Regular Session

Ordered by Bill Number

Ordered by Bill Number		
HB 0027	Judgment Liens by Benjamin	
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee	
	Actions	
	04/27/2023 HOUSE Enrolled Text (ER) Filed	
HB 0041	Land Development Initiative and Referendum Processes by Garcia (A)	
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee	
	Actions	
	05/01/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to SB 856	
SB 0054	Land Acquisition Trust Fund by Rodriguez	
	<b>Current Committee of Reference:</b> Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, an General Government	
	Actions	
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government	
SB 0076	State Park Campsite Reservations by Hooper	
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee	
	Actions	
	04/04/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0109; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 0109	
HB 0083	Yacht and Ship Brokers by LaMarca	
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee	
	Actions	
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee	
SB 0100	Mangrove Replanting and Restoration by Garcia (I)	
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Rules	
	Actions	
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Rules	
HB 0109	State Park Campsite Reservations by Canady	
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee	
	Actions	
	06/08/2023 Bill to be Discussed During the Office of EDR's Measures Affecting Revenue Conference 06/13/23, 10:00 am, 117 K (No Votes Will Be Taken)	
HB 0111	Flooding and Sea Level Rise Vulnerability Studies by Hunschofsky	
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee	

	Actions
	06/13/2023 Approved by Governor
HB 0129	Requiring Broader Public Support for Constitutional Amendments or Revisions by Roth
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Rules
HB 0135	Land Acquisition Trust Fund by Mooney, Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
SB 0150	Public Safety by Collins
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	03/29/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0543; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 0543
SB 0172	Safe Waterways Act by Berman
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Health Policy
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Health Policy
HB 0175	Everglades Protection Area by Busatta Cabrera
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee
HB 0177	Safe Waterways Act by Gossett-Seidman
	Current Committee of Reference: House Health Care Appropriations Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Health Care Appropriations Subcommittee
SB 0192	Everglades Protection Area by Avila
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Messages
HB 0215	Possession or Use of a Firearm in a Sensitive Location by Rayner-Goolsby
	Current Committee of Reference: House Criminal Justice Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Criminal Justice Subcommittee
HB 0261	Boating Safety by Botana

	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Rules
HB 0277	Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels by Hinson
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	01/20/2023 HOUSE Withdrawn prior to introduction
SB 0288	Florida Main Street Program and Historic Preservation Tax Credits by DiCeglie
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Appropriations
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Appropriations
SB 0320	Land Acquisition Trust Fund by Harrell
	<b>Current Committee of Reference:</b> Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
SB 0346	Public Construction by DiCeglie
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/25/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-134
HB 0371	Management and Storage of Surface Waters by Killebrew
HB 0371	Management and Storage of Surface Waters by Killebrew  Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 0371	· ·
HB 0371	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 0371 HB 0383	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee  Actions
HB 0383	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee  Actions  05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/SB 346
HB 0383	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee  Actions  05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/SB 346  Yacht and Ship Brokers by Hooper
HB 0383	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee  Actions  05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/SB 346  Yacht and Ship Brokers by Hooper  Current Committee of Reference: Senate Fiscal Policy
HB 0383	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee  Actions  05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/SB 346  Yacht and Ship Brokers by Hooper  Current Committee of Reference: Senate Fiscal Policy  Actions
HB 0383	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee  Actions  05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/SB 346  Yacht and Ship Brokers by Hooper  Current Committee of Reference: Senate Fiscal Policy  Actions  05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Fiscal Policy
HB 0383	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee  Actions  05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/SB 346  Yacht and Ship Brokers by Hooper  Current Committee of Reference: Senate Fiscal Policy  Actions  05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Fiscal Policy  Apalachicola Bay Area of Critical State Concern by Shoaf
HB 0383	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Actions  05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee  Public Construction by Griffitts Jr.  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee  Actions  05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/SB 346  Yacht and Ship Brokers by Hooper  Current Committee of Reference: Senate Fiscal Policy  Actions  05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Fiscal Policy  Apalachicola Bay Area of Critical State Concern by Shoaf  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee

SB 0418	Incurence by Dorm
3D 0410	Insurance by Perry  Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	06/12/2023 Approved by Governor
HB 0423	Implementation of the Recommendations of the Blue-Green Algae Task Force by Cross
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 0439	Land Use and Development Regulations by McClain
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/CS/SB 1604
SB 0456	Possession or use of a Firearm in a Sensitive Location by Berman
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Criminal Justice
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Criminal Justice
HB 0487	Department of Financial Services by Salzman
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/25/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-144
HB 0489	Professional Licensing Requirements for Barbers and Cosmetologists by Chambliss
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died on Second Reading Calendar
HB 0505	Insurance by Berfield
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/01/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/CS/SB 418
HB 0527	Office of the Blue Economy by Skidmore
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
HB 0543	Public Safety by Brannan III
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	04/03/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-18
SB 0546	Restoration of Osborne Reef by Avila

	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee			
	Actions			
	04/27/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0641; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 0641			
HB 0547	Land Acquisition Trust Fund by Sirois			
	<b>Current Committee of Reference:</b> House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee			
	Actions			
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee			
HB 0549	Operating Vehicles and Vessels Under the Influence by Casello			
	Current Committee of Reference: House Criminal Justice Subcommittee			
	Actions			
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Criminal Justice Subcommittee			
HB 0559	Land Acquisition Funding by Roth			
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee			
	Actions			
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Agriculture & Natural Resources Appropriations Subcommittee			
HB 0561	Mangrove Replanting and Restoration by Mooney, Jr.			
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee			
	Actions			
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee			
HB 0571	Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels by Hinson			
	Current Committee of Reference: House Criminal Justice Subcommittee			
	Actions			
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Criminal Justice Subcommittee			
HB 0641	Restoration of Osborne Reef by LaMarca			
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee			
	Actions			
	05/24/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-126			
HB 0701	Wrecker and Towing-Storage Operators by Bell			
	Current Committee of Reference: House Infrastructure Strategies Committee			
	Actions			
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Infrastructure Strategies Committee			
SB 0702	Apalachicola Bay Area of Critical State Concern by Simon			
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee			
	Actions			
	05/01/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0407; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 0407			

SB 0712	Motor Vehicle Sales by Avila
3B 07 12	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/02/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0637; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 0637
HB 0713	Administrative Procedures and Permitting Process Review by McFarland
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died on Second Reading Calendar
SB 0724	Seagrass Restoration Technology Development Initiative by Boyd
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/11/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-47
SB 0728	Liveries by Garcia (I)
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Rules
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Rules
HB 0739	Disposal of Food Waste Material by Cassel
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 0822	Specialty License Plates/Paddling in Florida by Berman
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Transportation
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Transportation
HB 0847	Floating Vessel Platforms and Floating Boat Lifts by Stark
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/25/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-151
SB 0876	Review of Employment Contracts by Stewart
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Commerce and Tourism
SB 0952	Employer Coverage of Gender Dysphoria Treatment by Ingoglia
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Health Policy
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Health Policy
HB 0987	Public Deposits by Botana

	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died on Second Reading Calendar
HB 1003	Fill Material for Reclamation Activities by Truenow
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 1013	COVID-19 Mandates and Treatment Options by Griffitts Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/SB 252
HB 1015	Pub.Rec./COVID-19 Mandates and Treatment Options by Griffitts Jr.
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/02/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/CS/SB 238
SB 1028	Professional Licensing Requirements for Barbers and Cosmetologists by Stewart
02 1020	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Criminal Justice
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Criminal Justice
SB 1044	Photographic Evidence of Illegally Taken Wildlife, Freshwater Fish, and Saltwater Fish by Marti
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Environment and Natural Resources
SB 1082	Vessels by DiCeglie
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/02/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0847; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 0847
HB 1103	Boating-restricted Areas by Tramont
	Current Committee of Reference: House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee
SB 1124	Employment of Ex-offenders by Calatayud
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Rules
	Actions
	Actions 05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Rules

	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources				
	Actions				
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Environment and Natural Resources				
HB 1147	Resilience Districts by Buchanan				
	<b>Current Committee of Reference:</b> House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee				
	Actions				
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee				
HB 1157	Fishing and Hunting by Melo				
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee				
	Actions				
	04/28/2023 HOUSE Enrolled Text (ER) Filed				
SB 1158	Department of Financial Services by DiCeglie				
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee				
	Actions				
	04/28/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0487; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 048				
HB 1161	Venomous Reptiles by Abbott				
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee				
	Actions				
	05/24/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-129				
SB 1170	Flooding and Sea Level Rise Vulnerability Studies by Calatayud				
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee				
	Actions				
	05/01/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0111; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 011				
HB 1181	Seagrass Restoration by Robinson (W) Jr.				
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee				
	Actions				
	05/01/2023 HOUSE Laid on table, refer to CS/CS/SB 724				
HB 1197	Land and Water Management by Maggard				
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee				
	Actions				
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee				
SB 1200	Resilience Districts by Grall				
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Community Affairs				
	Actions				
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Community Affairs				

	Current Con	nmittee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions	The terest of th
	05/05/2023	HOUSE Died in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 1230	Fill Material	for Reclamation Activities by Brodeur
	Current Con	nmittee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions	
	05/05/2023	SENATE Died in Environment and Natural Resources
HB 1265	Employer Co	overage of Gender Dysphoria Treatment by Yarkosky
	Current Con	nmittee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions	
	05/05/2023	HOUSE Died in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
HB 1287	Universal Re	egulatory Sandbox by Giallombardo
	<b>Current Con</b>	nmittee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions	
	05/05/2023	HOUSE Died in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
HB 1289	Pub. Rec. ar	nd Meetings/Regulatory Sandbox by Giallombardo
	<b>Current Con</b>	nmittee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions	
	05/05/2023	HOUSE Died in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
SB 1298	Endangered	and Threatened Species by Jones
	<b>Current Con</b>	nmittee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions	
	05/05/2023	SENATE Died in Environment and Natural Resources
SB 1314	Boating-rest	tricted Areas by Wright
	Current Con	nmittee of Reference: Senate Community Affairs
	Actions	
	05/05/2023	SENATE Died in Community Affairs
SB 1336	Disposal of	Food Waste Materials Study by Polsky
	Current Con General Gov	nmittee of Reference: Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and ernment
	Actions	
	05/05/2023	SENATE Died in Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
SB 1360	Public Depo	esits by Ingoglia
	•	nmittee of Reference: Senate Banking and Insurance
	Actions	
	05/05/2023	SENATE Died in Banking and Insurance

HB 1367	Unlawful Dumping by Altman
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	O6/12/2023 Signed by Officers and presented to Governor (Governor must act on this bill by 06/27 /23)
SB 1368	Unlawful Dumping by Wright
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/01/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 1367; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 1367
HB 1379	Environmental Protection by Steele
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/30/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-169
HB 1385	Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements by Basabe
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 1390	Universal Regulatory Sandbox by Martin
	<b>Current Committee of Reference:</b> Senate Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development
SB 1392	Public Records and Meetings/Universal Regulatory Sandbox by Martin
	<b>Current Committee of Reference:</b> Senate Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development
HB 1403	Protections of Medical Conscience by Rudman
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/01/2023 HOUSE Laid on Table, refer to CS/SB 1580
SB 1410	Requiring Broader Public Support for Constitutional Amendments or Revisions by Gruters
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Ethics and Elections
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Ethics and Elections
HB 1443	Disqualification from Licensing, Permitting, or Certification Based on Criminal Conviction by Waldron

	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
SB 1484	Office of the Blue Economy by Pizzo
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Commerce and Tourism
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Commerce and Tourism
HB 1489	Designation of Brevard Barrier Island Area as Area of Critical State Concern by Altman
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	O6/12/2023 Signed by Officers and presented to Governor (Governor must act on this bill by 06/27 /23)
HB 1491	Marine Encroachment on Spaceflight and Military Operations by Altman
	Current Committee of Reference: House Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Local Administration, Federal Affairs & Special Districts Subcommittee
SB 1502	Vessel Owner and Operation Requirements by Rodriguez
	<b>Current Committee of Reference:</b> Senate Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
HB 1505	Outstanding Florida Springs by Grant
	Current Committee of Reference: House Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Water Quality, Supply & Treatment Subcommittee
HB 1521	Facility Requirements Based on Sex by Plakon
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/17/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-106
SB 1538	Implementation of the Recommendations of the Blue-Green Algae Task Force by Stewart
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Fiscal Policy
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Fiscal Policy
HB 1559	Review of Employment Contracts by Campbell
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions

	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
SB 1574	Judgment Liens by Rouson
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	04/27/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0027; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 0027
SB 1580	Protections of Medical Conscience by Trumbull
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/11/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-57
HB 1587	Taking of Bears by Shoaf
	Current Committee of Reference: House Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 HOUSE Died in Agriculture, Conservation & Resiliency Subcommittee
SB 1602	Storage of Firearms in Private Conveyances and Vessels by Rouson
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Criminal Justice
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Criminal Justice
SB 1604	Land Use and Development Regulations by Ingoglia
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/05/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-31
SB 1640	Installation of Waterway Markers by Gruters
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Environment and Natural Resources
SB 1664	Economic Programs by Hooper
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/03/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 0005; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 0005
SB 1666	Marine Encroachment on Spaceflight and Military Operations by Wright
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security
SB 1674	Facility Requirements Based on Sex by Grall
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions

05/02/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 1521; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 1521

SB 1686	Designation of Brevard Barrier Island Area as an Area of Critical State Concern by Wright
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	04/27/2023 SENATE Read Second Time; Substituted for HB 1489; Laid on Table, Refer to HB 1489
SB 1702	Mitigation Credits by DiCeglie
	Current Committee of Reference: Senate Environment and Natural Resources
	Actions
	05/05/2023 SENATE Died in Environment and Natural Resources
HB 7003	OGSR/Water Management District Surplus Lands by Ethics, Elections & Open Government Subcommittee
	Current Committee of Reference: No Current Committee
	Actions
	05/11/2023 Approved by Governor; Chapter No. 2023-74
RRS2	Tourism Development by Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Current Committee of Reference: House Regulatory Reform & Economic Development Subcommittee
	Actions
	03/30/2023 HOUSE Committee Bill Filed as HB 7053

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